

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 12/8/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

On 12/7/64 the Chicago Office, through a mail drop maintained for CG 5824-S*, received the following communication from CG 5824-S* postmarked Prague, Czechoslovakia, 12/3/64. The text of this communication was as follows:

"Dear Norma:- (Chicago drop box)

"Sometimes a delay is a blessing in disguise. I finally got a nights sleep. I guess this trip doubled the mileage thus far and the variety of planes was interesting. We are hoping to be able to fly later to-day. (12/3/64 to Moscow)

"The trip is proving very productive checking on orders and possibilities but the final results will depend on the quality of the material and if it is up to our American standards. The people here (in Prague, Czechoslovakia) are very nice and treating our sales party well. Of course the big deals /we hope/ are still hard to predict and still remain to be finalized.

1-3-Bureau (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
RWH:MDW
(5)

REC-35

11 DEC 15 1964

Approved: *MJ/ey*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 DEC 18 1964

CG 134-46 Sub B

"I just want to say hello and send my love to all the family.

"This looks like a Xmas city show on the ground and the windows are all dressed up for the holidays. I may even pick up a few books for the grand children and mail them though I doubt that they will arrive in time - but it's worth a try.

"Again with all my best especially to the lovely little woman

"As always

"Henry (CG 5824-S*)

"December 3rd 1964"

In addition to the foregoing, CG 6653-S on 12/6/64 advised SA RICHARD W. HANSEN that she also had received a brief note from CG 5824-S* which had been postmarked 12/4/64, Shannon, Ireland, which had been received by her at another drop maintained for CG 5824-S*. CG 6653-S stated that the note indicated that while CG 5824-S* had arrived over London on schedule 11/30/64, his plane circled the city for four hours but due to heavy fog was unable to land. As a result, his Pan American flight was re-routed to Shannon, Ireland. CG 5824-S* further noted that it appeared that weather conditions were improving and that they would be able to continue the flight that date, 12/4/64.

The above is for the information of the Bureau and New York. It is suggested that if New York has not previously made this information known to NY 694-S*, that such be passed on to him at the earliest possible time.

~~TOP SECRET~~

CG 134-46 Sub F

him was the "interest" or "profit" on that promissory note he had invested in with \$7,500 of CP, USA reserve funds in October, 1963. (For details of this transaction, see reCGlets dated November 5 and 7, 1963.)

He also informed HALL that the initial amount of \$7,500 which had been invested in this promissory note had now been returned and restored to the reserve funds. It was at this point that HALL remarked, "This is exactly what I have meant all along and this is why I personally want you to invest this money. You are the only one who has really shown how to make a profit with this money." HALL again called CG 5824-S* "timid" when it comes to investing other people's money. He criticized him for being "overcautious" and afraid to invest, even though it was not his money and although he apparently had the contacts and plenty of opportunity.

On November 18, 1964, according to CG 5824-S*, while meeting with HALL privately in New York City for briefings on the 17th Solo Mission, HALL again raised with him this question of investment of reserve funds. According to the source, HALL almost demanded that CG 5824-S* immediately find some way of investing "that \$20,000" which he had previously authorized. Source told HALL that he had been giving this matter of investments very serious thought and was looking into all available possibilities. He told HALL that he had a couple of possibilities in mind for investment but in connection with such investments was confronted with how to handle the tax problem which would be involved with any profits arising from such investments. Source said he pointed out to HALL that if he made such an investment in his own name as HALL had indicated, that he should on a number of occasions, and if this investment was profitable, as he hoped, the question of payment of income tax on such investment return must be covered. He told HALL that under today's accounting method utilized by the Internal Revenue Service, it would be impossible to hide interest, stock dividends, or almost any type of income derived from investments. He told HALL that the tax would necessarily have to be paid in order to avoid embarrassment to the Party. He then asked HALL if he could supply him with some individuals in whose names a substantial investment could be recorded and with someone who could justify such an investment and be trusted to keep the confidence as well as the Party's interest in this matter. He

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

told HALL that if he could provide him with such people, then he could probably invest the \$20,000 immediately. HALL responded, "Hell, I can't help you with such people. I got my own tax problem and I can't come up with people of the required means which I need. You just got to go ahead and handle it yourself. When the tax problem comes up, you can find a way."

In discussing this matter of investment being demanded by HALL with SA RICHARD W. HANSEN on November 24, 1964, CG 5824-S* stated that he "can no longer resist HALL's pressures" and if he did he would jeopardize this operation and also jeopardize HALL's confidence in him as well as his own peculiar position within the CP. He stated that he felt that he had to invest the funds as demanded by HALL immediately and if necessary in his own name before he departed on the 17th Solo Mission scheduled November 29, 1964. He noted that because of investment ventures in which both he and his wife, CG 6653-S are already involved and quite successfully involved, and because of CG 6653-S's established position in the financial field, the investment of a sum like \$20,000 in his own name would not cause any suspicions as to the source of such money. He stated that \$20,000 would not be considered large when related to the overall investments currently held by CG 6653-S. He added that their present personal financial situation could readily justify an investment of this size at this time.

The source then went on to note that if he did invest such money as HALL requested, he is of the opinion that HALL hoped for and would undoubtedly expect a return of at least 5%.

In this connection, CG 5824-S* stated that he felt that he probably could, through a current family venture, get the type of return desired by GUS HALL but that if he did not prove out this way, he would be more than willing to personally make up any differences between the actual return on the investment and the desired 5% from his own pocket just in order "to get HALL off my back." He stated that ~~there was~~ at this time, he believed, the possibility of making the type of investment which he felt HALL desired and this would be an investment in some bank stock in a bank, the control of which was just taken over by a highly successful holding company in Chicago, of which is brother-in-law is Chairman. He added that since the holding

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

company took over control of this bank, the First National Bank of Lincolnwood, 6401 North Lincoln, Lincolnwood, Illinois, a Chicago suburb, his brother-in-law has now become Chairman of this bank. He said that he and CG 6653-S already hold several thousand shares of the stock of this bank and that there is, in addition, a limited offering open to a select few including himself for some additional shares of stock. He stated that on November 27, 1964, he was to talk to his brother-in-law on the above matter concerning the availability of such bankstock. If it looked favorable, he might invest the funds that HALL demanded him to invest.

On November 28, 1964, the day before CG 5824-S*'s departure on the 17th Solo Mission, he advised that he had spoken to his brother-in-law, IRVING PROJANSKY, and at this time his brother-in-law had agreed to secure an equivalent of \$20,000 worth of stock in the First National Bank of Lincolnwood, Lincolnwood, Illinois, such stock now selling at \$25 per share and have such stock issued in CG 5824-S*'s name. His brother-in-law at this time indicated that there was excellent growth possibility in this bank stock and that he personally would guarantee a 5% return on this investment, that is, if it was necessary to liquidate before the stock growth had developed. However, under such an agreement the voting rights to this stock would have to be given over to the holding company. However, his brother-in-law informed him that it was almost a certainty that within one year the value of this stock would rise perhaps \$1 to \$2 which would be better than a 5% gain.

In view of the above and because of the urgency connected with this matter and his imminent departure on the Solo Mission, CG 5824-S* did on November 28, 1964, invest the \$20,000 of CP, USA reserve funds in the stock of the First National Bank of Lincolnwood, Lincolnwood, Illinois. He will receive approximately 800 shares of stock which, based on current market value, is \$25 and a few cents. The stock certificate for the actual number of shares purchased will be issued in the near future and turned over to CG 6653-S who will place it with other CP monies.

CG 5824-S* noted that while he had hoped to avoid personal and family involvement in this matter, he stated he had found it impossible to do so because of press of time and pressure of HALL. He felt that the entire transaction was undesirable from his own point of view but as there was, in his estimation, an emergency situation with the need for some positive results, he took the course of action as described.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

SAC, Chicago (134-46 Sub F)

12/14/64

REC- 48
Director, FBI (100-428091) 4387

1 - Mr. Donohue
1 - Mr. Shaw

SOLO EX-101
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurlet 12/2/64.

Relet states that on 11/28/64, CG 5824-S* invested \$20,000 of reserve funds of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), in stock of the First National Bank of Lincolnwood, Illinois. This transaction was made through informant's brother-in-law, Irving Projansky, who advised that it was almost a certainty that within one year the value of the stock would be better than a five per cent gain. Relet also stated that CG 5824-S* hoped to avoid any dealings which might tie into family relationships, however, Gus Hall badgered informant into taking immediate action relative to investing the \$20,000 and informant was of the opinion that Hall would expect a return of at least five per cent on this investment. Relet notes that in view of the fact that CG 5824-S* considered this to be an emergency situation with the need for some positive results, he took the aforementioned course of action.

In order that the Bureau may be fully apprised of all details regarding this transaction, you are requested to advise as to whether the stock certificate will be in the name of CG 5824-S* or CG 6653-S.

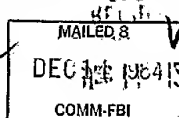
The Bureau appreciates the necessity which prompted CG 5824-S* to take the above course of action in investing \$20,000 of the reserve funds of the CPUSA. However, it is desired that your office clear with the Bureau prior to permitting CG 5824-S* to make substantial investment of Party funds. Your office should give consideration to some course of action, commensurate with the security of CG 5824-S*, which would preclude the Party from receiving any substantial returns on its investments.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

WGS:pah
(5)

NOTE:

In 9/64 Gus Hall met with CG 5824-S* and placed considerable pressure on informant to invest some of the Party's reserve funds in ventures that would produce a profit for the



Classified by 73 J...
Exempt from GDS, Category 2/3
Date of Declassification Indefinite

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~SECRET~~

(CONTINUED PAGE TWO)

Letter to Chicago

Re: SOLO
100-428091

~~TOP SECRET~~
NOTE CONTINUED:

Party. Hall ordered informant to immediately invest \$20,000. Hall again met with CG 5824-S* in mid-October, 1964, and was furious upon learning informant had not as yet taken any steps to invest Party funds. Informant explained the difficulties involved in this situation pointing out that the question of payment of income tax on such investments must be covered. Informant asked Hall to supply him with some individuals in whose names a substantial investment could be recorded and who could be trusted to look out for the Party's interest. Hall refused to do this, telling informant "you find a way." In view of the fact that CG 5824-S* was to depart on Solo Mission 17 on 11/29/64 and knowing that Hall would expect to have these funds invested immediately and would expect at least a 5 per cent return, informant felt that only through a current family venture could he safely make the type of investment Hall demanded. Accordingly, informant invested the \$20,000 through his brother-in-law who is Chairman of the First National Bank of Lincolnwood. Informant noted he would be more than willing to personally make up any differences between the actual return on the investment and the desired 5 per cent from his own pocket just to get Hall "off his back." We have given this matter of investing Party funds much thought in order to arrive at some course of action which would preclude the Party from receiving any returns on its investments. However, unless informant handles these funds per Hall's instructions, it is possible Hall will place these funds in other hands. If this happens we will lose control of the disposition of these funds. However, Chicago is being requested to be alert for some course of action which would frustrate the Party in its efforts to realize some return on its investments.

DEC 14 4 06 PM '64

COMMUNIST
4 01

- 2 -

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

12/15/64

CODE

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Shaw

TO SAC NEW YORK (100-134637)

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (100-428091)

SOLO, INTERNAL SECURITY - C.

REURTEL DECEMBER FOURTEENTH LAST REQUESTING BUREAU AUTHORITY FOR NY SIX NINE FOUR-S ASTERICK TO TRANSMIT PERSONAL MESSAGE TO CUBAN PREMIER FIDEL CASTRO. AUTHORITY GRANTED FOR INFORMANT TO SEND MESSAGE SET FORTH IN RETEL TO CASTRO. KEEP BUREAU FULLY APPRISED OF ALL DEVELOPMENTS IN THIS MATTER.

WGS:pah
(6)

NOTE:

See memorandum Mr. W. C. Sullivan to Mr. F. J. Baumgardner, dated 12/15/64, captioned same, prepared by WGS:pah.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 15 1964

TELETYPE

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

65 DEC 18 1964

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

REC-48

100-428091-4388

DEC 16 1964

REC-1
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 11/25/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

Pursuant to signal, previously agreed upon, NY 694-S* personally met with his Soviet contact VLADIMIR A. CHUCHUKIN at Uncle Elliott during the late evening of 11/24/64. At this meeting, CHUCHUKIN advised that he wanted NY 694-S* to deliver a most confidential verbal message to GUS HALL. The message, given verbally by CHUCHUKIN, indicated that the date of the preparatory conference scheduled for December 15, 1964, in Moscow was not definite as yet, but within the next several days a letter will be dispatched to GUS HALL advising him of the date of the conference and the additional points of the agenda. CHUCHUKIN stated that the date of the conference was undecided because the recent meeting between the Soviets and the Chinese in Moscow was not a good one. CHUCHUKIN stated that although the Soviets proposed to stop the open polemics between them and the Chinese, the latter refused to do so. The Chinese insisted that the Soviet Union must stop catering to the United States and that the Soviets must remove from their policy the question of peaceful coexistence with all countries, and particularly, the peaceful coexistence between the Soviet Union and the United States. CHUCHUKIN stated that the Chinese indicated that they will in no way participate nor attend the coming preparatory conference if one is held.

- 3 - BUREAU (RM)
1 - CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) (AM RM)
1 - NY 134-91 (Inv) (41)
1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

JDO:mfd (#41) Memo-Bureau to NY 100-134637
(9)

has to Run. He can't be sure yet. 100-428091-4389
11-30-64

DEC 16 1964

Approved: [Signature] Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 DEC 18 1964

NY 100-134637

At this meeting CHUCHUKIN stated that in the near future ANDREI GROMYKO will visit the U.S. and while here will attempt to have a discreet meeting with GUS HALL. He stated the Soviets were disappointed that GUS HALL did not attend their recent embassy celebration.

CHUCHUKIN and NY 694-S* made arrangements to test their micro-transmitter and agreed to have a test run of the equipment at Goldsmith Brothers department store, NYC, on 12/9/64, according to particulars set forth in NY airtel, 9/28/64.

During the night of 11/24/64, NY 694-S* furnished the above messages to GUS HALL who instructed him to also inform CG 5824-S* of the messages before the latter leaves for Moscow. HALL also gave NY 694-S* a copy of a 16mm film which he described as a propaganda film which the CPUSA is showing throughout the country to play up the "unjust war" in Vietnam. HALL instructed NY 694-S* to deliver this film immediately to CG 5824-S* so the latter can show it to the Soviets for the purpose of giving them some idea about what the CPUSA is doing with the money they receive. This film copy is being enclosed herewith to Chicago for delivery to CG 5824-S*.

HALL also indicated that from information he has received he does not think he, HALL, will be able to obtain a passport at this time because if he presses for one the Government will "make it tough for him." NY 694-S* advised that a visa is waiting for CG 5824-S* at the Soviet Embassy in Prague.

Calif. { The aforementioned film contains an interview of Senator WAYNE MORSE, which was produced by GEORGE GRENVILLE for the Californians for Liberal Representation on the occasion of an award dinner at which Senator MORSE was the recipient of the ESTES KEFAUVER award. In the interview, Senator MORSE was critical of the Administration's policy concerning Vietnam.

NY 100-134637

This was reviewed by NYO and appears to be of no investigative value, and therefore no action is being taken relative to reproduction especially in view of time element involved.

F B I
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Matter to be Taken Up with Representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union Concerning Estate of One Fedosy Kogut, Detroit, Michigan."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN on 11/29/64.

Also enclosed herewith for the Bureau is a Xerox copy of the newspaper clipping furnished by CARL WINTER and referred to in the enclosed informant's statement. This newspaper clipping sets forth full details of the will referred to and background on FEDOSY KOGUT.

1-4 ③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
2-Chicago
(1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-21)

RWH:MDW
(6)

REC 20 100-428091-4390

11 DEC 18 1964

4 ENCLOSURE

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 DEC 23 1964

MATTER TO BE TAKEN UP WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE
COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION CONCERNING
ESTATE OF ONE FEDOSY KOGUT, DETROIT, MICHIGAN

Carl Winter, upon the instructions of Gus Hall, General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), during the latter part of November, 1964, made available a newspaper article entitled, "Art Institute Left \$250,000 in Will of Retired Grocer," which had appeared on page 2-A of the "Detroit Free Press," March 22, 1963. The article identified the deceased grocer as Fedosy Kogut and indicated that he had left an estate valued at \$365,000 and that the estate was being administered by one attorney Alan N. Brown of Detroit, Michigan.

Winter noted in connection with the above probate of Kogut's estate, that apparently someone representing the Soviet Union was now contesting Kogut's will since that individual had no living heirs in the United States but had relatives still in the Soviet Union. Winter felt that this matter should be discussed with representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) and that it should be suggested to them and they should be encouraged to discontinue their efforts to contest the will. Winter stated that he had been informed that if the efforts to contest the will were discontinued, the art institute in Detroit would be more than willing to set up a special art section at the institute dealing with all forms of Russian art. Winter stated that it was both his and Gus Hall's opinion that if such a Russian art exhibit was set up, it could have a definite beneficial effect in establishing a better understanding between the American and Soviet peoples.

ENCLOSURE (1) TO BUREAU FROM CHICAGO

Xerox copy of newspaper clipping re
estate of FEDOSY KOGUT referred to
in informant's statement captioned
"MATTER TO BE TAKEN UP WITH REPRESENTA-
TIVES OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE
SOVIET UNION CONCERNING ESTATE OF ONE
FEDOSY KOGUT, DETROIT, MICHIGAN"

RE: SOLO
IS-C

Bufile 100-428091
CGfile 134-46 Sub B

Transmitted via CGairtel to Bureau dtd
12/8/64

100-428091-4390

Art Institute Left \$250,000 in Will Of Retired Grocer

An unobtrusive retired Ukrainian grocer who lived meagerly "because I don't need very much," willed \$250,000 to the Detroit Institute of Arts Thursday in a final quest for immortality.

In his will submitted to Probate Judge Ernest C. Boehm, the late Fedosy Kogut asked that the bulk of his \$365,000 estate be given to the institute.

Kogut, who was 67 when he died Jan. 30 in Herman Kiefer Hospital of complications following treatment for tuberculosis, asked attorney Alan N. Brown to make a bequest expressing his admiration for culture and his love for Detroit.

"He wanted to show his attachment to the city and his respect for the arts," Brown recalled.

"When I suggested to him he leave a large sum to the Institute as sort of a memorial, he smiled and said, 'I'd like that.'"

BROWN SAID Kogut seemed to know he was dying when he made the will in the hospital on Jan. 7.

"When I told him that he

may want the money himself when he got out of the hospital. He told me, 'If I live, I can change it.'"

Kogut, who came to Detroit from the Ukraine in 1922, operated a small grocery store on St. Antoine near Receiving Hospital until he retired several years ago.

A bachelor with a few close friends, he lived in various furnished rooms near downtown Detroit. He spent his leisure reading Russian and Ukrainian language papers and visiting with cronies at the Russian-American Citizen's Club of Wayne County, 4401 E. McNichols.

"He was a bright man, full of native intelligence," Brown said. He grasped anything he became interested in quickly. Brown said Kogut speculated heavily in stocks of growing companies.

When he died, \$34,000 of his estate was in bank deposits or a safety deposit vault. Most of this was stock dividends.

THE REMAINDER of the estate was in such blue chip stocks as Detroit Edison and Pepsi Cola.

Brown said Kogut admired the arts and occasionally attended lectures or visited the Institute.

"He was handsome for his age," Brown said. "He was always clean-shaven and neat. He was a very quiet warm person who listened carefully."

Brown said none of Kogut's friends had any idea of his wealth and he kept his finances a closely guarded secret.

"He was not a miser," the attorney said. "He said he didn't need much to live on and didn't want to spend money on things he didn't need."

IN OTHER bequests, Kogut left \$20,000 to Herman Kiefer Hospital; \$12,500 each to three sisters and two nieces living in his native village of Senowyn Lenowelsky, the Ukraine; \$2,000 to his nurse at Herman Kiefer, Ernestine Hendrix; \$3,000 to the Citizens Club and \$5,000 to operate a Russian language newspaper in New York City.

His three close friends were not forgotten for the hours of conversation over steaming cups of coffee.

Nicholas Wierzeski, of 8908 Michigan, Roman Bromlek, of 8110 Monticue, and Nicholas Chomiak, of 11674 Nagel, Hamtramck, will get \$10,000 each.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Tolson ☒
Belmont ☒
Mohr ☒
DeLoach ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
Evans ☒
Gale ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Conrad *JCS*

DATE: December 14, 1964 *wjw*

FROM : C. F. Downing

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Handwritten notes:
1. Major
B. 12/15/64
5-Shipper

ff
Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 12/14/64, transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at which time a message, NR 176 GR 23, was intercepted.

The plain text and cipher text are attached.

The New York Office is aware of the contents.

ACTION:

For information.

Handwritten: L

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)
- 1 - Mr. Downing
- 1 - Mr. Newpher
- 1 - Mr. Paddock

Handwritten: HS:mmg
RUP (8) mmd
Signature: [illegible]

REC 20

Handwritten: 100-428091-4391

11 DEC 18 1964

DEC 16

Handwritten: 100-428091

65 DEC 22 1964

ENCLOSURE

21570 46061 06943 06423 32516 26212 12890 53373 62729 62746
52253 61348 38547 16800 46938 42927 43665 71568 55175 81348
24187 78172

PLEASE SEE SISTER CAROL ^{OR} LOUTHURSDAY DECEMBER #17#1. ACKNOW.
EDGE BY PHONE TODAY. 15666

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE
100-428091-4391

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE

FBI NEW YORK

9-04 PM

URGENT 12-14-64

DAE

TO DIRECTOR -18-

100-428091-ENCODED

FROM NEW YORK 100-134637

SOLO.

TELETYPE

DEC 14 1964

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

ON TWELVE FOURTEEN SIXTY FOUR NY SIX NINE FOUR-S ASTERISK ADVISED
SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON AS FOLLOWS.

NY SIX NINE FOUR-S ASTERISK RECENTLY DISCUSSED WITH GUS HALL,
GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE CPUSA, THE FACT THAT WHEN THE INFORMANT WAS
IN CUBA IN MAY NINETEEN SIXTY FOUR HE HAD AGREED WITH FIDEL CASTRO THAT
THE CPUSA AND CASTRO-S PARTY ATTEMPT TO MAINTAIN CONTACT THROUGH THE
CUBAN MISSION TO THE UN IN NYC. THE INFORMANT ALSO DISCUSSED THE FACT
THAT TO DATE, SINCE NY SIX NINE FOUR-S ASTERISK CONTACT WITH CASTRO,
BEATRICE JOHNSON, THE CPUSA REPRESENTATIVE TO CUBA, HAS BEEN
UNSUCCESSFUL IN MAKING CONTACT WITH CASTRO. IN AN ATTEMPT TO EFFECT
CONTACT WITH CASTRO AND THE CUBAN PARTY, THE INFORMANT AND HALL AGREED
TO SEND TO CASTRO A BOOK OF POETRY, EDITED BY WALTER LOWENFELS, ENTITLED
"THE NEW AMERICAN ANTHOLOGY," WITH THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE ON THE FLYLEAF
OF THE SAID BOOK.

"TO MY DEAR AND ESTEEMED COMRADE CASTRO...

"ON THIS, THE ANNIVERSARY OF YOUR GLORIOUS REVOLUTION, AND
THE ADVENT OF A NEW YEAR, COMRADELY GREETINGS TO YOU COMRADE FIDEL
AND THE HEROIC PEOPLE OF CUBA, TO YOU WHO HAVE STIRRED THE HEARTS
AND MINDS OF MEN AND POETS THE WORLD OVER.

END PAGE ONE
65 DEC 22 1964

MR. BELMONT FOR THE DIRECTOR

DEC 18 1964

Memo: Bureau to Sullivan with info to NY 12/15/64

*John A. Sizoo
Barnes*

*100-428091-4392
MURPHY
500*

PAGE TWO.....

"MAY THE NEW YEAR BRING YOU NEW SUCCESSES IN YOUR BUILDING OF SOCIALISM- AND NEW VICTORIES FOR THE FORCES OF PEACE, PROGRESS, AND SOCIALISM EVERYWHERE.

"ACCEPT MY HEARTIEST CONGRATULATIONS.

"COMRADELY, GUS HALL".

NY SIX NINE FOUR-S ASTERISK HAS DECIDED TO SEND THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE TO CASTRO IN HIS OWN NAME, AND DESIRES BUREAU AUTHORITY TO DO SO.

"FIDEL CASTRO FIRST SECRETARY OF THE P. U. R. S.

"DEAR COMRADE FIDEL CASTRO-

" GAIN MAY I CONVEY TO YOU THE PERSONAL GREETINGS OF MY GENERAL SECRETARY GUS HALL, AND ADD TO THEM MY FIRM HANDSHAKE AND EMBRACE. INDEED, IT IS STILL UNFORTUNATE THAT THE BARRIER-U. S. IMPERIALISM- PREVENTS US FROM HANDING THESE GREETINGS TO YOU IN PERSON, AND FROM EXPRESSING PERSONALLY THE WARMTH AND ESTEEM WE FEEL FOR YOU WHOM WE SO ADMIRE, AND OUR HEARTFELT FEELINGS AND FELICITATIONS ON THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE CUBAN REVOLUTION.

"COMRADE GUS HALL WAS MOST EXICTED AND PLEASED WHEN I MADE A REPORT TO HIM OF MY JOURNEY TO REACH YOU LAST MAY AND OF MY TALKS WITH YOU. PARTICULARLY WAS HE MOST PLEASED WITH YOUR REACTION TO THE NEED OF BETTER CONTACT AND FOR CLOSER RELATIONS. HE FEELS THAT YOUR CONTINUED

END PAGE TWO.....

CORR L1 W4 YEAR

PAGE THREE.....

INTEREST IN US, AND AN OCCASIONAL INDICATION OF YOUR PARTY-S CONCERN WITH RESPECT TO OUR ACTIVITIES, WRITINGS AND PUBLICATIONS WOULD BE MOST GRATIFYING, FOR IT WOULD INSPIRE US TO WORK EVEN MORE DILIGENTLY FOR CUBA AND AGAINST OUR COMMON ENEMY - U. S. IMPERIALISM.

"YOU WILL RECALL OUR DISCUSSING YOUR NEED FOR ESSENTIAL MEDICINES. UPON MY RETURN, I LEARNED THAT THIS MATTER COULD BE HANDLED, BUT I WAS UNSUCCESSFUL IN CONTACTING YOU DIRECTLY IN ORDER TO ASCERTAIN WHAT YOUR NEEDS WERE AT THE TIME. IF THERE IS STILL AN URGENT NEED FOR THESE MEDICINES, AND IF WE CAN BE OF ASSISTANCE, PLEASE CONTACT ME THROUGH THESE SAME CHANNELS- YOUR UNITED NATIONS MISSION DELEGATION.

"AGAIN ACCEPT MY SINCERE COMMUNIST GREETINGS AND CONGRATULATIONS ON THE ANNIVERSARY OF YOUR REVOLUTION, THE CUBAN REVOLUTION.

"SALUD.

"JACK BROOKS N. C. C. P. U. S. A."

NY SIX NINE FOUR-S AS ASTERISK ADVISES THAT HE HOPES TO MAKE SOME ARRANGEMENTS WHEREBY HE CAN DELIVER THE ABOVE MENTIONED BOOK OF POETRY AND THE ABOVE LETTER TO ERNESTO CHE GUEVARA, CUBAN MINISTER OF INDUSTRY, PRESENTLY APPEARING BEFORE THE UN, FOR TRANSMISSION TO FIDEL CASTRO.

END PAGE THREE.....

~~CORR L7-W4-CONTACTING~~

PAGE FOUR.....

IN THE EVENT THAT HE CANNOT CONTACT CHE GUEVARA FOR THIS PURPOSE, THE INFORMANT INTENDS TO ATTEMPT TO SEND THE ABOVE TO CASTRO THROUGH SOME OTHER MEMBER OF THE CUBAN DELEGATION TO THE UN. HE DESIRES, HOWEVER, THAT BEFORE DOING SO HE BE ADVISED BY THE BUREAU WHETHER OR NOT THE CONTENT OF HIS LETTER TO CASTRO MEETS WITH BUREAU APPROVAL.

THE NYO WOULD APPRECIATE AN IMMEDIATE REPLY FROM THE BUREAU WITH RESPECT TO THIS MATTER.

END

OMS FBI WASH DC

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

M. Shaw

~~TOP SECRET~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 07-2012

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

The Acting Attorney General

December 21, 1964

Director, FBI

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Reddy
1 - Mr. Shaw

The following information received from sources which have furnished reliable information in the past is being brought to your attention as a matter of possible interest.

In its initial reaction to the request of the Department of Justice for a new trial under the provisions of the Internal Security Act of 1950, the Communist Party, USA, has instituted an emergency campaign of protest to the President, members of Congress and the Department of Justice. In addition, the Communist Party, USA, has requested prominent individuals, as well as other communist parties of the world, to issue statements expressing amazement that the United States Government is continuing to attack the legal rights of American citizens under the "infamous" Internal Security Act of 1950.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, this communication has been classified "~~Top Secret~~." The above information is being furnished to the President.

100-428091

1 - The Deputy Attorney General

REC-42

100-428091-4393

WGS:pah
(9)

ST-108

11 DEC 21 1964

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See New York airtel 12/16/64, captioned "Solo" IS-C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

GROUP 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

65 DEC 23 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-3-31)

12/15/64

SAC, NEW YORK (100-3324)

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

ReBulet, 12/9/64 and NY letter 8/11/64, under
"SOLO, IS-C" caption.

As was indicated in referenced New York letter the mail drop maintained under the name HERBERT AMERSON, PO Box 209, Church Street Station, New York, NY, was discontinued in April, 1963 but was allowed to remain in existence because NORMAN FREED and the World Marxist Review occasionally used this box for transmitting material to NY 694-S*.

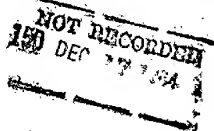
Since April, 1963, PO Box 209 has received mail on only two occasions and in discussing this matter with NY 694-S* it was agreed that this PO Box be discontinued. NY 694-S* stated that in his next communication to NORMAN FREED he will advise the latter of the discontinuance of PO Box 209 and that FREED should continue to utilize the MICHAEL KERNAN box for all mail. NY 694-S* agreed that, since little or no mail has been received at the PO Box 209 drop, it would be advisable as a security precaution to drop it at this time. NY 694-S*, during this discussion, in no way, was made aware of KERNAN's interest in PO Box 209.

It is contemplated that the HERBERT AMERSON PO Box 209 will be discontinued on or before December 31, 1964.

- 3 - Bureau (RM)
(1 - 100-423091)
- 2 - Chicago (100-33729) (RM)
(1 - 134-46-Sub B)
- 1 - New York (100-154037)
- 1 - New York (41)

JFO:bcm

34 DEC 21 1964
FIVE (7)



ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-3-31-121541

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan *WCS*

DATE: December 10, 1964

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner *FJB*

SUBJECT: SOLO

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

NY 694-S* recently received a message from his Soviet contact, Vladimir Chuchukin, that Andrei Gromyko, Soviet Foreign Minister, desired to hold a discreet meeting with Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA.

NY 694-S* advised Gus Hall of the above-mentioned message and pursuant to instructions from Hall, NY 694-S* on 12/7/64 sent a message to Chuchukin advising that Hall had suggested that his meeting with Gromyko take place at the Soviet United Nations Delegation Building. Hall requested that he be notified ten days in advance of the date of the scheduled meeting so that he will be in New York City on that date and in a position to attend the meeting.

ACTION:

For information. No dissemination is contemplated at this time in view of the possible danger to the security of NY 694-S*. We will follow this matter closely to see if Hall meets with Gromyko and if developments are such as to make dissemination of this information possible.

100-428091

WGS:pah
(6)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Shaw
- 1 - Mr. Branigan

REC-47

ST-108

100-428091-4394
DEC 21 1964

SENT DIRECTOR
12-11-64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-312773

100-312773
DEC 21 1964
65 DEC 23 1964

Place
100-312773
Andrei Gromyko

DO-7

FROM

D

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

MR. TOLSON _____ ()
MR. BELMONT _____ ()
MR. MOHR _____ ()
MR. DELOACH _____ ()
MR. CASPER _____ ()
MR. CALLAHAN _____ ()
MR. CONRAD _____ ()
MR. EVANS _____ ()
MR. GALE _____ ()
MR. ROSEN _____ ()
MR. SULLIVAN _____ ()
MR. TAVEL _____ ()
MR. TROTTER _____ ()
MISS HOLMES _____ ()
MISS GANDY _____ ()

SEE ME _____ ()
NOTE AND RETURN _____ ()
PREPARE REPLY _____ ()
SEND MEMO TO ATTORNEY GENERAL _____ ()
FOR YOUR RECOMMENDATION _____ ()
WHAT ARE THE FACTS? _____ ()
HOLD _____ ()

REMARKS:

DEC 14 1 55 PM '64

FBI 12/16/64

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

On 12/16/64, there was received from the Soviets via radio a ciphered-coded message, the plain text of which is as follows:

"Gus Hall is invited to meet Gromyko at reception in delegation building on December 18, 1964."

It will be noted, as reflected in NYairtel 12/7/64, GUS HALL had requested the Soviets to arrange a meeting for him with GROMYKO at the Soviet U.N. Delegation building.

1- Bureau (RM)
1 - Chicago (134-46 Sub B) (AMR)
1 - NY 134-91-INV (#41)
1 - NY 100-134637 (#41)

ACB:IM
(7)

REC-10

100-428091-43 95

18 DEC 22 1964

Approved: 5146
65 DEC 21 1964 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: December 15, 1964

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

This is to recommend that NY 694-S*, who serves as the liaison contact between the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), and other communist parties of the world, be authorized to transmit a personal message to Cuban Premier Fidel Castro in an effort to establish contact between the Castro regime and the CPUSA.

You will recall that in May, 1964, NY 694-S* was in Cuba on Solo Mission 15, and on that occasion conferred with Castro. The purpose of informant's mission was to improve relations between the Castro regime and the CPUSA. Castro readily agreed to establish personal contact with NY 694-S* and Beatrice Johnson, CPUSA representative in Havana, Cuba, through Dr. Rene Vallejo, a Cuban official, and suggested that important documents be transmitted to him through the Cuban delegation to the United Nations (UN). However, efforts to date to maintain contact with the Castro regime have been unsuccessful.

CPUSA General Secretary Gus Hall recently discussed with NY 694-S* the problem of maintaining contact with the Castro regime. In this connection, Hall instructed informant to send Castro a book of poetry by Walter Lowenfels along with a personal greeting from Hall. NY 694-S* is of the opinion that this will afford informant the opportunity of sending a personal message to Castro and requesting that Castro establish contact with informant through the Cuban delegation to the UN. New York requests Bureau authority for NY 694-S* to transmit to Castro the message which is set forth on page 2 of the attached teletype from New York dated 12/14/64.

NY 694-S* hopes to make arrangements whereby he can transmit the book of poetry along with his personal message to Castro via Ernesto Che Guevara, Cuban Minister of Industry, who is presently appearing before the UN. In the event, NY 694-S* is unable to make contact with Guevara, the informant intends to send the above material to Castro via some other member of the Cuban delegation to the UN.

OBSERVATION:

NY 694-S* is of the opinion that the sending of his personal message to Castro will serve to reopen channels between the Castro regime and the CPUSA. Informant will then be in the

CONTINUED--OVER

Enclosure
WGS:pah

(5)

INT. SEC.

65 DEC 24 1964
100-428091

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
Re: SOLO
100-428091

position of receiving firsthand reports from the Castro regime concerning important events within Cuba. This will permit us to keep abreast of developments in Cuba, and place us in a position to disseminate to top Government officials information which is vital in shaping our foreign policy.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached teletype be sent to New York authorizing NY 694-S* to transmit his personal message to Castro.

WYS
do
WYS
WYS
do
sent - 1/15/64
Jan
OK -
it
V.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 12/14/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

On 12/14/64, there was received from the Soviets, via radio, a ciphered message, the text of which is as follows:

"Please see Sister Carol on Thursday, 12/17. Acknowledge by phone today."

The above reflects that the Soviets desired to make a "drop" contact on Thursday, 12/17/64, and desired that the informant acknowledge the receipt of this message on 12/14/64.

On 12/14/64, NY 694-S* advised that he received several messages from the Soviets, via the secondary channel, ISIDORE GIBBY NEEDLEMAN, the said messages being partially coded.

The plain text of the messages is as follows:

"1. To Gus Hall, Urgent.

"On the instructions of the CCCPSU, we would like to inform you that by this time most of the Communist Party members on the Editorial Commission have agreed to postpone the conference of the Editorial Commission and to make public the text of the announcement about that.

"In the USSR press on 12/12, we are planning to publish the text of the announcement regarding the postponement of the conference. The text of the announcement was given to you in the CCCPSU letter dated 11/24."

3 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Chicago (134-46-Sub B) (AM RM)
1 - NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
1 - NY 100-134637 (41)
ACB:rvs/msb
(9)

REC-10

100-428091-4397

18 DEC 22 1964

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 DEC 24 1964

NY 100-134637

"2. To Gus Hall.

"Beatrice Johnson made a request for her invitation to the Soviet Union for medical treatment and rest.

"We would like you to inform us whether you consent to include her in the quota."

"3. Moore and his wife can depart for medical treatment in accordance with the quota at any time.

"Please notify us about the date of their departure, route, and where they would like to receive visas. Instructions were given to our Washington, D. C. Embassy."

"4. USSR public organizations were able to invite only three persons from 'Russky Golos' and from the 'Russian Mutual Aid Society of Chicago.' As a result of correspondence with the above-named organizations, Yakhontov, Radzl, and Harbin were included in the group. As for Tarlovsky, at present it is impossible to include her in addition to this group. Tarlovsky can go as a tourist. She will receive necessary attention on the part of USSR public organizations."

It is to be noted that as reflected in NY airtel 10/31/64, messages #2, 3 and 4 in instant communication were received in identical form from the Soviets on 10/30/64. Apparently the Soviets have repeated these messages by reason of the fact that the CPUSA has not as yet replied thereto.

~~SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

December 21, 1964

BY LIAISON

Solo

Honorable Bill D. Moyers
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Reddy
1 - Mr. Shaw

Dear Mr. Moyers:

The following information received from sources which have furnished reliable information in the past is being brought to your attention as a matter of possible interest to the President.

In its initial reaction to the request of the Department of Justice for a new trial under the provisions of the Internal Security Act of 1950, the Communist Party, USA, has instituted an emergency campaign of protest directed to the President, members of Congress and the Department of Justice. In addition, the Communist Party, USA, has requested prominent individuals, as well as other communist parties of the world, to issue statements expressing amazement that the United States Government is continuing to attack the legal rights of American citizens under the "infamous" Internal Security Act of 1950.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, this communication has been classified "~~Top Secret~~". The above information is being furnished to the Acting Attorney General.

Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hoover

SENT DIRECTOR

12-19-64

~~TOP SECRET~~

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

only
Telecom
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

100-428091

WGS:pah
(8)

DEC 24 1964

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Bill D. Moyers

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See NYairtel 12/16/64, captioned "Solo, IS-C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 12/16/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Remytelephone call to New York 12/16/64.

On 12/16/64, [] provided SA RICHARD W. HANSEN with a letter written by CG 5824-S* postmarked Bombay, India, 12/11/64, and transmitted to a Chicago mail drop maintained by CG 5824-S*. This letter, together with the interpretation thereof by the Chicago Office which appears in the parentheses, was as follows:

December 11, 1964

Dear Lydia (Chicago mail drop),

Since a friend (apparently CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, Chicago, who was proceeding via Moscow to Bombay to attend the Communist Party (CP) of India Congress) was going to Bombay -- for the fun of it, I wanted to see how long a letter by air can travel 2/3 around the globe.

I am trying very hard to get back in time for Xmas, it is only a 50-50 chance, but it may still be. Of course it depends on the business at hand. I will not be able to neglect most of it even if I have to wait for the managers of the departments (leading representatives of the CPSU) to get back from exhibitions (trips, vacations, etc.).

1-813RB
 ③ - Bureau (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (RM)
 1 - Chicago

RWH:kzh
 (5)

REC-23

100-428091-4399

DEC 23 1964

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 DEC 29 1964

CG 134-46 Sub B

The weather delay (in London) and the holiday (apparently November 7) in Milwaukee (Moscow) delayed things considerably.

Despite weather and climate I am bearing up fairly well. I hope you are well and not too lonesome. I also hope Mr. Broadman (GUS HALL) is not too impatient. I will cut my buying trips (stops in other socialist countries) on the way back but I may have to go to at least two different places before the orders are in for New York.

What else? I wish I had some news, but that will have to wait until all contracts (requests for subsidies by various CPs including CP, USA for funds in 1965) are signed (approved).

Since Mr. Bass (NORMAN FREED, CP of Canada representative to the World Marxist Review, Prague, Czechoslovakia) is also traveling, I will drop a note to Lydia -- He will also see Miss Claudette (CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT) while on the same tour (to the CP of India Congress).

Well all my best and lots of love. If I do not make it for the holiday have a very merry one and best wishes for my friends and relatives.

Yours, Yogi (CG 5824-S*)

P.S. Mr. Bass (FREED) will send a note to Mr. Perch (NY 694-S*) in N.Y. and regards from Mr. Good (CG 5824-S*).

The above is for the information of the Bureau and New York.

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-65405)

DEC 14 1964

SAC, NEW YORK (65-17696)

TRACING OF AMERICAN MONEY USED BY
SOVIETS IN ESPIONAGE OPERATIONS
ESP-R
(OO: NEW YORK)

EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED WITH RESPECT
TO DISSEMINATION OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN INASMUCH AS BY
ITS NATURE SAID INFORMATION TENDS TO IDENTIFY NY 694-S*,
A VALUABLE INFORMANT, AS THE SOURCE UNLESS THIS INFORMATION
IS OBTAINED FROM A SOURCE OTHER THAN NY 694-S*. IT SHOULD
NOT BE INCLUDED EVEN IN PARAPHRASED FORM IN THE INVESTIGA-
TIVE SECTION OF A REPORT.

As the Bureau is aware, NY 694-S* on 8/5/64,
received \$300,000 from VLADIMIR CHUCHUKIN his Soviet
principal. This money consisted of \$50.00 and \$20.00
notes.

When the above \$300,000 was broken down into
Federal Reserve Districts and series, the following was
reflected:

\$50.00

<u>A</u>	<u>Boston</u>
1934	12
1934A	1
1934B	1
1950	13
1950A	26
1950B	56
1950C	<u>22</u>
Total	131

- 4- Bureau (RM)
 (1- 100-423091) (SOLO)
 (1- 100-3-63) (CP, USA Funds)
1- New York (100-134637) (SOLO)
1- New York (100-74560) (CP, USA Funds)
1- New York

67 DEC 23 1964
(7)

NOT RECORDED
165 DEC 15 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN 65-17696-1088

NY 65-17696

B

1928A
1934
1934A
1934C
1934D
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C
1950D

New York

5
97
31
9
11
300
260
1139
290
2

Total

2144

C

1928
1934
1934C
1934B
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C

Philadelphia

1
19
5
6
36
67
121
18

Total

273

D

1928
1928A
1928F
1934
1934A
1934B
1934C
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C

Cleveland

1
1
1
27
5
2
4
24
42
49
14

Total

240

NY 65-17536

B

Richmond

1934
1934A
1934B
1934C
1935
1935A
1935B
1935C
1935D

3
3
3
3
3
3
3
3
3

Total

25

F

Atlanta

1933
1934
1934A
1934B
1935

1
10
1
1
20

Total

34

G

Chicago

1932A
1934
1934A
1934B
1934C
1934D
1935
1935A
1935B
1935C
1935D

1
21
1
1
1
1
1
1
1
1
1

Total

34

NY 65-17696

H

St. Louis

1950
1950A
1950B
1950C

6
12
21
7

Total

46

I

Minneapolis

1934
1935
1950C

3
10
2

Total

15

J

Kansas City

1934
1934B
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C

3
2
7
3
23
5

Total

43

K

Dallas

1934
1934A
1934B
1934C
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C

1
3
2
1
32
37
70
75

Total

229

NY 65-17626

L

San Francisco

1923	1
1924	33
1934B	3
1950	63
1950A	20
1950B	113
1950C	43
1950D	11

Total 254

\$20.00

A

Boston

1923B	1
1924	1
1934B	2
1934C	2
1934D	1
1950	20
1950A	20
1950B	11
1950C	41

Total 105

B

New York

1923	1
1923B	1
1924	5
1934A	30
1934B	12
1934C	9
1934D	4
1950	133
1950A	23
1950B	157
1950C	130
1950D	43

Total 2116

NY 65-17526

C

Philadelphia

1934
1934A
1934B
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C
1950D

2
3
3
30
20
30
13
1

Total

107

D

Cleveland

1933
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C
1950D

1
13
20
50
60
7

Total

153

E

Richmond

1933B
1934A
1950C
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C
1950D

1
3
2
27
40
122
500
36

Total

630

NY 65-17653

五

Atlanta

1934
1934B
1934C
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C
1950D

3
1
1
13
23
114
114
1

Total

576

Chicago

1931A
1931C
1931D
1931E
1931F
1931G
1931H
1931I

0
1
10
20
153
3
53

Total

233

三

St. Louis

1934
1934C
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C

114
1524

Total

51

NY 65-17593

F

Minneapolis

1934
1934C
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C

1
1
5
6
14
8

Total

35

J

Kansas City

1934
1934C
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C

1
1
1
6
19
35
31

Total

93

K

Dallas

1934C
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C

1
9
14
35
13

Total

72

L

San Francisco

1934
1934A
1934C
1950
1950A
1950B
1950C
1950D

6
14
3
107
60
102
177
22

Total

503

NY 65-17693

The above chart disclosed that the NY FND had the largest number of \$50.00 notes that were originally issued from any FND with 2144 (53.4%). The Chicago FND was the second largest with number of \$50.00 notes issued with 342 (8.53%). The San Francisco FND was the third highest with number of \$50.00 notes issued with 224 (7.11%).

The chart disclosed that the NY FND had the largest number of \$20.00 notes that were originally issued from any FND with 2116 (42.43%). The Richmond FND was the second largest with number of \$20.00 notes issued with 633 (16.05%). The Atlanta FND was the third highest with number of \$20.00 notes issued with 576 (11.53%).

It is interesting to note that the \$300,000 given to the CP, USA by the Soviets on 8/5/44, consisting of \$50.00 and \$20.00 notes that 53.4% of the \$50.00 notes were issued from NY FND and 42.43% of the \$20.00 notes were issued from NY FND. This is consistent with the Soviet activities in the past few years where the bulk of the currency used by them has originated from the NY FND.

When the \$50.00 and \$20.00 notes were compared against the list of money which was issued to the Soviets in NY and HQ, no identification was effected.

When the \$50.00 and \$20.00 notes were compared against the index of CP and Soviet bloc espionage money maintained in captioned case, it was observed in numerous instances that these notes fell into close proximity with currency in the index.

The asterisk denotes those \$50.00 and \$20.00 notes furnished to the CP, USA, on 8/5/44, by the Soviets,

1934 Series

\$50.00

<u>Serial Number</u>	<u>Received By</u>	<u>Date Received</u>
FO1713550A	CP	
FO1713552A	*	

NY 65-17605

1953 Series

\$20.00

<u>Serial Number</u>	<u>Received By</u>	<u>Date Received</u>
G01295663A G01295663A	CP *	3/27/53
	<u>\$20.00</u>	
G00125403B G00125403B	CP *	9/17/52
D11023417C E11023417C	CP *	1/4/52

As the original notes involved are not available the exact significance of the above 3 identical notes is not known, however, the NYO will remain alert for any such incidents in the future with a view towards determining if the above identification might have some pertinence with regard to this case.

The notations "CP" under the captioned "Received By" in the above chart denotes instances where the Soviets have furnished funds to the CP, USA. Other notations under the caption "Received By" are instances where funds have been recovered in Double Agent operations, i.e., Russia; Ru, Rumanian etc.

Information concerning comparison against the Index is not to be put forth in report form or dissemination memorandum without Bureau authority.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/9/64

Transmit the following in AIRTEL
(Type in plain text or code)Via REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

ReBureau airtel 12/9/64.

Referenced Bureau airtel states that the Bureau continues to be gravely concerned that the information being furnished by [redacted] relative to CHUCHUKIN and his CPUSA contact could seriously jeopardize the security of NY 694-S*.

The operation of [redacted] is of such a delicate nature that any action taken upon information furnished by him constantly places him in jeopardy. It is necessary to thoroughly plan each and every move based upon information furnished by this source to make certain that any action taken based upon information furnished by this source reduces to the barest possible minimum any possibility that this source will be compromised. It is also necessary to make certain that any source or informants currently active in the Soviet field are in no way jeopardized as a result of the Bureau's dealings with this informant. At no time has [redacted] been advised that it was possible for the Bureau to accomplish any specific ends as a result of information furnished by him with the exception of several specific instances involving cases which have been prosecuted or are to be prosecuted in the future. This includes the Solo operation.

- 4- Bureau (RM)
 (105-104811 FEDORA)
 1- [redacted]
 1- New York (105-45740 CHUCHUKIN)
 1- New York
 EFG/mbf
 (10)

REC-23

100-428091-4400

14 DEC 17 1964

Approved: [Signature] Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 DEC 21 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-104811-

NY 100-134637

Since the inception of the Bureau's relationship with [redacted] he has always shown an interest in knowing what value information furnished to the Bureau has been in terms of identifying Soviet agents. Replies to these inquiries on this informant's part have always been of a very casual non-committal nature, which only serve to inform [redacted] that the information was of some value. [redacted] interests in knowing what value information furnished by him has been to the Bureau quite possibly relates to his motive for cooperating with the Bureau. However, his motive has never been definitely established, although, he does display a sincere desire to be of assistance to the Bureau. He seems to take great pleasure in assisting in the identification of Soviet agents by the Bureau and of course his monetary rewards are directly related to the value of the information which he furnishes. b7D

Throughout the operation of [redacted] he has many times offered comments and advice as to how specific information should be handled, specifically dealing with the advisability of surveilling Soviet nationals on a given occasion. While the opinions of this informant have always been considered, at no time has he been permitted to direct Bureau operations in the Soviet field and he is well aware that his suggestions are not followed on many occasions. b7D

With specific regard to VLADIMIR CHUCHUKIN and NY 694-S* and the possibility that [redacted] will furnish information concerning a meeting between CHUCHUKIN and NY 694-S* in sufficient time to permit coverage of such a meeting, it is the opinion of this office that [redacted] would respect the decision of the Bureau with regard to any coverage to be afforded to CHUCHUKIN. [redacted] can be told in response to inquiry that CHUCHUKIN is extremely surveillance conscious and cannot be surveilled successfully or that CHUCHUKIN succeeded in evading a surveillance subsequent to the time that a surveillance of him was initiated. This informant is never aware of the results obtained from investigation based upon information furnished by him and there would be no need to acquaint him with the results of investigation based upon information he might furnish in connection with CHUCHUKIN. The only exceptions involved prosecution. b7D

In order to further protect NY 694-S* it is believed that infrequent specific inquiry about CHUCHUKIN should be

NY 100-134637

made of [] thereby indicating to [] continuing interest in this Soviet as a further indication that this Soviet's activities have not become sufficiently known to the Bureau.

With regard to [] keen interest in CHUCHUKIN, consideration must be given to the fact that this informant has voluminous information dealing primarily with the Scientific and Technical Branch of the KGB, New York Residency. This has resulted in a great deal of investigative activity being directed toward Soviet nationals in this particular branch and their agents. This in turn has created a very definite security problem for [] and in order to overcome this security problem, the informant has seized upon every possible opportunity he has to obtain information about the activities of one of the other branches of the KGB, New York Residency. CHUCHUKIN as a member of the Political Branch of the KGB, New York Residency, is of keen interest to the informant as it would serve informant's purpose to assist the Bureau in identifying one or more of CHUCHUKIN's agents. While there has been no indication of personal animosity between informant and CHUCHUKIN, there is a possibility that informant has some dislike for CHUCHUKIN and looks favorably upon an opportunity to furnish information concerning him. b7D

With regard to CHUCHUKIN's concern when he met NY 694-S* on 11/27/64, this office believes that the espionage trial of JOHN W. BUTENKO and IGOR A. IVANOV then in progress in Newark, New Jersey, could have been responsible for CHUCHUKIN's concern. During that trial there were questions concerning wiretaps and informants left unanswered in a manner which could possibly have been subject to some conclusion that there were in fact wiretaps and informants used in connection with that case. This conclusion could have been reached by individual Soviets and in this case could have been reached by CHUCHUKIN. FBI techniques in investigating espionage cases, particularly from a surveillance standpoint were also thoroughly exposed in this trial and were bound to make Soviet nationals more cautious in their current operations. b7D

In the last analysis the security aspects in the operation of [] and NY 694-S* as they are related to one another only [] at such time as [] should be compromised and relate information to the Soviets about information he has furnished to the Bureau. Should this occur

NY 100-134637

b7D

the KGB would be forced to re-evaluate the status of all agents operated out of the KGB New York Consulate and this would of course include NY 694-S*. Every possible effort is being made to avoid the possibility of compromise of [redacted] but this is always a possibility. In the absence of any compromise of this informant, there appears to be no possibility of a breach of security based upon [redacted] own knowledge of his relationship with the Bureau as he would only serve to compromise himself were he to endeavor to be of assistance to the KGB by using his knowledge of his relationship with the Bureau for this purpose.

The security of NY 694-S* will be constantly borne in mind in the handling of [redacted] and any information furnished by this informant concerning NY 694-S* Soviet principal will be immediately considered in the light of the security of both of these informants by personnel handling the SOLO operation, CHUCHUKIN, and [redacted]

b7D

In summation, the Agents handling [redacted] as well as the supervisory staff intimately concerned with his information are of the opinion that this source has shown no more than the normal amount of interest in the results we have achieved based on information furnished by him regarding CHUCHUKIN's agent. He recognizes of course that when he furnishes us with a telephone number whereby CHUCHUKIN might receive a signal approximately fifteen minutes prior to his meeting with the agent that this is very valuable information and it would be relatively simple, in his opinion, to identify CHUCHUKIN's agent. Therefore, we feel that we should handle this information in the same manner as any other data received from FEDORA concerning which he might inquire at a subsequent meeting. He does this quite frequently in an off-hand fashion and he is merely told that this was very helpful and we found his information most interesting. The matter is then dropped and he never pursues further. UACB we will continue to handle the information received in the future regarding this situation in the same manner as we have done in connection with all information furnished by FEDORA, unless some unusual circumstances exist in which event the Bureau would be consulted.

b7D

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. Conrad *SL*

FROM : *SL* C. F. Downing

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

DATE: December 16, 1964

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

fw

Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 12/16/64 transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at which time a message, NR 287 GR 28, was intercepted.

Plain text and cipher text are attached.

The New York Office is aware of the contents.

ACTION:

For information.

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)
- 1 - Mr. Downing
- 1 - Mr. Newpher
- 1 - Mr. Paddock

FJC:mmg

4, (8)

1 ENCLOSURE
65 DEC 29 1964

11 DEC 23 1964

DEC 23 1964

12/16/64

65427 88197 29585 35733 43731 04483 98369 69051 84806 92583
48053 71210 38085 09004 13370 34129 93931 45915 37900 58768
07499 54707 51372 63637 89589 50847 55207 44198

BIRCH IS INVITED TO MEET GROMYKO GROMYKO AT RECEPTION IN DE
LEGATION BUILDING ON DECEMBER 18#

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4401

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. Conrad *JK*

DATE: December 15, 1964

FROM : *JK* C. F. Downing

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

f On 12/15/64, the New York Office furnished the text of a message the informant desired to send and requested it be enciphered. The cipher text was furnished to New York on the same date.

The plain text and cipher text are attached.

ACTION:

For information.

JK
Blanchard
Buttner
BRANDEN
Boz

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)
- 1 - Mr. Downing
- 1 - Mr. Newpher
- 1 - Mr. Paddock

HS:mng
(8)
12/15/64
12/15/64
12/15/64

ENCLOSURE
FILE
65 DEC 29 1964

100-428091-4402
11 DEC 28 1964

11/20/64
NOV 20 1964

12/3/64

REFEREE. IN PRIVATE PERSONAL TALK BETWEEN EDWARD LAMB
EDWARD LAMB AND MYSELF, HE EXPRESSED GREAT ENTHUSIASM ABOUT
THIS TALKS AND CONTACTS WITH YOU IN THE MONTHS PAST. HOWEVER
HE IS PUZZLED ABOUT WHY YOU HAVE NOT GOTTEN IN TOUCH WITH HIM
LATELY. HE HAS BUSINESS AND SCIENCE PEOPLE WHO WOULD VISIT
SINCE ENTERPRISES AND TALK TO YOUR REPRESENTATIVES. BIR
CH.

05755 36631 04986 98041 95694 52270 72663 58096 28513 58405
45159 34864 65816 81210 82833 69152 33907 42378 34078 44598
05219 16483 49798 34543 98701 21345 68323 27931 26286 01662
58523 29294 58176 73886 10888 76042 45204 91984 15747 99735
98076 67417 83153 81605 41026 30913 41182 10827 09367 21182
19004 90482 58986 01647 68614 00446 60908 38711 51953 87632
26172 69772 98428 64459 32608 34305 06904 36157 45943 01647
62791 89561 28891 73811 27733 47233 28393 37991 01374 53072
53337 66194 70846 23457 65356 06074 90671 29258 39619 64551
69635 66549 97075

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4402

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. Conrad *JSW*

DATE: December 21, 1964 *we*

FROM : C. F. Downing

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

f Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 12/21/64, transmissions were intercepted by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at scheduled times and frequencies but no messages were transmitted.

ACTION:

For information.

- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)
- 1 - Mr. Downing
- 1 - Mr. Newpher
- 1 - Mr. Paddock

RL HS:drv

(7) *JSW*

AWB
65 DEC 29 1964

16

100-428091-4403

DEC 23 1964

WJG
DEC 23 1964

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 12/8/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - CBIA
RUBIN
HORN

R. W. SMITH

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 3 copies and for the New York Office 1 copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Information for Discussion with Representatives of the Polish United Workers Party Regarding a Will in Cleveland, Ohio."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished on 11/29/64 by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

- 1 and 8377
③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
2-Chicago
(1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-20

RWH:MDW
(6)

5-134-46 Sub B-20 (last)

Ryger

Set Chicago
12-14-64
WBS: psh
REC-23

100-428091-4404

DEC 23

Approved: mg/ly Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

INFORMATION FOR DISCUSSION WITH REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE POLISH UNITED WORKERS PARTY REGARDING A
WILL IN CLEVELAND, OHIO

During the latter part of November, 1964, Anthony Krchmarek, on the instructions of Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), furnished the following information which was to be taken up, if possible, with representatives of the Polish United Workers Party, also known as the Communist Party of Poland:

Recently, an individual who had long resided in Cleveland, Ohio, died leaving an estate valued at approximately \$70,000. This individual disposed of his property by will. When he died, he had two daughters, both residing in Cleveland, by the names of [redacted] and [redacted]. He also had a wife who resides in Poland named Mrs. Teodorja Stochmal, al Zwyciestwa 38/6, Gdansk, Poland. Under the law currently on the books in Ohio, Mrs. Stochmal, as the wife, would be entitled to a third of her husband's estate and the daughters entitled to individual one-third shares. The daughters are presently contesting the disposition of the property as provided in the will and it is suggested that the Polish authorities might also like to intervene on behalf of Mrs. Stochmal. Allegedly, the only amount that the administrators of the estate are now willing to give to Mrs. Stochmal is \$3,000. b7C b6

Both Hall and Krchmarek were of the opinion that perhaps if the Poles were successful in contesting this will and succeeded in getting Mrs. Stochmal the one-third share of the estate to which she is entitled, the Party here might indirectly benefit as the Poles might feel the Party here deserved some compensation for their assistance in this matter.

12/22/64

REFERENCE TUG PROGRAM FOR 1965. YOUR SATURDAY SCHEDULE
OR TUG CREATES SECURITY PROBLEM. IN COVE SATURDAY IS NOT WORKING
DAY. STRONGLY REQUEST FOR REASONS OF SECURITY SATURDAY
BE OMITTED AND REPLACED BY ANOTHER WEEKDAY. ON JANUARY 11,
DECEMBER 24 AND DECEMBER 31, 1965, NOT TUG DUE TO HOLIDAYS
FOR IDEAL SECURITY AND RECEPTION, SUGGEST TUG PROGRAM
HOURS 1300Z TO 1400Z GMT THROUGHOUT ENTIRE YEAR 1965.

64607 29788 30411 06531 03866 19795 04712 85382 01891 52595
27237 56478 59279 55576 51661 44779 44037 78358 25759 76649
53457 04258 76813 33294 73385 26074 63441 84620 40809 45422
81251 67153 75302 01570 95083 36246 25604 49985 98470 47209
50360 67557 10421 73258 53842 44842 44304 29625 08157 43720
38902 05474 47747 35183 58557 47274 51240 45145 68598 19097
99194 39104 23875 83811 84630 53294 48393 35781 84625 50825
31713 68922 45179 88835 01298 28859 92171 09029 85307 59768
13305 46010 10302 04078 41103 09774 40759 80405 18452 42720
33166 40179 51498 42973 56022 26291 35102 51720 24556 06796
38764 92393 52051 05583 39587 48913 52754 52644 92299 92062
71427 51829 26961 64034 77344 79522 16691 89560 79247 44969
79671

FORM 810
JANUARY AVE. CHICAGO, IL 60611

100-428091-4405
ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

F B I

Date: 12/21/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS-C

Boyle
DK

Pursuant to advice from his physician that, following his recent hospitalization, he should recuperate for several weeks in a warm climate, NY 694-S* advises that he has arranged to go to San Juan, Puerto Rico, on 1/5/65, and return to New York on or about 1/16/65. His wife will accompany him, and in San Juan they will stay at the Sheraton Hotel under their true names.

At the informant's request, if contact with him in San Juan become necessary, such contact will be made directly by telephone rather than through the San Juan office.

L

100-81323
 3 - BUREAU (RM)
 1 - CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) (AM RM) 1 - San Juan (RM)
 1 - NY 134-91 (Inv) (41)
 1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

REC-44

100-428091-4406

ACB:mfd
 (7)

11 DEC 30 1964

W
45

Approved: _____
 65 JAN 4 1965
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: December 24, 1964

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. R. C. Putnam

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

My memorandum dated 12/21/64, captioned "Counterintelligence Program; Internal Security - C," advised that Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, was to meet Andrei Gromyko, head of the Soviet delegation to the United Nations, 12/18/64, at the Soviet United Nations Mission. You were advised that because of security factors involving one of our top informants, no attempt would be made to publicize Hall's attendance and we would attempt to determine details of the meeting through NY 694-S*.

On 12/21/64 NY 694-S* determined the following through discussion with Hall:

Hall met with Gromyko for about one and one fourth hours after the formal reception at the Soviet Mission on 12/18/64. They conversed alone without an interpreter and Hall believes Gromyko did not understand much of what Hall said.

Gromyko told Hall nothing that had not already appeared in "The New York Times." Much of the conversation consisted of an exchange of pleasantries and, as far as Hall was concerned, the conference was "a complete waste of time."

Hall attempted to emphasize the need for strengthening the communist international movement and, while Gromyko shook his head indicating agreement, Hall was sure Gromyko did not have the faintest idea of what was being said. Hall is concerned about what Gromyko will report to the Soviets with respect to this conference, since he feels Gromyko had no idea of what Hall was talking about.

ACTION:

None. For information. Since the details of Hall's conference with Gromyko came to us through a most delicate source and contains no outstanding developments, it is believed that in the interests of the security of the source it should not be disseminated at this time. We will disseminate information concerning Hall's visit to the Soviet Mission on 12/18/64 in the company of five individuals with communist backgrounds to interested agencies of the Government.

100- 428091

5 JAN 4 1965
RCP:par

(5)

REC- 44

100-428091-4407
5- SAIR

11 DEC 30 1964

Date: December 10, 1964

To: Director, FBI

(Bufile: 100-428091 -)

Attention: ~~VIA COURIER~~

From: Legal Attache, Ottawa

(105-684)

Title	Character
COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA	IS - CANADA
09016	Reference
	Bulet to Ottawa 11/18/64

Enclosed are the following communications received from the [redacted] Two copies of [redacted] letter dated December 4, 1964; which is self-explanatory.

Remarks:

b7D

Dissemination

- ☐ May be made as received
☐ May be made as indicated by stamp on enclosure
☒ May not be made without further clearance with [redacted] b7D

Following offices would be interested in receiving copies of enclosures:

Status with this office:

- ☒ RUC
☐ Pending
 2 - Bureau (Encs.)
 sent in 8/13/65

MLI:MEG

XEROX (2) FILE

DEC 10 1964
JAN 7 1965

ENCLOSURE

Do not write in space below	
100-428091-4408	REC-2
DEC 15 1964	INTERFILED
JACQUES	UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN
NAT. INT. SEC.	
Classified	

EXP. PROC.

DEC-17-1964

100-3-81

100-108

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Conrad *JWC*

DATE: December 30, 1964

FROM : C. F. Downing *Ch*

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 12/30/64, transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at which time a message, NR 125 GR 66, was intercepted.

Plain text and cipher text are attached.

The New York Office is aware of the contents.

ACTION:

For information.

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)
- 1 - Mr. Frank
- 1 - Mr. Downing
- 1 - Mr. Newpher
- 1 - Mr. Paddock

HS:blh
(9) *blh*

REC-44

EX-108

100-428091-4409
11 JAN 4 1965

RECEIVED
JAN 4 1965

DEC 30 1 05 PM '64

ENCLOSURE
65 JAN 6 1965

30/64

NR 0125 GR 066

12/30/64

85866 79499 23053 20113 89043 14930 99408 60872 91425 74110
52268 82643 99125 85169 00142 38715 15281 75965 60029 72709
02254 26925 55723 08199 95824 89797 01010 86861 67728 35362
92619 94954 20243 65071 78663 40312 03318 61934 64078 99882
33255 35875 04287 12806 82741 12275 80410 32642 95503 43768
23779 60203 68044 05905 05034 39383 03740 15269 46278 42366
53322 39238 61642 49128 39332 27532

BEGINNING FROM JANUARY WE WILL START WORK ACCORDING TO NEW P
ROGRAMME. TIME IN JANUARY WILL BE ON TUESDAYS^D #1313#, #1333#,
#1353#, ON FRIDAYS #1304#, #1324#, #1344#. OTHER CHANGES W
ILL BE REPORTED TO YOU LATER. GSSSS

100-428091-4401

ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. Conrad *[Signature]*
FROM : C. F. Downing
SUBJECT: SOLO

DATE: December 28, 1964

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

[Handwritten initials]
Tolson ☒
Belmont ☒
Mohr ☒
DeLoach ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
Felt ☒
Gale ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

[Handwritten signatures and initials: "J.A. Sizoo", "B. G. Shaw", "5-508"]

Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 12/28/64 transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at which time a message, NR 393 GR 33, was intercepted.

Plain text and cipher text are attached.

The New York Office is aware of the contents.

ACTION:

For information.

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)
- 1 - Mr. Downing
- 1 - Mr. Newpher
- 1 - Mr. Paddock

HS:dry

(8)

ENCLOSURE

65 JAN 6 1965

REC-7

EX 110

11 JAN 4 1965

100-428091- 4410

0/28/64

NR 0393 GR 033

12/28/64

56198 16183 96772 65365 66332 31859 86263 22237 56818 76305
68093 89639 87883 75900 63236 86721 03988 15254 93161 32422
12122 18889 87603 12905 31113 66937 84747 45276 36449 14424
13298 21274 76405

DUE TO ADDITIONAL TASKS FROM BIRCH HUB WAS DELAYED IN HOTEL.
HE LOG FROM HOTEL TODAY, CAP IN COVE AT BEGINNING JANUARY. S
SSSS

100-428091-4410

ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/22/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS-C

ReNYairtel, 12/21/64, captioned as above, reflecting that GUS HALL had been invited to attend a reception at the Soviet UN Mission Headquarters on Friday, 12/18/64, for the purpose of conferring with ANDREI GROMYKO, Soviet Foreign Minister.

On 12/22/64, NY 694-S* advised as follows:

On the evening of 12/21/64, NY 694-S* contacted GUS HALL and discussed with the latter HALL's conference with GROMYKO at the Soviet UN Delegation. HALL stated that, so far as he was concerned, the conference was "a complete waste of time." He said that after the formal reception, he and GROMYKO talked for about 1½ hours. Most of the conversation was in the nature of an exchange of pleasantries. He stated that he and GROMYKO were alone, not even an interpreter being present, and that GROMYKO, in HALL's opinion, did not understand much of what HALL was saying.

1- 813 RQ
 3- BUREAU (RM)

1 - CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) (AM RM) (Inv) (41)
 1 - NY 134-91 (41)
 1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

ACB:mfd
 (9)

REC-55

11 JAN 4 1965

Approved: _____
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 6 1965

NY 100-134637

HALL stated further that so far as he was concerned GROMYKO told him nothing that HALL had not already read in the "New York Times." GROMYKO's conversation, for the most part, was a series of "you know this - you know that." HALL stated that he attempted to emphasize to GROMYKO the need for strengthening the Communist international movement and referred to the reaction of the late PALMIERO TOGLIATTI to the situation in the CPSU. He stated that TOGLIATTI had felt the need "for more democracy in the CPSU." GROMYKO shook his head, indicating agreement, but HALL felt sure that GROMYKO had not the faintest idea of what HALL was talking about.

HALL expressed concern about what GROMYKO might report to the Soviets in Moscow with respect to his conference with HALL inasmuch as GROMYKO, in his opinion, had no idea of what HALL was talking about. He wondered what kind of report the latter might submit to Moscow concerning HALL.

NY 694-S* asked HALL whether ERNESTO CHE GUEVARA, Cuban Minister of Industry, presently visiting the UN in NY, had made any attempt to confer with HALL. HALL stated that JAMES JACKSON had conferred with CHE GUEVARA, but CHE GUEVARA had made no suggestion that he meet with GUS HALL.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/16/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)~~SECRET~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-CALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISEClassified by 4461 5
Declassify on: OADR
12/12/83

On 12/16/64, pursuant to instructions from GUS HALL, General Secretary of the CPUSA, NY 694-S* transmitted to the Soviets through the secondary channel, ISIDORE GIBBY NEEDLEMAN, the following microfilm messages:

The following message was in cipher - code:

"CPSU

"In a private personal talk between Edward Lamb and myself, he expressed great enthusiasm about his talks and contacts with you in the months past. However, he is puzzled about why you have not gotten in touch with him lately. He has 31 business and science people who would visit the USSR enterprises and talk to your representatives.

"Gus Hall"

The above is a reference to EDWARD LAMB (Bufile 100-14646), industrialist and personal friend of GUS HALL, whom HALL had recommended to the Soviets as someone who would be as useful to them as CYRUS EATON.

The following message was in partial code:

- 3 - BUREAU (100-428091) (RM)
- 1 - CHICAGO (134-46-Sub B) (AM-RM)
- 1 - NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
- 1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

ACB:rvs
(9)

11 JAN 4 1965

~~SECRET~~

Approved: 65 JAN 12 1965 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

NY 100-134637

"CCCESU

"Please transmit the following at once to Morris Childs for Castro in Cuba. It is urgent that Castro take direct action so that the best youth can be invited and go to Cuba - we must stress this.

"Gus Hall

"There was to be a conference of youth and student editors sponsored by the Communist Youth of Cuba, the World Federation of Democratic Youth and International Union of Students in Cuba around January 1. Our understanding originally was that a sizeable group of US student editors, say 20-25, would be welcomed. We later heard that the number from the US should be 3 or 4.

"We need to know -

- "1. The date the editors are invited for.
2. How many are invited.
3. A public invitation with this information needs to be sent to Mark Brody, Features Editor,
c/o The Observation Post, City College of New
York, New York, NY.

"A group of 6 editors in NY have agreed that they wish to go, and have invited other editors around the country to express their desire to go to Cuba. It is, therefore, possible, based on the responses to their efforts, to get a nationally representative group of editors to go, either the smaller figure of 3-4 or 20-25 editors.

"The student newspapers involved in many cases are daily newspapers with a circulation of 10,000-25,000, and they belong to College Editors Newspaper Association News Service that reaches newspapers with a circulation of close to two million student readers.

"Gus Hall

NY 100-134637

"To Morris Childs re above:

"This would be the first real break through by people who mean something in USA political life.

"I must say the leaders of the Cuban youth have not shown any understanding of the development - but instead want to continue with the groups of Sectarian Students led by crackpots.

"Gus Hall"

The following message was in partial code:

"Most Important - Expedite.

"To CCCPSU and to Morris Childs - Most Important - Expedite

"Re the US Government decision to again prosecute the CPUSA by setting date for new trial under the infamous McCarran Act.

"The CPUSA statement of December 14 speaks for itself. It is our opinion that the fight against the McCarran Act is now at its crucial point. The action by the Department of Justice in asking for a new trial against our Party is, in fact, an act of desperation. It is an attempt to keep the McCarran Act from dying in the courts.

"We are taking emergency steps for a special 3 months intensive campaign of protest to President Johnson, the Department of Justice, Congressmen and Senators. If the Communist Parties of the world could get quick and sharp reaction to this action by the Department of Justice along the lines of our Party's statement of 12/14/64, it would be of decisive importance in winning this struggle. Their reaction should be in vein of asking:

NY 100-134637

"1. Where are the promises of the election campaign?

"2. Where is the Johnson Administration going with this line of attack?

"3. The editorials and statements by prominent people, as well as by the Communist Parties, should say: The world is amazed and surprised that the Johnson Administration is proceeding along this road with its continued attack on the legal rights of American citizens.

"Morris Childs should note this renewed persecution of our Party, our National Committee and should call it to attention of all CP Central Committees of the world.

"Gus Hall

"Morris Childs should expedite this item."

NY 100-134637

The following message was partially coded:

"To CPSU-

~~"Thomas G. Buchanan~~ - now lives at: 39 rue Theodore Honore
Nogent-Sur-Marne
(Seine) FRANCE

"Thomas Buchanan comes from Baltimore, Maryland where he and his family background is well known to Comrade George Meyers, who highly recommends him for his political loyalty and personal integrity.

"During the early McCarthy period, Tom Buchanan was discharged from his job as a reporter for the 'Washington Star,' one of the major newspapers in Washington, D.C. He was fired on the charge that he was a Communist. Tom Buchanan then became the responsible leader of the Civil Rights Congress in Washington, D.C. and helped organize activities in that city in the defense of the rights of Communists. However, he has always been a writer by profession. He was educated at Yale University in New Haven, and at George Washington University in Washington, D.C.

"During World War II, he served in the U.S. Army for 4 years, rising from the rank of private to captain. For a period of six years after the war, in addition to his work on the Washington Star, he was a political correspondent for more than twenty leading magazines in Europe and Asia. He is a 'free lance' writer now while also working for the General Organization Company in Paris, where he lives with his wife and five children. He is the head of the Programming Department.

"Tom Buchanan went to Dallas, Texas in 1964 to report the trial of Jack Ruby, the assassin of Lee Harvey Oswald, for 'L'Express', an important French weekly publication. On the basis of this and further research, Tom Buchanan wrote the book 'Who Killed Kennedy?' which became a best-seller in 19 countries, and which has now been brought up to date and published in the United States.

"Tom Buchanan also wrote 'The Unicorn', which was

NY 100-134637

"listed by the New York Times as one of the two best American novels for the year 1960.

"Tom Buchanan now wants to devote himself entirely to writing. He has already made his mark with a broad audience.

"In a conversation with me, Mr. Buchanan expressed a thought that I think possibly should be given some consideration. He would like to in some way have an interview with either Premier Kosygin or with First Secretary, Comrade Brezhnev.

"It is my opinion that he is the kind of newspaperman that would try to put forward the best possible image for such an interview. He would deal with it in a most serious fashion without the cynicism or reckless disregard for facts or interpretation of facts that so many writers and reporters of capitalist newspapers have. Secondly, because of his newly-won popularity and fame with his book on the Kennedy assassination, his articles based on an interview would reach great numbers.

"I am passing this on only because it may be an avenue of statement of public policy where it would be treated with respect and dignity.

"Gus Hall"

"To CPSU

"I strongly advise that Buchanan be contacted in Paris and he be granted an interview.

"Gus Hall"

NY 100-134637

NY files reflect that THOMAS GITTINGS BUCHANAN, JR. resides at 39 rue Theodore Honore, Nogent-Sur-Marne, (Seine) France. The Baltimore Office was last known to be OO in this case (BA file 100-119404; NY file 100-12596). There is no Bufile number available.

The following message was in plain text:

"December 8, 1964

[redacted] is a trusted, loyal and a leading Communist youth cadre. This comrade is working in the field of the World Youth Festival. While working in this capacity, she will also work on such problems as getting a part of the United States delegation after the Festival to visit Cuba and possibly South Vietnam.

"Because of the conditions of legality in our country, it is urged that this information be kept strictly confidential but that she be accorded help and assistance and confidence of a trusted and loyal Communist cadre.

"She will be working with the International Committee on Youth Festival as a representative of the broad sponsoring committee in the U.S. This will be her public status and position all the way through. She will attend the coming meeting of the International Committee sponsoring the Youth Festival this coming week.

"Whatever assistance can be given her will be greatly appreciated by our Party.

"Comradely yours,

"/s/ Gus Hall
Gus Hall"

[redacted] of Bufile 100-431091
and NY file 100-137882. NY subver

NY 100-134637

The following message was in partial code:

"CCCPUSU and Morris Childs

"This is an answer regarding ~~Beatrice Johnson~~ and her request:"

"Beatrice Johnson can go for medical treatment only on 1964 quota. Advise her that it is best she go to the USSR for her medical treatment now and not later. U.S.

"Inform her that we by no means have neglected her daughter. On the contrary, have taken care of her financially from first day of her arrival and will continue to do so while she studies in Mexico, where she is now.

"There was no need for her complaints regarding her daughter.

"Gus Hall"

The above reference to BEATRICE JOHNSON's request .. that she be permitted to go to Moscow and also to her

b6
b7c

The following message was in partial code:

"To CCCPSU

"Please transmit the following message to Morris Childs for me.

"Gus Hall

"To Morris Childs

"Important you indicate approximate arrival USA date so that I can arrange an urgent meeting with you.

NY 100-134637

"To Morris Childs

"To ascertain this time that the important felicitations and greetings from our National Committee to Cuban CP and to Castro, as well as my personal salutations to Castro on the important occasion of the Cuban Anniversary will be received, please see Cuban Embassy in Moscow, telling them I am attempting to send such greetings through closed channel.

"Gus Hall"

The following message was in partial code:

"Confirming today's radio message dated 12/16, Hall will attend reception for the reason which you know. Be sure to furnish Hall with further details on exact time of reception. In order that this meeting will not seem unusual, suggest other CP members such as Arnold Johnson, etc., be invited. Handle this through 'The Worker'."

The above refers to a radio message from the Soviets on 12/16/64, advising that HALL was invited to meet ANDREI GROMYKO at a reception at the UN Delegation Building on 12/18/64. The above is a request that HALL be furnished with further details regarding the time of this reception.

The following message was in partial code:

"Telephone number for December and January is WA 9-9482. When I dialed it on Monday, at 7:05 p.m., telephone operator answered that the number is not in service. Therefore, from now on, I will use the February and March telephone number which is YU 9-9210 until I hear otherwise from you. Will see Sister Carol on Thursday at 7:15 p.m.

"Jack Childs"

NY 100-134637

The above has reference to the fact that when attempting to acknowledge receipt of a radio message from the Soviets on 12/14/64, NY 694-S* ascertained that the telephone to which he was making the call was out of service. The message further reflects that the drop operation of the Soviets is scheduled for Thursday, 12/18/64, at 7:15 p.m.

The following message was in partial code:

"From January 2, 1965 until January 15, 1965, will not be available for channel number 2, or for contact through Isidore Gibby Needleman or contacts through drops. If anything for Gus Hall, use radio only. If radio messages should be very long, then divide in installments."

The above message was intended to advise the Soviets that NY 694-S* would be out of New York between the dates 1/2/65 and 1/15/65.

The following message was in partial code:

"Confirmation telephone (WA 9-9482) still out of order. Will definitely handle drop on Thursday, December 17."

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/18/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS-C

ReNYairtel to Bureau, captioned as above, dated 12/16/64, reflecting that on 12/16/64, there was received from the Soviets via radio, the following ciphered-coded message: "Gus Hall is invited to meet Gromyko at reception in delegation building on December 18, 1964."

Reference another NY airtel of the same date, captioned as above, on page 9 thereof the Soviets had been advised that the telephone number to be used for acknowledgement of Soviet messages would be YU 9-9210.

On 12/17/64, NY 694-S* went to the Sister Carol drop pursuant to arrangements previously made with the Soviets. He was surprised to find his contact CHUCHUKIN awaiting him at the drop. CHUCHUKIN stated that he had come personally to the drop by reason of the fact that NY 694-S* had indicated that he would acknowledge receipt of Soviet messages by a call to the telephone number YU 9-9210. CHUCHUKIN pointed out that this number was incorrect in that the agreed upon telephone number was YU 9-9212.

- 3 - BUREAU (Encl. 3) (RM) 3 cc of encl. - Comm. Sect.
 1 - CHICAGO (134-46-Sub-B) (Encl. 1) (AM RM)
 1 - NY 134-91 (Inv) (41)
 1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

ACB:mfd (#41)
 (9)

JAN 4 1965

Approved: _____
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

EX-108

NY 100-134637

CHUCHUKIN then handed to NY 694-S* a roll of microfilm containing the following messages:

1. "Please note. Our party will be at the Soviet UN Mission Building on Friday, December 18th from 6:00 to 8:00. Invitation to Hall was sent to The Worker address."

2. "To Brooks.

"Use EL 5-9004 instead of WA 9-9482. I repeat: EL 5-9004. Use in December and January because WA 9-9482 was moved from one place to another and I could not find it."

(This is a new number to be used in acknowledgement of messages from the Soviets. It is a phone in booth at the Fifth Avenue and 53rd Street station of the 8th Avenue Subway. This number will be used to acknowledge receipt of radio messages from the Soviets.)

3. The 1965 proposed schedule for transmission of radio messages from the Soviets to NY 694-S*. Copies of the said schedule are enclosed herewith for the Bureau and Chicago.

In connection with the above-mentioned radio schedule, it reflects that messages will be sent occasionally on Saturdays. NY 694-S* advised that he intends to inform the Soviets that this schedule will have to be changed to exclude Saturdays from the schedule. After consultation with the NYO regarding this matter, he will propose some changes in the schedule.

4. "To Brooks.

"This is the new radio program. Please let me know whether it is acceptable for you. If you are ready for new radio program, we would begin to use it from January 1, 1965. Notify me about your preparedness."

NY 100-134637

5. "It would be appreciated if you acknowledge receipt letters mentioned above. Ring telephone number EL 5-9004 three times at 2:40 p.m. on Friday, December 18th. This will mean that you received new radio program and other letters."

6. "Uncle Armstrong next."

(The above refers to a personal contact between the informant and CHUCHUKIN.)

Before leaving NY 694-S*, CHUCHUKIN stated that GUS HALL should be advised to appear at the Soviet reception mentioned above between 6:55 and 7:00 p.m. NY 694-S* told CHUCHUKIN that he planned to be away from New York on a business trip between January 2 and January 15th and that as he had advised CHUCHUKIN previously (as reported in NY airtel dated 12/16/64) the Soviets should communicate during that period only by radio.



100-428091-4463

ENCLOSURE

MONTHS	Days of the week	1st transm.		2nd transm.		3rd transm.		Call
		GMT	KC	GMT	KC	GMT	KC	
I	TUESDAY	1413	14811	1433	13342	1453	12157	1 1 6
	FRIDAY	1404	14724	1424	13263	1444	12259	0 3 8
II	WEDNESDAY	1431	14522	1451	13513	1511	12317	0 4 8
	SATURDAY	1410	14526	1430	13604	1450	12408	3 2 8
III	MONDAY	1523	13779	1523	12588	1543	11496	0 6 1
	THURSDAY	1542	13863	1602	12693	1622	11503	2 6 2
IV	TUESDAY	1604	13637	1624	12717	1644	11242	9 1 1
	FRIDAY	1616	13582	1636	12437	1656	11147	7 2 2
V	WEDNESDAY	1631	13902	1511	12885	1531	12273	5 4 3
	SATURDAY	1641	13808	1504	12961	1524	12177	7 0 2
VI	TUESDAY	1652	14399	1712	13204	1732	12367	2 4 8
	THURSDAY	1658	14485	1738	13122	1718	12423	4 2 2
VII	WEDNESDAY	1629	13563	1649	12455	1709	11251	6 7 3
	FRIDAY	1647	13754	1707	12359	1727	11447	8 1 6
VIII	TUESDAY	1617	13447	1637	12553	1657	11264	6 0 0
	THURSDAY	1632	13543	1652	12651	1712	11160	W 0 2
IX	WEDNESDAY	1621	14522	1541	13089	1601	12174	9 9 9
	FRIDAY	1540	13466	1600	13202	1620	12289	3 4 2
X	MONDAY	1507	14808	1527	13693	1547	12466	4 1 4
	THURSDAY	1523	14733	1643	13777	1603	12585	2 2 6
XI	TUESDAY	1554	14663	1614	13081	1634	11246	4 9 3
	FRIDAY	1401	14557	1421	13193	1441	11391	6 2 1
XII	WEDNESDAY	1412	14804	1432	12755	1452	11466	6 8 6
	SATURDAY	1405	14601	1425	12853	1446	11541	0 3 7

MONTHS	Days of the week	1st transm.		2nd transm.		3rd transm.		Call
		GMT	KC	GMT	KC	GMT	KC	
I	TUESDAY	1413	14811	1433	15342	1453	12137	1 L 6
	FRIDAY	1401	14724	1424	13263	1444	12259	D 3 8
II	WEDNESDAY	1431	14622	1451	13513	1511	12317	0 4 H
	SATURDAY	1410	14526	1430	13604	1450	12408	3 2 8
III	MONDAY	1438	13779	1523	12588	1543	11498	U 6 1
	THURSDAY	1442	13683	1602	12693	1622	11503	9 6 1
IV	TUESDAY	1444	13637	1624	12717	1644	11242	9 X 1
	FRIDAY	1415	13582	1636	12437	1656	11147	P 2 2
V	WEDNESDAY	1451	13402	1511	12385	1631	12273	6 4 3
	SATURDAY	1444	13308	1504	12261	1624	12177	7 D 2
VI	TUESDAY	1452	14399	1712	13204	1732	12387	2 4 8
	THURSDAY	1503	14486	1658	13122	1718	12423	4 2 1
VII	WEDNESDAY	1629	13668	1649	12455	1709	11351	5 7 3
	FRIDAY	1647	13754	1707	12359	1727	11447	M 1 6
VIII	TUESDAY	1517	13447	1637	12555	1657	11264	6 3 0
	THURSDAY	1632	13543	1652	12651	1712	11160	N 3 2
IX	WEDNESDAY	1621	14522	1541	13059	1601	12174	9 9 9
	FRIDAY	1540	14486	1600	13202	1620	12269	3 4 2
X	MONDAY	1507	14308	1627	13693	1647	12466	4 4 4
	THURSDAY	1623	14703	1643	13777	1663	12585	2 2 6
XI	TUESDAY	1634	14003	1614	13001	1634	12266	4 9 2
	FRIDAY	1601	14357	1621	13103	1641	12111	0 2 1
XII	WEDNESDAY	1412	14404	1422	13753	1432	11453	8 8 6
	SATURDAY	1406	14301	1413	13653	1423	11541	0 3 7

MONTHS	Days of the week	1st transm.		2nd transm.		3rd transm.		Call
		GMT	KC	GMT	KC	GMT	KC	
I	TUESDAY	1413	14811	1433	15342	1453	12157	5126
	FRIDAY	1404	14724	1424	15263	1444	12259	5130
II	WEDNESDAY	1431	14622	1451	15513	1511	12317	5132
	SATURDAY	1410	14525	1430	15604	1450	12418	5133
III	MONDAY	1503	15779	1523	12588	1543	11499	5134
	THURSDAY	1442	13883	1502	12693	1522	11503	5135
IV	TUESDAY	1504	13657	1524	12717	1544	11242	5136
	FRIDAY	1415	13582	1535	12457	1555	11147	5137
V	WEDNESDAY	1551	13902	1511	12885	1531	12273	5138
	SATURDAY	1446	13808	1504	12951	1524	12177	5139
VI	TUESDAY	1552	14399	1712	13204	1732	12367	5140
	THURSDAY	1533	14495	1658	13122	1718	12423	5141
VII	WEDNESDAY	1525	13663	1649	12455	1709	11351	5142
	FRIDAY	1547	13754	1707	12359	1727	11447	5143
VIII	TUESDAY	1617	13447	1637	12555	1637	11254	5144
	THURSDAY	1552	13543	1632	12651	1712	11160	5145
IX	WEDNESDAY	1621	14522	1541	13059	1601	12174	5146
	FRIDAY	1543	14466	1500	13202	1520	12259	5147
X	MONDAY	1507	14808	1527	13693	1547	12456	5148
	THURSDAY	1523	14733	1543	13777	1503	12585	5149
XI	TUESDAY	1554	14563	1614	13081	1634	11246	5150
	FRIDAY	1401	14557	1421	13193	1441	11391	5151
XII	WEDNESDAY	1412	14404	1432	12755	1452	11485	5152
	SATURDAY	1406	14501	1425	12853	1445	11541	5153

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-14646)

12/17/64

SAC, NEW YORK (100-121572)

EDWARD OLIVER LAMB
SM-C
(OO: CV)

EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED WITH RESPECT TO DISSEMINATION OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN INASMUCH AS, BY ITS NATURE, SAID INFORMATION TENDS TO IDENTIFY NY 694-S*, A VALUABLE INFORMANT, AS THE SOURCE. UNLESS THIS INFORMATION IS OBTAINED FROM A SOURCE OTHER THAN NY 694-S*, IT SHOULD NOT BE INCLUDED--EVEN IN PARAPHRASED FORM--IN THE INVESTIGATIVE SECTION OF A REPORT.

Re NY airtel 12/16/64 to Bureau and Chicago, captioned "SOLO, IS-C", particularly the part thereof referring to EDWARD OLIVER LAMB.

On 12/16/64, NY 694-S* advised as follows:

In accordance with instructions from GUS HALL, General Secretary of the CPUSA, a message was transmitted to the Soviets to the effect that the above-captioned subject and GUS HALL recently conferred and that LAMB had expressed great enthusiasm about his recent talks and contacts with the Soviets. LAMB stated that he was puzzled as to why the Soviets had not been in touch with him recently. LAMB told HALL that he had 31 business and science people who would visit USSR enterprises and talk to representatives of the Soviet Union.

- 3-Bureau (RM)
- (1-100-428091) (SOLO)
- 1-Cleveland (100-8581) (RM)
- 1-NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
- 1-NY 100-84994 (GUS HALL) (42)
- 1-NY 100-16021 (ARNOLD JOHNSON) (42)
- 1-NY 100-121572 (43)

ACB:cae
(8)

CODEC 291964

ORIGINAL FILED IN

100-914941

100-428091

NOT RECORDED
183 DEC 22 1964

2040

243

8-4-77
CS

NY 100-121572

On 12/17/64, NY 694-E* advised that on that date he discussed EDWARD LAMB with ARNOLD JOHNSON, Director of Public Relations for the CPUSA. JOHNSON told the informant that LAMB and HALL had conferred at LAMB's "Sutton Place apartment in New York City" over the weekend of December 12-13, 1964, and that JOHNSON had made the arrangements for the conference between LAMB and HALL. 15

JOHNSON commented that there had been an agreement between LAMB and the Soviets that LAMB would send to the Soviet Union from the United States "management specialists," including "a college dean." JOHNSON further stated that since KHRUSHCHEV had been removed as Soviet Premier, there had been no further negotiations between LAMB and the Soviets regarding this matter. 15

A check of New York City Directories failed to reflect that EDWARD LAMB was a resident of Sutton Place. The NYO will attempt to determine whether LAMB maintains an apartment in Sutton Place, and the Bureau and Cleveland will be advised of the results of said investigation.

REC 45

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/29/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

On 12/29/64, the Chicago Office through a drop maintained for CG 5824-S* received a communication from CG 5824-S* bearing the postmark "Berlin 1", no date. Enclosed in this communication was a brief note from CG 5824-S* dated "Dec. 21, 64" and two letters, one typewritten and one handwritten, both apparently prepared by [redacted] who is a student at the Patrice Lumumba Friendship of the Peoples University, Moscow, and who is a [redacted] Russia U.S.

The text of CG 5824-S*'s note, together with parenthetical explanations added by the Chicago Office, was as follows:

"Dec. 21, 64

Dear Norma: Please give or send the enclosed (two letters) to Patts wife (LOUISE PATTERSON, New York City). It is urgent. I was going to send it on or give it to her before Xmas, but since I am going back straight to Milwaukee (Moscow) because of some note (apparently messages contained in New York airtel captioned SOLO, IS - C, dated 12/16/64) from Mr. Broadman (GUS HALL) I will probably not be in town (in United States) for some days longer.

- 1-1988
 ③ - Bureau (Encl. 2) (AM) (RM)
 1 - New York (Encl. 4) (AMSD) (RM) (100-134637)
 2 - Chicago
 (1 - A) 134-46 Sub B 22) REC 45/100-428091-4414

RWH:kzh
 (6)

6 JAN 5 1965

Approved: [Signature]
 65 JAN Special Agent in Charge

EX-108

Sent _____ M Per _____

CG 134-46 Sub B

Everything is fine - otherwise - and
business is good.

Maybe Mr. Perch (NY 694-S*) knows why my
sales trip was redone. I wish you all
especially including Yogil (CG 6653-S) a very
Merry Xmas and a Happy New Year.

My Best
Marvin Good (CG 5824-S*)"

For the information of the Bureau and New York, Chicago
has prepared and there is enclosed herewith for the Bureau
and New York, one copy of each of the above noted letters prepared
by [REDACTED]

In addition, the original of the two letters prepared
by [REDACTED] are being enclosed herewith for the New York Office
in order that they may be provided to NY 694-S* for transmittal
by him to LOUISE PATTERSON in New York City.

b6
b7c

ENCLOSURES TO BUREAU FROM CHICAGO (2)

Bufile 100-428091

CGfile 134-46 Sub B

Airtel dated 12/29/64



ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4414

DEAR MOTHER :

it's been a long time since I've written, please forgive me. I now you've been pretty worried about Sandra's condition since we called last week, one of the reasons I haven't written since then is the fact that we have been trying to decide what to do with Sandra after she leaves the hospital. Well I mentioned the fact that I was going to bring her home. Well that sounds much more simple than it really is. There is a great problem involved, therefore we want you to take it up with the lawyers and if necessary with some congressmen. We want to fight the fact that she was denied American citizenship. Of course all of this has to be done on your side because the people in the American embassy have not been helpful at all. First as of all the fact that I came home before Sandra was born and after I was 19 should in my opinion allow her to have Amer. citizenship. The from the humanitarian standpoint I think the fight can be fought. We have discussed the thought of getting a permit on/in my passport allowing me to bring her in without her having to have a citizenship, and then seeing what can be done. Then the fact that an Act of Congress can be passed making her an Amer. Citizen. So that there is plenty to be done. I know that it will take time and I am willing to send all of the data that you will need. So if you can at least ask our lawyer what are the possibilities, cause there is no need of starting a battle that is lost before it is begun. We also talked over the fact that if she takes on Cuban Citizenship that they might not want to give her a visa although such a little baby like that should not be denied, denied that right but they are capable of doing that. But if the lawyers think that they will then you can write and say. And if they think that there is a chance of her getting Amer. citizenship then let's go forward with it. I was also told that I could get her in as a non quota alien but then she needs some kind of nationality-nality so therefore that for the meantime is out.

Now about her. She is all better although she is still in the hospital. She had a double virus pneumonia plus serious stomach distention and intoxication that always accompanies these things and they put her in an oxygen tent and gave her all kinds of transfusions and so on that really saved her life. She got it in the nursery. One little boy in her group got sick first and died then she did then other children after her. Although she was the most serious after this little boy. But now she's jumping and carrying on something awful.

I want to mention the fact that I am sending the same letter to our lawyer so that there should be no trouble in your not receiving my letter. I will tell him to get in touch with you immediately. I think that I will probably take this year off and come home anyway with Sandra or without her. The Drs. seem to feel that the change in temperature for Sandra would be too much for her at this moment if we sent her to Cuba therefore the question of my bringing arouse. I am going to sign off now, cause I am sending another letter along with this one that should explain everything more clearly. Okay then darling. Take care. Incidentally we haven't heard from you in the last three weeks of so. We think that the mail might be being held up somewhere along the line. I'm sure that it is not by the Amer. cause our postal system doesn't do things like that. Give our love to everybody and save a little for yourself.

Us four.

100-438091-4417

Dear Laurie -

Dec. 18, 1964

I haven't written for 2 weeks now but I've been trying to get myself together and decide on what to do, for I feel that this step will be one of the decisive ones in my life and I really wanted to think it through. I feel that maybe I'll never get back here and study & I wanted really to know whether or not I was ready for that and then what other ^{alternatives} prospects are there for me if I don't. I have to finish my education, that after seeing that Sandra is well will be my next feat but whether or not medicine is what I want I'm not sure. I'm beginning to doubt that very seriously. I will well talk about that.

Now about Sandra. Tomorrow we're going to get her passport (Cuban) and then I'm going to the Embassy and see about the visa. I'll try to get a visa for as much time as they give without running into a permanent residence thing. If that needs to be faced I'd rather have her come with me. I shall call you if anything urgent comes

"up but I guess nothing will happen until the beginning of January. First of all I guess during the Xmas holidays the embassy doesn't work so I'm sure we'll be forced to wait until the beginning of Jan. for the show down."

Barbra is all over the pneumonia but a residual endobronchitis is what they are curing now. Okay darling I'm signing off. Had it better. He is still resting. Comes out on the 23rd, he's been there 24 days - but he still needs to rest. I'm going to talk to the consuls here and see if they can make him. I feel like only listen to them. Love are you darling? Regards to everybody.

Love -
Bohdy

RECEIVED IN ENVELOPE

F B I

Date: 12/30/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

5- *[Signature]*
PADDOCK

On 12/30/64, there was received from the Soviets via radio a ciphered message, the plain text of which is as follows:

"Beginning from January we will start work according to new programme. Time in January will be on Tuesdays 1313, 1333, 1353, on Fridays 1304, 1324, 1344. Other changes will be reported to you later."

*CC - Tamm
Clegg
Rosen
1/4/65*

The above message was in reply to message sent to Soviets by NY 694-S* via secondary channel on 12/24/64 requesting change in schedule prepared by Soviets and transmitted to NY 694-S* via Sister Carol drop on 12/17/64 (See NY airtels 12/24/64 and 12/18/64).

- + 8/3RB*
- 3 - Bureau (RM)
 - 1 - Chicago (134-46-Sub B) (AM RM)
 - 1 - NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
 - 1 - NY 100-134637 - (41) REC 45

100-428091-4415

JDO:msb
(9)

6 JAN 5 1965

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 13 1965

DIRECTOR, FBI [REDACTED] (65-57387)
(ATT: ASST. DIR. WILLIAM C. SULLIVAN)

12/29/64

SAC, NEW YORK [REDACTED]

HIGH-LEVEL INFORMANT DEVELOPMENT
COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

b7D

NY 4309-S

OSolo

ReNYlet, 11/12/64.

Since 11/12/64, NY 4309-S has monitored all scheduled radio transmissions in the NY 694-S* operation and has promptly advised the contacting agents. NY 4309-S has then contacted NY 694-S* and advised him of the messages received.

On 12/24/64, NY 4309-S stated he was visited at his place of employment by NY 694-S*. According to NY 4309-S, NY 694-S* appeared to display a most friendly attitude towards him and was pleased with the work that NY 4309-S has done in the past two months. NY 694-S* told NY 4309-S that he will give NY 4309-S magnets and paper which NY 4309-S can use in this operation. NY 694-S* then showed NY 4309-S where the magnets should be secured on a wash basin. NY 694-S* stated he will be in contact with NY 4309-S and advise him of the January, 1965, radio schedule and the name of a neighborhood bar in the vicinity of NY 4309-S' place of employment which can be used in placing messages with the magnets he will give to NY 4309-S.

Concerning the proposed business venture in which NY 4309-S is contemplating, NY 4309-S is doing research on golf training films and no definite plans have been formulated in this venture as yet.

- 4 - Bureau [REDACTED] (RM)
(1 - 65-57387)
(1 - 65-10784), 100-428091-
1 - NY 134-91 (Adm) (41)
1 - NY 100-134637 (Solo) (41)

b7D

1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]

b7D

100-428091-
NOT RECORDED
128 JAN 12 1965

WCM:mfd
(9)

FIVE
JAN 19 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN

b7D



It is felt that the wife of NY 4309-S has been most helpful in the excellent progress NY 4309-S has made in the recent past.

Submitted for information.

FBI

Date: 12/28/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

REGISTERED

Via _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

On 12/28/64, there was received from the Soviets via radio a ciphered-coded message, the plain text of which is as follows:

"Due to additional tasks from Gus Hall, Morris Childs was delayed in Moscow. He departed from Moscow today, arriving in U.S. at beginning January."

- 3 - BUREAU (RM)
1 - CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)(AM RM)
1 - NY 134-91 (Inv)(41)
1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

ADD:mfd (#41)
(9)

REC-39

100-428091-4416

JAN 6 1965

Approved: *[Signature]*
65 JAN 7 1965 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 12/24/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

On 12/24/64, NY 694-S* transmitted to the Soviets through the secondary channel - ISIDORE GIBBY NEEDLEMAN, 3 messages on microfilm.

The first message was in cipher and code, the plain text of which is as follows:

"Reference radio program for 1965. Your Saturday schedule for radio creates security problem in USA. Saturday is not a working day. Strongly request, for reasons of security, Saturday be omitted and replaced by another weekday.

"On January 1 and 24, 1965, no radio due to holiday. For ideal security and reception suggest radio program hours 1300-1400 GMT throughout entire year 1965."

The second message which was in code is as follows:

"Sincerest personal wishes for a happy New Year to all.

"Jack Brooks"

3 - BUREAU (100-428091) (RM)
1 - CHICAGO (134-46-Sub B) (AM-RR) 39
1 - NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

ACB:rvs
(7)

ENCLOSURE

5 JAN 6 1965

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

65 JAN 7 1965

NY 100-134637

The third message, a letter from GUS HALL to the Central Committee of the CPUSA, and particularly to LEONID I. BREZHNEV, First Secretary, is a greeting from HALL to the Soviets, is in plain text. A Xerox copy of the said letter is attached hereto for the Bureau and Chicago.

December 23, 1964

To the Central Committee
Communist Party of the Soviet Union

Comrade Leonid I. Brezhnev, First Secretary

Dear Comrade Brezhnev:

Allow me, in the name of our Party, to offer to you and to the comrades of the Central Committee and to the members of the glorious Communist Party of the Soviet Union, a toast of comradeship and everlasting friendship on this, the beginning of a New Year.

Your leadership and the work of your Party guarantees to all that each passing year brings mankind closer to the day when civilization will cross the last barrier and reach the exalted heights of a Communist society. Once that point in history is crossed, the old designations of "BC" and "AD" will cease to have any real meaning. Instead, history will be measured in terms of "Before the advent of a Communist society" and "After the appearance of Communism."

It is an honor beyond measure and a responsibility without precedent that it is the people of the Soviet Union under the leadership of the CPSU who will raise the flag of Communism on this new plateau of human progress.

New policies must always pass through the barrage not only of the enemy, but also must withstand the pillorying by the dogmatists and the skeptics, and the misinterpretations by the revisionists. The policies of peaceful coexistence have met the test fully. With each passing experience, ever greater numbers come to accept these Marxist-Leninist policies as the only realistic and victorious approach in the struggle against imperialism, war, and capitalism.

The world Marxist movement today stands at a new high in prestige, influence and confidence. This can only be attributed to its correct policies -- policies which reflect the realities of this epoch. It is to the everlasting glory

100-428091-4417

XERO
COPY

XERO
COPY

ENCLOSURE

XERO
COPY

of the leadership of the CPSU that it has initiated and struggled for these policies.

It is with a sense of Communist pride and joy that we are associated with you in this era of history. The relations between our Parties has been and is rooted in the fertile soil of proletarian internationalism. In our relations, one always feels in the attitude of your Party and leadership a sense of warm comradeship of a class brother. One senses the respect and concern for a fellow soldier, for a fighter in the cause of the same class. Your Party has and is setting a standard of working class solidarity that the whole world Marxist movement could very well emulate.

For a Party like ours, fighting as we are against a very powerful enemy -- the citadel of world imperialism --, struggling to sink mass roots while fighting for legality, resisting the most extensive ideological and propaganda barrage in history, the importance of this relationship with the CPSU has a very deep and profound meaning. It is a wellspring of inspiration and renewed strength for us.

In thinking about the relationship between our two Parties, one is almost forced to ask the simple question of why it is not possible to have such relations between all working class Marxist parties. The answer, of course, is clear. The antagonistic attitudes, the lack of relations that express the oneness of our class are reflections of the fact that theories and concepts that are foreign to Marxism-Leninism, ideologies and attitudes that are foreign to the working class have temporarily penetrated into the cadre and leadership of some of the Communist parties. The ideological and theoretical framework of such cadre have become unhinged from their working class moorings. The downgrading of the spirit of proletarian internationalism is possible because opportunism has weakened the class fibers of such parties. Opportunism is inevitable if the cadre has wandered

away from the class foundations on which Marxism-Leninism rests.

As you know, our Party has had many serious encounters with opportunism. I do not want to imply that because of this we have become immune to its influence or that because of it we are now "experts" in the struggle against opportunism. But our experience has taught us that opportunism is the most penetrating, invisible and insidious of all elements around us and, if not constantly fought, the rise of its ugly head is inevitable. The CPSU since the days of Lenin has set the standards and cleared the underbrush in the struggle against opportunism.

The year of 1964 in many ways was an important year for our people and our Party. We came through the first phase of our political struggle with a very decisive victory -- the electoral defeat of the ultra-Right. The overwhelming defeat of the reactionary Goldwater candidacy as well as the defeat of hundreds of ultra-Right Goldwater-like candidates for other offices was an important achievement. In the struggle for social progress, this was a political bridge we had to cross.

Now we are entering the second phase of this political struggle. This second phase is the mobilization of masses in the struggle to influence the direction of the Johnson Administration. The American people are in a better position to conduct this struggle because of the victories in the first phase of the election struggle. We continue to be confident that because of the relationship of world forces, because of the direction of history and because of our confidence in the American people, that we will also have victories in this second phase of our political struggle. In many areas the struggle will be very sharp and the criticism of the wrong policies of the Johnson Administration will properly reflect this sharpness. This sharper criticism in the second phase of our political struggle in no way is in contradiction to the first phase where we had to direct the main fire against Goldwaterism."

As you so well know, 1964 also presented some difficult moments for your Party. It is a credit to the great strength and to the Marxist-Leninist maturity of the leadership of the CPSU, it is a reflection of the close ties that your Party has with the people of the Soviet Union and above all it is an expression of the correct policies which the collective of the Central Committee has developed over the years that your Party went through a change of leadership without any disruption in the carrying out of these correct Marxist-Leninist policies.

The business-like and Communist correction by your Party of weaknesses that had developed in the area of application of policies and methods of leadership has added to the prestige and feeling of confidence that the millions throughout the world have in the CPSU and its leadership.

So, Comrade Brezhnev, please convey to the members of the Central Committee and to the Communists in the Soviet Union our very heartfelt and warm comradely greetings and best wishes for new successes in the year of 1965!

Comradely and Fraternally Yours,

Gus Hall
Gus Hall

XERO
COPY

XERO
COPY

XERO
COPY

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: December 30, 1964

FROM : Mr. J. A. Sizoo

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Jm
SAC Johnson, Chicago, called today concerning the trip of CG 5824-S* to Moscow on Solo Mission #17. Johnson advised that a message had been received from the informant who was in Paris stating that the informant would arrive in Boston, Massachusetts, at 12:40 p.m., on 12-31-64. In view of the informant's health, his exhausted condition from such Solo trips and the need to rapidly debrief the informant and furnish the material to the Bureau, the two Agents regularly handling the informant from Chicago have preceded to the informant's arrival point in the United States. SAC Johnson requested authority, which was granted, in view of the time element involved, to dispatch SA Richard Hansen and SA Walter Boyle to Boston. SAC Johnson states these two Agents will leave in time to arrive in Boston to meet the informant. Johnson stated that the debriefing of the informant will be handled expeditiously and the Bureau immediately advised of pertinent information developed by him while in Moscow. *J*

ACTION:

In view of the time element SAC Johnson was authorized to send Agent Hansen and Boyle to Boston for the purposes of expeditiously debriefing CG 5824-S*.

100-428091

JFB:chs
(5)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. J. D. Donohue
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

REC-34

EX-100

2 JAN 6 1965

FIVE
JAN - 8 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 02-07-2012

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Wannall
- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

January 7, 1965

SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

During December, 1964, a discussion was held in Moscow, Russia, in which various Soviet officials commented on the meeting which took place in Moscow between representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) and the Communist Party of China (CPC) following the November 7, 1964, celebration of the 47th anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution. Among the Soviet officials participating in this discussion was Mikhail A. Suslov, a member of the Presidium and a Secretary of the Central Committee of the CPSU. In essence this discussion was as follows:

Background:

Following the removal in October, 1964, of Nikita S. Khrushchev from his positions of leadership in the CPSU and the Soviet Government, the CPSU was informed by the CPC that the CPC would welcome an invitation to send a delegation to Moscow, Russia, to participate in the celebration of the 47th anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution. The CPC indicated that in the event such an invitation was forthcoming, the CPC delegation would be led by CHOU En-Lai, Premier of the People's Republic of China and a member of the Standing Committee of the Politburo of the CPC.

The CPSU agreed and issued the invitation. The CPSU anticipated that discussions with the CPC delegation would take place following the celebration of the 47th anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution.

Identities of Members of the Delegations

Following the anniversary celebration, bilateral discussions were held between representatives of the CPSU and the CPC. The CPC delegation was headed by CHOU En-lai. Among those representatives in the CPSU delegation were Leonid I. Brezhnev, First Secretary, Central Committee, CPSU; Aleksey N. Kosygin, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Soviet Union;

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- DeLoach
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

100-428091
WGS:pah
(14)

~~TOP SECRET~~
Group 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

(SEE NOTE PAGE 4)

ENCLOSURE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

100-428091-4419

~~TOP SECRET~~

SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

Mikhail A. Suslov, member of the Presidium and a Secretary of the Central Committee, CPSU; Nikolay V. Podgorny, member of the Presidium of the Central Committee, CPSU, and a number of other members of the Presidium.

Results of the Discussions

There were four days of fruitless discussions. The Chinese delegation commented that it had hoped that the removal of former Soviet Premier Nikita S. Khrushchev was done to improve Sino-Soviet relations. In this connection, CHOU said, "We are talking to you as victors because we believe that Khrushchev's removal was due to the pressure of the genuine Marxist-Leninists." The CPC delegation was told by the Soviet leaders that despite the removal of Khrushchev, the policy of the CPSU remained the same. However, the Soviet leaders expressed a willingness to discuss any reasonable proposal which could lead to greater unity.

The Chinese leaders stated that unity could be accomplished if the Soviets would give up "their wrong ideas" as set forth in the declarations of the 20th, 21st and 22nd Congresses of the CPSU. CHOU specifically requested that the Soviets change their program emphasizing peaceful coexistence which was adopted at the 22nd Congress. The Soviets refused to consider this request.

The Chinese delegation appeared stunned. After a few moments of silence, CHOU said, "In that case there is nothing to discuss. We thought that after the removal of Khrushchev you would give up, at least, the erroneous decisions of the 20th and 22nd Congresses." Brezhnev asked the Chinese delegates to forget the past and to endeavor to find the means to restore the unity of the international communist movement. CHOU indicated this was not possible since nothing had changed in the Soviet Union and there was "no point to the discussions." Brezhnev suggested that discussions could be carried out on the manner of how to put an end to open polemics and how to stop the factional activities in the international communist movement. CHOU replied that he had not been authorized to discuss such matters.

Brezhnev and Podgorny asked that a discussion be held concerning the holding of a meeting of an Editorial Commission to prepare for a meeting of all communist parties of the world. Specifically, Brezhnev and Podgorny requested that suggestions be made for an agenda, time of the meeting or the broadening of the participants. CHOU categorically refused to discuss any of these

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

questions, and stated, "I am authorized to discuss things with you only if I find that there is a new spirit in the Soviet Union. It is obvious since my coming to Moscow that nothing has changed since the removal of Khrushchev."

CHOU was very arrogant and on a number of occasions threatened Brezhnev by stating, "If you persist, your fate will be the same as Khrushchev's." Brezhnev remained calm and suggested that the meeting be held on another level, even in Peking, China, if the Chinese desired this. CHOU indicated that he would inform CPC Chairman MAO Tse-tung of this suggestion, and in time the Soviets would be advised of any decision reached in this matter.

CHOU remarked that it was obvious that no agreement was possible between the CPC and the CPSU. He then charged the Soviets as being "a willing tool of United States imperialism." CHOU was asked why he persisted in making such irresponsible charges, slandering not only the CPSU, but the Soviet Government and Soviet people as well. CHOU answered, "Is it not a fact that Comrade Kosygin shook the hand of the American Ambassador who is a representative of United States imperialism?" CHOU continued, "You, the leadership of the CPSU, are not fighting United States imperialism. You are running in the same harness, along the same path as United States imperialism."

The Soviet delegation had a difficult time controlling itself. The CPC delegation was asked if it had any other suggestions on which to deal with the CPSU. Several minutes of complete silence followed. Again the Soviet delegation suggested that a meeting at the highest level be held and requested the Chinese delegation to suggest the place for such a meeting. CHOU replied that perhaps consideration would be given to this suggestion and that perhaps the CPC would have some answer. The CPC's answer was the vicious attack upon the policies and leadership of the CPSU which appeared in an editorial in "Red Flag," theoretical organ of the Central Committee, CPC.

Soviet Reaction

The CPSU leadership has come to the conclusion that the CPC leadership is irreconcilable as it stands at the present time. The CPSU noted that the CPC wants the "ultimate," and that is the complete surrender of the programs of the 20th and 22nd Congresses of the CPSU. After the discussions with the CPC delegation, the Central Committee, CPSU, has decided that it would make another try at arranging a conference of communist parties of the world.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See Memorandum, Mr. Baumgardner to Mr. Sullivan, 1/6/65, captioned "Solo, Internal Security - Communist" which sets forth the dissemination of this letterhead memorandum.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 02-07-2012

The Acting Attorney General

January 7, 1965

Director, FBI

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Shaw

Solo

Material contained in the enclosed memorandum captioned "Sino-Soviet Relations" was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed memorandum sets forth the results of the meeting between Sino-Soviet representatives which was held in Moscow, Russia, following the November 7, 1964, celebration of the 47th anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, this communication and its enclosure are classified "~~Top Secret~~." This information is being furnished to the President and other interested officials of the Government.

Enclosure

100-428091

1 - The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure)

NOTE: Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. CG 5824-S* referred to as "sources" in order to further protect the identity of this valuable source. See NYairtel 1/3/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C" and memorandum, Baumgardner to Sullivan, 1/6/65, same caption, prepared by WGS:pah.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

WGS:pah

(10) 1/7/65

ENCLOSURE

~~TOP SECRET~~

GROUP 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI
JAN 7 3 32 PM '65

100-428091-4419

JAN 8 1965

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

79 JAN 8 1965 MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

F B I

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Transmit the following in _____

REC-52 H.M.C.I

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

EX-100 REGISTERED

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for Chicago one copy of a LHM entitled, "Conference of Latin American Communist Parties, Havana, Cuba, November, 1964."

The information in the enclosed LHM was furnished on 12/31/64 and 1/1/65, by CG 5824-S* to SAS RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

Enclosed LHM is classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information in the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information contained herein was obtained by the source during separate discussions held in Moscow, USSR, during December, 1964, with the following individuals:

- 1-813 RB with encl
- 3 - BUREAU (Encl. 40 (RM))
- 1 - CHICAGO (Encl. 1) (134-46 Sub 52 (AM RM))
- 1 - NY

RWH:mfd
(6)

EX-100 REC-39

100-428091-4420

JAN 8 1965

Approved: JFM
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 25 1965

NY 100-134637

ARNOLDO MARTINEZ VERDUGO, First Secretary, CP of Mexico;
RODNEY ARISMENDI, First Secretary of the CP of Uruguay; VICTORIO
CODOVILLA, Chairman, CP of Argentina.

According to the source, the information appearing in this
LHM was common knowledge to leading representatives of the CPSU,
but the results of the meeting have not been disseminated beyond
such top leadership.

In order to provide additional security to the source,
the enclosed LHM has been shown as having been made at Washington,
D.C.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

January 3, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

100-428091

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Conference of Latin American Communist
Parties, Havana, Cuba, November, 1964

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the
past, during late December, 1964, and early January, 1965, advised
as follows:

Cuba
Some time during November, 1964, a conference was convened
in Havana, Cuba, with leaders of approximately 20 of the more
important Communist Parties of Latin America in attendance. This
conference was organized and called by the Latin American Communist
Parties for the purpose of holding a discussion on Latin American
problems. Among the problems that they desired to deal with were
relations between the Latin American Communist Parties and the
United Party of the Socialist Revolution (PURS) in Cuba and the
Cuban Government. They were particularly concerned with the matter
of Cuban interference in internal affairs of other Communist Parties
in Latin America. Among those who were known to have participated
in this conference were Fidel Castro, Premier of Cuba and Carlos
Rafael Rodriguez, a member of the Directorate of PURS and a Minister
of the Cuban Government; Arnaldo Martinez Verdugo, First Secretary
of the Communist Party of Mexico; Rodney Arismendi, First Secretary
of the Communist Party of Uruguay; Victorio Codovilla, Chairman,
Communist Party of Argentina and M. Trado, a member of the Political
Bureau of the Communist Party of Chile.

This document contains neither recommendations
nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and
its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and declassification~~

100-428091-4420

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Conference of Latin American Communist
Parties, Havana, Cuba, November, 1964

Regarding this conference, it was pointed out that certain of the important Latin American Communist Parties felt that it was necessary to hold such a conference to "have things out with Fidel and the Cubans in a family battle." At the conference itself, Castro was told to "keep his fingers out of their pie," that is, the internal affairs of the other Latin American Communist Parties. Castro was further told that these Parties also have a job to do, but they cannot carry it out in the Cuban way. During this conference Castro and Cuba were openly charged with supporting guerrilla bands in certain Latin American countries as well as supporting certain factional groups which have splintered away from the recognized Communist Party in Latin America. As a result of discussions which were carried out at this conference in Havana, it was reported that a promise had been secured from Castro that he will respect the rights of these other Latin American Communist Parties and that he would reconsider the support that Cuba was rendering to certain guerrilla bands in these Latin American countries not recognized by these Latin American Communist Parties and that he would also reconsider the recognition Cuba had been giving to certain factional or splinter groups.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/3/65

Transmit the following in _____

REGISTERED

Via

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for Chicago one copy of a LHM entitled, "Meeting of Latin American Communist Party leaders with Representatives of the Communist Party of China, Peking, China, December, 1964."

The information in the enclosed LHM was furnished on 12/31/64 and 1/1/65, by CG 5824-S* to SAS RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed LHM is classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information in the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing the source's security and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information contained herein was obtained by source during the course of separate discussions held in Moscow, USSR, during December, 1964, with the following individuals:

- 1-813RB *michael*
3 - BUREAU (Encl. 1) (RM)
1 - CHICAGO (Encl. 1) (134-46 Sub BOXAM RM)
1 - NY

RWH:mfd
(6)

5 JAN 8 1965

Approved: *JEM*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 25 1965

NY 100-134637

ARNOLDO MARTINEZ VERDUGO, First Secretary, Communist Party of Mexico; and CARLOS RAFAEL RODRIGUEZ, a Minister of the Cuban Government and a member of the Directorate of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution (PURS).

According to the source, this information is of extremely limited knowledge among top Communist functionaries and no disclosure of this meeting having taken place has appeared to date to source's knowledge in the Western press.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed LHM has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



Q Q
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
January 3, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

100-428091

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Meeting of Latin American Communist
Party Leaders With Representatives
of the Communist Party of China, Peking,
China, December, 1964

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during late December, 1964, and early January, 1965, advised as follows:

Cuba
In December, 1964, a delegation representing Latin American Communist Parties went to Peking, China. This delegation of Latin Americans was headed by Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, a member of the Directorate of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution (PURS) and a Minister of the Cuban Government, and also included Arnoldo Martinez Verdugo, First Secretary of the Communist Party of Mexico, and Rodney Arismendi, First Secretary, Communist Party of Uruguay. This delegation to Peking was formed, and the actual trip made, at the insistence of Fidel Castro, Premier of Cuba. It had been Castro's hope that these Latin American Communist Party representatives would be well received by the leadership of the Communist Party of China and that through discussions they could possibly open up some avenues which would lead to greater unity within the international communist movement.

Reportedly the results achieved by this Latin American Communist Party delegation to China were negative and their meetings with the leadership of the Communist Party of China were cursory and short. They got the "cold shoulder" from the Communist Party of China leadership and in essence were told by the Communist Party of China leaders to "go to the devil" and they were informed that the price for unity within the international communist movement was the complete surrender of principles and total acceptance of the Communist Party of China line.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~



ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/3/65

Transmit the following in _____

REC-111

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for Chicago one copy of a LHM entitled, "Discussions in Moscow, U.S.S.R. during November, 1964, Between the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Communist Party of China."

The information in the enclosed LHM was furnished on 1/1/65, by CG 5824-S* to SAS RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed LHM is classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information contained herein was obtained by the source during the course of separate discussions held in Moscow, USSR, during December, 1964, with the following individuals:

- level 81326
3 - BUREAU (Encl. 4) (RM)
1 - CHICAGO (Encl. 1) (134-46 SOX-206 AM RM)
1 - NY

WAB:mfd
(6)

Memo-Burgess to Sullivan
1-6-65

Dissem. to Rusk, Moyers, Malone, AG
1-7-65 WGS:psk

REC-39

100-428091-442 2

5 JAN 8 1965

Approved: _____

65 FEB 2 1965

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

NY 100-134637

MIKHAIL SUSLOV, member of the Presidium and Secretariat of the CCCPSU; FNU BELIKOV, Deputy to BORIS N. PONOMAREV, member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, CCCPSU; and NIKOLAI MOSTOVETS, Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department of the CCCPSU.

According to the source, this information is general knowledge among the leadership of the CCCPSU. While the source obtained this information in discussion with all of the above-named officials, he characterized as his chief source of information MIKHAIL SUSLOV, who himself was a participant in the discussions being reported herein.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed LHM has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

January 3, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. 100-428091

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Discussions in Moscow, U.S.S.R.,
During November, 1964, Between the
Communist Party of the Soviet Union
and the Communist Party of China

During early January, 1965, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During December, 1964, a discussion was held in Moscow, U.S.S.R., among members of the leadership of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) which included Mikhail Suslov, a member of the Presidium and a Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CCPSU), concerning the meeting which took place in Moscow, U.S.S.R., between representatives of the CPSU and the Communist Party of China (CPC) following the November 7, 1964, celebration of the 47th Anniversary of the October Revolution. In essence this discussion was as follows:

Following the removal in October, 1964, of Nikita S. Khrushchev from his positions of leadership in the CPSU and the Government of the U.S.S.R., the CPSU was informed by the CPC that the CPC would welcome an invitation to send a delegation to the November 7th celebration in Moscow of the 47th Anniversary of the October Revolution, and in the event such an invitation was forthcoming, the CPC delegation would be led by Chou-En Lai, Premier of the People's Republic of China and a member of the Standing Committee of the Politburo of the CPC.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and declassification~~

100-428091-442

ENCLOSURE

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Discussions in Moscow, U.S.S.R., During
November, 1964, Between the CPSU and
the CPC

The CPSU agreed and issued the invitation, and anticipated discussions with the CPC delegation following the celebration.

At the time of the celebration, there were in Moscow, delegations from communist and workers parties from all over the world. The CPSU did not know what the Chinese wanted to talk about, but they hoped that the CPC would make some positive proposals. In light of this, the CPSU suggested to these other delegations the possibility of postponing the scheduled December 15, 1964, meeting of the Preparatory Commission, for a meeting of world communist and workers parties. This matter was discussed with these other delegations and most agreed that the Preparatory Commission meeting should be postponed. The date of March 1, 1965, was suggested as the date of the postponed meeting and that is the way the matter now stands.

Following the November 7 celebration, bilateral discussions were held between the CPSU and the CPC. As the CPC had indicated, their delegation was headed by Chou-En Lai. Among those included in the CPSU delegation were Leonid Brezhnev, First Secretary of the CCCPSU; Alexei Kosygin, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the U.S.S.R.; Mikhail Suslov, member of the Presidium and a Secretary of the CCCPSU; N. V. Podgorny, member of the Presidium of the CCCPSU, and a number of other members of the Presidium. In essence, the following is the account of these discussions as related by the above members of the leadership of the CPSU: RUSSIA

There were four days of fruitless discussions. The Chinese delegation led by Comrade Chou-En Lai said that they had hoped that the removal of Khrushchev was for international reasons, that is, relations between the CPSU and the CPC. Comrade Chou said, "We are talking to you as victors because we believe that Khrushchev's removal was due to the pressure of the genuine Marxist-Leninists." The Chinese comrades were told by Comrades Brezhnev, Suslov and Kosygin and the other members of the Presidium who were present, very calmly and politely that despite the removal of Khrushchev, the policy of the CPSU remained the same. However, the CPSU was willing to discuss any reasonable proposal which can lead to greater unity.

- 2 -
~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Discussions in Moscow, U.S.S.R., During
November, 1964, Between the CPSU and the CPC

The Chinese comrades in response said, "Of course we can unite if you give up your wrong ideas as contained in your decision of the 20th Congress, 21st Congress and 22nd Congress." The CPSU representatives again very patiently said, "Nothing doing." Comrade Chou said again, "Will you change your program which you adopted at the 22nd Congress which emphasizes peaceful co-existence?" Comrade Brezhnev said, "No."

For a moment there was silence as if the Chinese delegate was stunned. Then Comrade Chou said, "In that case there is nothing to discuss between us, for we thought or believed that after your removal of Khrushchev you would give up at least the erroneous decision of the 20th and 22nd Congresses." Once again Comrade Brezhnev very patiently said, "Comrades of the Chinese Party, supposing we forge the past. Let us imagine we are starting with a blank sheet. Our task is to find the ways and means to liquidate our split and restore the unity of the international workers and communist movement and the unity of the socialist camp."

Comrade Chou then said, "Well, since it is obvious that nothing has changed in the Soviet Union, we cannot discuss anything or to put it more sharply, there is no point to this discussion." Comrade Brezhnev, speaking for the CPSU, suggested some problems that could be discussed: 1. How to put an end to open polemics; and 2. How to stop the factional activities in the international communist movement. Comrade Chou replied with a straight face and without blinking an eyelash that he had not been authorized to discuss these matters.

Comrades Brezhnev and Podgorny said, "Let us spend so much time discussing this meeting of the Preparatory or Editorial Commission. Or if you don't like the name, let's call it something else. If you don't like that, let's organize something else. Let's come up with some suggestions for an agenda, or the time of the meeting, or you please, the broadening of the participants." Comrade Chou categorically refused to discuss any of these questions. He kept on saying in answer to everything that was suggested, "Nothing has changed since my coming to Moscow that nothing has changed since your removal of Khrushchev." Comrade Chou kept repeating then said, "I am authorized to discuss things with you only if you find that there is a new spirit in the USSR."

Comrade Chou was very arrogant and on a number of occasions threatened Brezhnev and said, "If you persist, your fate will be the same as Khrushchev's." Still in all, the Soviet delegate

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Discussions in Moscow, U.S.S.R., During
November, 1964, Between the CPSU and the CPC

The Chinese comrades in response said, "Of course we can unite if you give up your wrong ideas as contained in your decisions of the 20th Congress, 21st Congress and 22nd Congress." The CPSU representatives again very patiently said, "Nothing doing." Comrade Chou said again, "Will you change your program which you adopted at the 22nd Congress which emphasizes peaceful co-existence?" Comrade Brezhnev said, "No."

For a moment there was silence as if the Chinese delegation was stunned. Then Comrade Chou said, "In that case there is nothing to discuss between us, for we thought or believed that after your removal of Khrushchev you would give up at least the erroneous decisions of the 20th and 22nd Congresses." Once again Comrade Brezhnev very patiently said, "Comrades of the Chinese Party, supposing we forget the past. Let us imagine we are starting with a blank sheet. Our task is to find the ways and means to liquidate our split and restore the unity of the international workers and communist movement and the unity of the socialist camp."

Comrade Chou then said, "Well, since it is obvious that nothing has changed in the Soviet Union, we cannot discuss anything, or to put it more sharply, there is no point to this discussion." Comrade Brezhnev, speaking for the CPSU, suggested some problems that could be discussed: 1. How to put an end to open polemics; and 2. How to stop the factional activities in the international communist movement. Comrade Chou replied with a straight face and without blinking an eyelash that he had not been authorized to discuss these matters.

Comrades Brezhnev and Podgorny said, "Let us spend some time discussing this meeting of the Preparatory or Editorial Commission. Or if you don't like the name, let's call it something else. Or if you don't like that, let's organize something else. Let's throw out some suggestions for an agenda, or the time of the meeting, or if you please, the broadening of the participants." Comrade Chou categorically refused to discuss any of these questions. He just kept on saying in answer to everything that was suggested, "It is obvious since my coming to Moscow that nothing has changed since your removal of Khrushchev." Comrade Chou kept repeating this and then said, "I am authorized to discuss things with you only if I find that there is a new spirit in the USSR."

Comrade Chou was very arrogant and on a number of occasions threatened Brezhnev and said, "If you persist, your fate will be the same as Khrushchev's." Still in all, the Soviet delegation led by

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Discussions in Moscow, U.S.S.R., During
November, 1964, Between the CPSU and the CPC

Comrade Brezhnev kept calm and continued in a very polite, if even in a strained, comradely manner, to suggest that they meet on another level, even in Peking, if the Chinese comrades wanted. In a detached manner, Comrade Chou said, "I will inform Comrade Mao about this suggestion and in time we will let the CPSU know of our decision."

Comrade Chou continued, "It's obvious that no agreement is possible at all between the CPC and the CPSU. You are the willing tool of U.S. imperialism." When this phrase was uttered by Comrade Chou, he was challenged: "Why make such irresponsible charges? You are slandering not only our Party, but our Government and our people." Comrade Chou, in a very serious way, said, "Is it not a fact that Comrade Kosygin shook the hand of the American Ambassador who is a representative of U.S. imperialism?" When we heard about this we blushed. Chou continued, "You, the leadership of the CPSU, are not fighting U.S. imperialism. You are running in the same harness, along the same path as U.S. imperialists."

By this time the Soviet comrades had a difficult time controlling themselves. The CPC delegation was asked, "Do you have any other suggestions on which to deal with us?" There was no reply. There were minutes of silence. You could hear a pin drop. Again the delegation of the CPSU suggested, "Supposing we meet at the highest level - you suggest the place." Comrade Chou replied and said, "Perhaps we will consider these discussions of today and we will have some answers for you. Perhaps." That answer was the attack upon the policies and leadership of the CPSU which appeared in an editorial in Red Flag shortly after Comrade Chou's return to the People's Republic of China.

The CPSU leadership has come to the conclusion that the CPC leadership is irreconcilable as it stands now. They want the ultimate and that is the complete surrender of the programs of the 20th and 22nd Congresses of the CPSU. So, after these discussions with the CPC delegation, the CCCPSU decided that they would make another try at getting this conference of the Communist and Workers Parties together.

Further signs of extreme hostility, etc

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
FBI

Date: 1/3/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 TS-C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for Chicago one copy of a LHM entitled, "Information concerning Status and Plans of March 1, 1965, Preparatory or Editorial Commission Meeting in Moscow for World Meeting of Communist and Workers Parties, 1965."

The information in the enclosed LHM was furnished on 12/31/64 and 1/2/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAS RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed LHM is classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information contained herein was obtained by source during the course of separate discussions held in Moscow, USSR, during December, 1964, with the following individuals:

- 1 and 81965
 3 - BUREAU (Encl. 4) (RM)
 1 - CHICAGO (Encl. 1) (134-46 Sub B) (AM RM)
 1 - NY

RWH:mfd
 (6)

ENCLOSURE
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11/1/65
 let to 12/1/65
 me come to Bureau, AG
 11/1/65
 WGS: psh

REC-39 100-428091-4423

5 JAN 8 1965

Approved: PHG Jm
 65 JAN 20 1965 Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

NY 100-134637

MIKHAIL SUSLOV, member of the Presidium and Secretariat of the CCCPSU; FNU BELIKOV, Deputy to BORIS N. PONOMAREV, member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, CCCPSU; and NIKOLAI MOSTOVETS, Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department of the CCCPSU.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed LHM has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

January 3, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. 100-428091

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Information Concerning Status and Plans
of March 1, 1965, Preparatory or Editorial
Commission Meeting in Moscow for World
Meeting of Communist and Workers Parties, 1965

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during late December, 1964, and early January, 1965, advised as follows:

As of late December, 1964, it was the opinion of leading representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), as well as the opinion of leaders of other major Communist Parties currently supporting the ideological line of the CPSU, that it was 99% certain that the scheduled March 1, 1965, Preparatory or Editorial Commission meeting, which had been rescheduled from December 15, 1964, to plan for a world-wide meeting of Communist and Workers Parties later in 1965, would be held as now planned.

It was further noted by leading CPSU representatives that the decision to postpone the meeting from December 15, 1964, to March 1, 1965, followed a favorable response from over fifty Communist Parties throughout the world who had received an inquiry sent out by the CPSU on this matter. However, all parties which agreed to the postponement and rescheduling of this Preparatory meeting informed the CPSU that this must be the last postponement as far as they were concerned.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and declassification~~

100-428091-44-3

ENCLOSURE

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Information Concerning Status and Plans
of March 1, 1965, Preparatory or Editorial
Commission Meeting in Moscow for World
Meeting of Communist and Workers Parties, 1965

It was pointed out by these CPSU representatives that the time now intervening before the scheduled March 1, 1965, meeting will be used by the CPSU to attempt to convince the various Communist and Workers Parties that they, the CPSU, will not surrender any of their principles and that these principles are correct. The CPSU will also, during this period, seek to carry out discussions with those parties who are hesitant concerning attendance in hope that on the basis of Marxist-Leninist principles of unity of the international movement that they will change their positions and attend.

As of late December, 1964, seventeen of the twenty-six Communist or Workers Parties, including all those parties in Latin America to whom invitations had been sent, had replied and accepted the invitation to participate in the March 1, 1965, Preparatory meeting in Moscow. Seven Communist or Workers Parties receiving similar invitations to attend the meeting have refused to participate. They are as follows: The Communist Party of China (CPC), Albanian Party of Labor, Communist Party of Japan, the Korean Party of Labor, Communist Party of Indonesia, Rumanian Workers Party, Workers Party of Viet Nam.

In addition, neither the Communist Party of Great Britain nor the Communist Party of Italy have responded at all to the invitation for the March 1, 1965 meeting. These parties are hesitant about attending; however, it is believed by the CPSU that although they have not answered they will be present when this meeting convenes.

In regard to the Rumanian Workers Party's decision not to attend the March 1, 1965, meeting, it is known that they are not in total agreement with the CPC's ideological position and/or its policies. The Rumanian Workers Party itself at times condemned some of the policies of the CPC and frequently chides the CPC for failure to live up to the documents of the meetings of 1957 and 1960, which they approved. The Rumanian Workers Party has frequently made reference to the CPC in regard to their failure in official resolutions of their party. At this time however, the Rumanians believe that it is impossible to hold any kind of an international meeting without the participation of the CPC and that an absence of the CPC from such a meeting would show the entire world that there is a split in the international communist movement.

- 2 -
~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Information Concerning Status and Plans
of March 1, 1965, Preparatory or Editorial
Commission Meeting in Moscow for World
Meeting of Communist and Workers Parties, 1965

Yet, according to the CPSU representatives, there is no complete unity without the Rumanian Workers Party and there is a possibility that they may yet come to the March 1, 1965, meeting and participate in it. At the present time, the CPSU is carrying on bilateral discussions with representatives of the Rumanian Workers Party on the topic of Rumanian participation in the March 1, 1965, meeting.

Another factor which encourages the CPSU to believe that the Rumanians may participate in the March 1, 1965, meeting is that the Rumanians are establishing closer ties with Yugoslavia which shows that the Rumanian Workers Party is not following the Chinese line in total, since the main attack of the CPC has been delivered against Yugoslavia.

In regard to the Workers Party of Viet Nam, the CPSU has been encouraged by some recent events and believes that there is a "slight possibility" of a break-through with the Workers Party of Viet Nam and that they may attend the March 1, 1965, meeting.

In view of the objections raised by some Communist Parties in regard to the calling of this March 1, 1965, meeting, the Central Committee (CC) CPSU has now prepared and circulated a letter to the various Communist and Workers Parties throughout the world. In this letter they pointed out that this meeting of March 1, 1965, has not been called for the purpose of excommunicating any party. This meeting they note is necessary in order that the international movement can take note of changes in the world situation and be able to scientifically determine how these changes can outline the general tasks of the communist movement.

In preparation for the actual holding of the March 1, 1965, meeting, leading theoreticians of the CPSU are now preparing documents which will be presented to this meeting. Some other parties also are reportedly preparing drafts of their own documents which they plan to submit. All parties will receive copies of documents being drafted by the CPSU and they may offer their amendments. As a result these documents will be collective, not polemical and documents which will serve to unify the movement.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Re: Information Concerning Status and Plans
of March 1, 1965, Preparatory or Editorial
Commission Meeting in Moscow for World
Meeting of Communist and Workers Parties, 1965

As to the March 1, 1965, Preparatory meeting itself, the first session will not attempt to deal with substantive questions. The general aim shall be first to decide what matters should be the subject of discussion and identify those items on which agreement could be reached or which will promote unity on the basis of Marxist-Leninist principles.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/4/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Comments of Representative, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Concerning Communist Party of New Zealand."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/1/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.

- 1-813RB with encl
3-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
RWH:MDW
(5)

ENCLOSURE

JAN 8 1965

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

January 4, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMENTS OF REPRESENTATIVE, COMMUNIST
PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION, CONCERNING
COMMUNIST PARTY OF NEW ZEALAND

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows:

During December, 1964, Nikolai V. Mostovets, Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), made the following comments:

While the CP of New Zealand has formally aligned itself with the CP of China and has accepted that Party's ideological line, there is new opposition to this line rising there. This group in opposition to the present line of the CP of New Zealand is similar to that group in Japan being led by Yoshio Siga, who was expelled from the CP of Japan for voting for the test ban treaty in the Japanese Diet. This new New Zealand group stands for peace, favors the test ban treaty, and favors the position of the CPSU and the overwhelming majority of the international communist movement. As such, we will support this group or any group that stands for peace.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4424

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/4/65

Transmit the following in _____

EX 109
REC-514 AM 1/4/65
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Comments of Communist Party of the Soviet Union Representatives Regarding Communist Party of Japan."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/1 and 2/65 to SAs. WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

The information contained in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during the course of

- 1- 813 RB with memo
- ③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
- 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4425

EX-100

5 JAN 8 1965

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

CG 134-46 Sub B

discussions held in Moscow, USSR, during 12/64 with the following individuals: MIKHAIL A. SUSLOV, member of the Presidium and Secretariat, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union; (FNU) BELIKOV, Deputy to BORIS N. PONOMAREV, a member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union; and, NIKOLAI V. MOSTOVETS, Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

January 4, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMENTS OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET
UNION REPRESENTATIVES REGARDING COMMUNIST
PARTY OF JAPAN

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows:

During December, 1964, leading representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) discussed the Communist Party of Japan (CPJ) and provided the following as their analyses which in essence were as follows:

The influence of the Communist Party of China (CPC) within the CPJ is even stronger than the influence of the CPC within the Workers Party of Viet Nam, although the line of the CPJ contradicts the best interests of the Japanese people. The people of Japan were the first, and only, to suffer the effect of an atom bomb blast. They, therefore, greeted the test ban treaty, but the CPJ repudiated this test ban treaty and greeted the atom test of the Peoples Republic of China and are against disarmament or anything that leads to understanding among nations. As a result, the CPJ is losing membership, with many among its leadership and rank and file dropping away. In addition, the organ of the Central Committee of the CPJ, "Akahata," is losing circulation.

In Japan there is a lot of sympathy for the USSR. For example, when the Soviet delegation came to Japan, they were warmly greeted. When A. I. Mikoyan, Chairman of the Supreme Soviet, came to Japan, a Society composed of Japanese prisoners of war who had been captured by the Russians greeted him and sent gifts to the Soviet delegation. Notwithstanding this, the CPJ is now conducting one of the most

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100-428091-4425

COMMENTS OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET
UNION REPRESENTATIVES REGARDING COMMUNIST
PARTY OF JAPAN

~~TOP SECRET~~

vicious anti-Soviet campaigns. As a result of this, it is obvious there is a big contradiction between the people of Japan and the CPJ.

Presently in Japan a new group is rising under the leadership of Yoshio Siga, the member of the Japanese Diet who had been expelled from the CPJ for defending the test ban treaty and voting for its ratification in the Japanese Diet. We, in the CPSU, tend to give support to Siga and will likewise support all groups in Japan who stand for peace.

While the CPC considers all anti-Party factions in all countries as "Parties," we do not. We still recognize formally the CPJ as the one and only CP there and will continue our formal relations and communications with that Party. The CPC does not communicate or recognize any other Party except those which agree with their line one hundred percent.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 1/4/65

Transmit the following in _____

REC-38

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

3T-101

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled "MOBILIZATION OF COMMUNIST PARTIES OF THE WORLD FOR CAMPAIGN AGAINST MC CARRAN ACT."

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 12/31/64 and 1/3/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security and thus adversely affecting the national security.

For the information of the Bureau, CG 5824-S* was in the German Democratic Republic on 12/21/64, at which time he was recalled to Moscow by the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) for the purpose of handling several matters for GUS HALL, instructions concerning which had been forwarded

- 1 - 813 RB with encls
 ③ - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM)
 1 - New York (Encl. 1) (100-134637) (AMRM)
 2 - Chicago
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WAB:sck
 (6)

ENCLOSURE

REC-39

100-428091-4426

1-100 (AMRM)

JAN 8 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 27 1965

Special Agent in Charge

CG 134-46 Sub B

to Moscow through the Solo apparatus. This information was furnished to the Bureau by New York airtel captioned "SOLO" dated 12/16/64. One of these instructions was that the CPs of the world must be mobilized to assist the CP, USA in its fight against the Mc Carran Act. With the assistance of the CP, USA members then in Moscow and with the active support of the Central Committee CPSU who were aware of the contents of HALL's message and were very much in favor of this campaign, CG 5824-S* convened a meeting of the CP, USA members then present and a broad campaign and series of contacts was organized and carried out. A statement was prepared by ART SHIELDS, "The Worker" correspondent in Moscow, and WILLIAM PATTERSON. The Central Committee CPSU prepared mimeographed copies of the CP, USA statement which appeared in the 12/20/64 issue of "The Worker." Both of these statements were then personally distributed by CP, USA members to the embassies of the socialist countries in Moscow and to representatives of other Communist and Workers Parties who were in Moscow for various reasons. In addition, in the case of those countries whose Party representatives had not been contacted, the CP, USA members who were going to be traveling to various countries were then assigned the task of delivering the CP, USA statements to such Parties accompanied by a strong appeal for solidarity with the CP, USA.

Finally, when CG 5824-S* subsequently traveled to Prague, Czechoslovakia, he was in contact with A. SOBOLEV, acting editor of the "World Marxist Review," who had already been made aware of the world-wide anti-Mc Carran Act campaign being prepared. SOBOLEV then suggested and invited CG 5824-S* to address the approximately 50 members of the Collegium of the magazine, representing a number of Parties from throughout the world. At that time the "World Marxist Review" had already gone to press but the staff had already in the process of being printed the insert for the magazine referred to herein. CG 5824-S* was shown the proof sheets of this insert before he left Prague.

In carrying out the campaign of contacts with representatives of Communist and Workers Parties throughout the world, CG 5824-S* was able to recall the following

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specific assignments of members of the CP, USA abroad at that time:

WILLIAM PATTERSON was in touch with the head of the Progressive Jurists Society who is a Frenchman from Paris, then in a hospital in Moscow. PATTERSON is the CP, USA member who is undertaking the study of the international aspects of the Mc Carran Act. PATTERSON expects to go to France and, if he can overcome the present ban upon his entry, he will also go to Great Britain. PHIL BART is going to France and Great Britain and will make efforts to get PATTERSON into Great Britain.

The CPSU has agreed to handle this matter with the CP of Italy. The Socialist Unity Party of Germany will handle the contacts with the leadership of the CP of Germany (German Federal Republic). CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT will contact the CP of Finland and the CPs of other Scandinavian countries, the CP of Algeria and the other CPs of Africa during his projected trip to various countries in Africa. PHIL BART and JIM TORMEY, then in Warsaw, made the contacts with the Polish United Workers Party.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
January 4, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

MOBILIZATION OF COMMUNIST PARTIES
OF THE WORLD FOR CAMPAIGN AGAINST
MC CARRAN ACT

During late December, 1964, and early January, 1965, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised as follows:

The announcement during December, 1964, by the United States Department of Justice that the U.S. Government is going to proceed with the prosecution of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) under the provisions of the Internal Security Act of 1950 (Mc Carran Act) has triggered an immediate response from the CP, USA and the other Communist and Workers Parties of the world. At the present time an effort is being made to mobilize all the Communist and Workers Parties of the world in a broad campaign against enforcement of the Mc Carran Act by the U.S. Government. This campaign is being organized in the following manner:

Acting upon the instructions of Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CP, USA, members of the CP, USA in Moscow, USSR, and in other socialist countries during December, 1964, immediately initiated contacts with representatives of the various Communist and Workers Parties then available and with the embassies in Moscow of the socialist countries. As of late December, 1964, the following Parties had been so contacted:

CP of Argentina
CP of Australia
CP of Belgium
CP of Bolivia
Bulgarian CP

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~~downgrading and~~
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100-428091-4426

RE: MOBILIZATION OF COMMUNIST
PARTIES OF THE WORLD FOR
CAMPAIGN AGAINST MC CARRAN ACT

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CP of Canada
CP of Chile
CP of Colombia
Peoples Vanguard Party of Costa Rica
CP of Czechoslovakia
United Party of the Socialist Revolution (Cuba)
Progressive Party of the Working People of Cyprus
Dominican Peoples Socialist Party
(Dominican Republic)
CP of El Salvador
Socialist Unity Party of Germany
(German Democratic Republic)
Guatemala Party of Labor
Hungarian Socialist Workers Party
Workers League of Ireland
Mongolian Peoples Revolutionary Party
Socialist Party of Nicaragua
Polish United Workers Party
Romanian Workers Party
CP of Sweden
CP of the Soviet Union
CP of Uruguay

Furthermore, plans had additionally been made and assignments given for contacts to be made in the immediate future with the following Parties:

CP of Algeria
CP of Brazil
CP of Finland
CP of France
CP of Germany (German Federal Republic)
CP of Great Britain
CP of Italy
Peoples Party of Panama
CP of Venezuela

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RE: MOBILIZATION OF COMMUNIST
PARTIES OF THE WORLD FOR
CAMPAIGN AGAINST MC CARRAN ACT

~~TOP SECRET~~

An assignment was also made for such contacts to be made in the near future with other Parties in Africa and other Scandinavian countries.

In addition, the representative of the CP, USA addressed an appeal for solidarity with the fight of the CP, USA against "U.S. imperialism" to a gathering in Prague, Czechoslovakia, of the approximately 50 members of the Collegium of the magazine "Problems of Peace and Socialism" (also known as the "World Marxist Review"), official theoretical journal of the international communist movement. Following this appeal, there was prepared and printed to be inserted in the January, 1965 issue of "World Marxist Review" such an appeal asking for solidarity of all Communist and Workers Parties of the world with the cause of the CP, USA. This insert contained a reprint of a substantial portion of the statement of the CP, USA which appeared in the December 20, 1964 issue of "The Worker", the East Coast communist newspaper in the United States. This insert will be distributed throughout the world.

One representative of the CP, USA has made contact with a representative of the Progressive Jurists Society which is headquartered in Paris, France, and has begun a study of the international aspects of the Mc Carran Act, which he will pursue further with the above society.

The proponents of this campaign expect that the President of the United States, the U.S. Department of Justice and U.S. Embassies abroad will be deluged with telegrams, petitions and delegations making representations concerning the alleged injustice of the Mc Carran Act. The U.S. Government will be accused of hypocrisy on the subject of justice and freedom, and U.S. President Lyndon B. Johnson will be charged with violating the overwhelming

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RE: MOBILIZATION OF COMMUNIST
PARTIES OF THE WORLD FOR
CAMPAIGN AGAINST MC CARRAN ACT

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mandate of the people of the United States reflected in his recent election victory. Some Parties, such as those in Chile, Uruguay, Argentina and Cyprus, have promised to raise this matter in their countries' Parliaments. It is expected that wherever the communists have elected representation they will try to raise this question in Parliament.

It was learned that on the evening of December 27, 1964, the Presidium of the Central Committee CPSU met and voted to conduct a broad campaign of solidarity with the CP, USA. The leadership of the CPSU finds it difficult to understand this action by the government of the United States in light of the recent defeat of the political right in the U.S. elections. Some have expressed the feeling that it is possible that the United States is planning a war and may be trying to strike the first blow against the communists. The CPSU will make their campaign very broad, extending even into the provinces, not just the larger cities, and it will include mass meetings in factories and on farms, articles in the press by leading people, and articles concerning injustice in the United States directed against Negroes in Mississippi, etc. In addition, the CPSU will send a circular letter to most of the CPs of the world apprising them of the CP, USA's problem and informing them of the broad campaign being undertaken by the CPSU. Although the CPSU cannot tell these Parties what to do, they expect that these other Parties will then initiate similar actions and campaigns. Among those contacted was Gilberto Vieira, Political Secretary of the Central Committee CP of Colombia, who made the following comments. Vieira told about the armed struggle going on in the rural areas of Colombia. The reactionaries led by Americans using the Lasser (phonetic) Plan are suppressing the movement of the progressive people. He stated it would be helpful if the CP, USA exposed this campaign of the military against the people of Colombia in rural areas.

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RE: MOBILIZATION OF COMMUNIST
PARTIES OF THE WORLD FOR
CAMPAIGN AGAINST MC CARRAN ACT

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According to Vieira, the United States may find itself in the same position in Colombia and other Latin American countries as the United States now finds itself in Viet Nam. Vieira said the CP, USA should tell the American people that if the United States does not stop helping the reactionaries, this is what will happen.

According to Vieira, the Negroes struggle for their civil rights in the United States has gotten a big reaction in Colombia. He stated the Negroes struggle has exposed the demagogy of imperialism in the United States and shows that the United States is just parroting phrases about freedom but in reality is denying freedom and rights to the Negro. Vieira promised that the CP of Colombia will raise the problem of the CP, USA fight against the Mc Carran Act in the trade unions, in some Parliamentary groups and among the workers in general. He urged the CP, USA to send some delegates to Colombia and promised that the CP of Colombia would give those delegates full support.

Another individual contacted was Rodney Arismendi, First Secretary, Central Committee CP of Uruguay. He promised to raise the issue of the Mc Carran Act in Uruguay, in the press, in Parliament, in numerous city councils, on radio and television, in statements from intellectuals and trade union leaders, and by the issuance of a statement by Parliamentary group. Arismendi promised that there will be mass meetings and mobilization of university students. There will be actions in Montevideo and other cities. There will be demonstrations in front of U.S. institutions and in factories controlled by U.S. money. He requested that the CP, USA lawyers prepare papers showing how the Mc Carran Act stands in violation of the U.S. Constitution and in reality puts people in jail for their ideas.

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RE: MOBILIZATION OF COMMUNIST
PARTIES OF THE WORLD FOR
CAMPAIGN AGAINST MC CARRAN ACT

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Another individual contacted was M. Trado, a member of the Political Bureau of the CP of Chile. Trado said he will inform the Political Bureau of the CP of Chile about the CP, USA difficulties. He promised they will make a real effort to help. During and after the last elections, the CP of Chile fought on an anti-monopoly and anti-oligarchy program. They were attacking U.S. imperialism. This movement is growing as reflected in the fact that the progressive movement, of which the CP of Chile is a part, received 44% of the votes in the last election. Although they did not win, they received a greater vote than the last time. So, the influence of the left is strong and therefore can easily organize a real protest campaign.

According to Trado, even the new government of the Christian Social Democrats is under great pressure especially by the peasants and that government moves only from this pressure. Yet this government will not be able to relieve this pressure. But this has forced them to form a foreign policy in which they have again recognized the government of the USSR and have increased their trade with the USSR. At the present time preparations are now under way in Chile for new Parliamentary elections. The CP of Chile will use the anti-Mc Carran Act campaign to expose U.S. imperialism. In their work they will stress the difficulties being encountered by the CP, USA. While they will emphasize the exposure of U.S. imperialism, they will also try to show that they have nothing against the U.S. people who are different from the imperialists. Trado stated that the Chilean people are glad the American people were able to smash the threat of the extremists from the right in the recent U.S. elections. He viewed the defeat of the Goldwater ticket as a help to the Chilean people. He said that the popular forces of Chile, including the CP and the intellectuals, will organize a

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RE: MOBILIZATION OF COMMUNIST
PARTIES OF THE WORLD FOR
CAMPAIGN AGAINST MC CARRAN ACT

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campaign to help the CP, USA. He urged the CP, USA to send materials on this campaign immediately so that the CP of Chile can use them during the Parliamentary elections. Trado based his support of the CP, USA in this fight on the statement "We will be true to our international duties."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/4/65

Transmit the following in _____

REC-51 4 M 2

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Comments of Communist Party of the Soviet Union Official Regarding Internal Situation in Workers Party of Viet Nam."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 1/1/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby, jeopardizing the security and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.

- 1-813 RB with encl
- ③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
- 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Chicago
- RWH:MDW

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Approved: *MJ/ly*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

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Per _____

65 JAN 5 1965



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

January 4, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMENTS OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET
UNION OFFICIAL REGARDING INTERNAL SITUATION
IN WORKERS PARTY OF VIET NAM

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows:

In commenting on the present situation existing within the Workers Party of Viet Nam, a Party which is currently aligned with the Communist Party (CP) of China, Mikhail A. Suslov, a member of the Presidium and the Secretariat of the Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union, indicated that there were several things which might be interpreted as showing a "slight possibility of a breakthrough" for the CP of the Soviet Union and indicating that they might get the Workers Party of Viet Nam to participate in the March 1, 1965, Preparatory or Editorial Commission meeting in Moscow, USSR, which is to prepare for a later meeting of all world Communist and Workers Parties.

For example, it was disclosed that within the recent past, a conference, of an undisclosed nature, had been held in Hanoi, Democratic Republic of Viet Nam. The CP of China had at this conference tried its level best to isolate the CP of the Soviet Union delegation which was present. However, the Workers Party of Viet Nam reacted well and did not follow the CP of China line and, in fact, rejected all CP of China proposals to isolate the CP of the Soviet Union delegation. It was also pointed out that while on the whole the Workers Party of Viet Nam does follow the CP of China line, this is not done foolhardily. While there are strong forces within the Workers Party of Viet Nam exercising pressures on behalf of the

~~TOP SECRET~~

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ENCLOSURE

COMMENTS OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET
UNION OFFICIAL REGARDING INTERNAL SITUATION
IN WORKERS PARTY OF VIET NAM

~~TOP SECRET~~

CP of China, ~~HO Chi-minh~~, Chairman of the Workers Party
of Viet Nam, ~~for one~~, is fighting hard and has the "correct
line."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to
your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed
outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

FBI
EX 109
Date: 1/4/65
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
REC-51 LHM 01

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Remarks of Communist Party of the Soviet Union Representatives Concerning Reaction of Communist Party of China to Unity Talks Held in Moscow, November, 1964."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/1/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

The information contained in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during the course

- 1-813 RB with encl
3-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

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JAN 8 1965

Approved

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65 JAN 25 1965

Special Agent in Charge

2 ends destroyed WLC

CG 134-46 Sub B

of discussions held in Moscow, USSR, during 12/64 with the following individuals: MIKHAIL A. SUSLOV, member of the Presidium and Secretariat, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union; (FNU) BELIKOV, Deputy to BORIS N. PONOMAREV, a member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union; and, NIKOLAI V. MOSTOVETS, Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

January 4, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

REMARKS OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET
UNION REPRESENTATIVES CONCERNING REACTION
OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHINA TO UNITY TALKS
HELD IN MOSCOW, NOVEMBER, 1964

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows:

According to highly placed representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), they considered that the response of the Communist Party of China (CPC) to the meeting held in Moscow following the 47th Anniversary of the Russian Revolution, which was held for the purpose of discussing international unity within the communist world, was clearly reflected in the editorial printed by the CPC in "Hongqi" ("Red Flag"), the fortnightly of the Central Committee, CPC. In this editorial, the CPC not only attacked Khrushchev but the CPSU and the international movement. They charged the CPSU with betraying the Soviet people and openly asked the Soviet people to overthrow the new leadership of the CPSU. They charged that the CPSU was practicing Khrushchevism without Khrushchev. Following the actual publication of this editorial, they did then for days following broadcast its contents by CPC radio in Russian so that the Soviet people might hear it. Since then, the CPC has nearly every day broadcast or printed some new additional material in the Russian language following the same general theme.

In addition, this reaction of the CPC to those unity talks in Moscow has been repeated by the Albanian Party of Labor (APL). For example, Enver Hoxha, First Secretary

Albania

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4428
ENCLOSURE

REMARKS OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET
UNION REPRESENTATIVES CONCERNING REACTION
OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHINA TO UNITY TALKS
HELD IN MOSCOW, NOVEMBER, 1964

~~TOP SECRET~~

Secretary of the APL, at the time of the celebration of Albania's liberation, totally ignored this anniversary and delivered an attack against Khrushchev, Khrushchevism, and the Soviet people. He made the statement that other CPs should get rid of their present leadership and follow the example of the Russian people in disposing of Khrushchev and that as a result new Marxist Parties and leaders would arise. Hoxha even went so far as to actually name factionalist groups and their leaders in his speech. In addition, Hoxha, in his remarks, also called for the removal of Comrade Leonid I. Brezhnev, First Secretary, Central Committee, CPSU, and Aleksei N. Kosygin, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR. He was more outspoken than the Chinese and when he called for the overthrow of the Soviet Government, he spelled it out. Even with this, the CPC was not content with its own attacks against the CPSU and it went further and reprinted and rebroadcast the contents of all of these Albanian attacks..

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

F.B.I.

Date: 1/5/65

Transmit the following in _____

REC-51 LHM

EX 109 (Type in plain text or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "Legal Addresses for Contact with the Communist Party of Chile by the Communist Party, USA."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/3/65 to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1-413 RB Smith send

③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)

1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)

1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

ENCLOSURE

Approved _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 JAN 15 1965

LEGAL ADDRESSES FOR CONTACT WITH THE
COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHILE BY THE COMMUNIST
PARTY, USA

In December, 1964, during a discussion carried on with ~~M. Grado~~, a member of the Politburo of the Communist Party (CP) of Chile, in Moscow, USSR, that individual provided two addresses for contact by the CP, USA with the CP of Chile. One of the addresses for communicating officially with the Chilean Party on strictly Party matters was as follows:

~~Luis Corvalan Lopez
Centinos 410
Santiago, Chile~~

The other address furnished at this time to be used in directing material to and corresponding with the CP of Chile was as follows:

~~El Siglo
Yose Minquel Varos
Lira 361
Santiago, Chile~~

~~YOSE MINQUEL VAROS~~
~~CHILE~~

ENCLOSURE

- 1 -

100-428091-4457

F B I

Date: 1/5/65

Transmit the following in _____

REC-51

EX 109 Type in plain text of Encl.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "Addresses for Use of Communist Party, USA, in Connection With Contact With the Communist Party of Mexico."

The information contained in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished on 1/3/65 by CG 5824-S* to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

REC-39

100-428091-4430

EX-100

JAN 8 1965

1-813 RB with serial
③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134627) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW

3 ENCLOSURE

(5)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 JAN 25 1965

ADDRESSES FOR USE OF COMMUNIST PARTY,
USA, IN CONNECTION WITH CONTACT WITH
THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF MEXICO

During conversation which was held in Moscow, ~~USSR~~, in mid-December, 1964, with ~~Arnoldo Martinez Verdugo~~, First Secretary, Communist Party (CP) of Mexico, that individual advised that if any representative of the CP, USA, including Gus Hall, himself, desired to visit Mexico, such arrangements could easily and confidentially be made. He then provided a slip of paper bearing the following name and address of a person whom he described as reliable and as the person to be contacted regarding visits to Mexico and arrangements for confidential meetings with CP of Mexico leaders:

X
Xavier Guerrero
Plaza Melchior Ocampo
No 33-2
Mexico City, DF

Verdugo then stated that Guerrero is held in high esteem and respect not only by the CP of Mexico but also by many people of Mexico and he can be fully trusted.

In addition to the above, Verdugo also at this time provided a second slip of paper captioned "Domicilio Legal" for Guerrero which was as follows:

Merida No 18C
Colonia Roma
Mexico City, DF

He provided this latter address for the purpose of it being used for the mailing of legal Party material.

FBI

Date: 1/5/65

Transmit the following in _____

REX 51L H 1/12/65

EX 100

(Type in plain text or code)

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Presence in Moscow, USSR, December, 1964, of Latin American Communist Party Leaders."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/3/65 to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C., in order to provide additional security to the source.

- 1-813 RB with serial
③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

4 ENCLOSURE

2 each destroyed
WGS

REC-39 100-428091-4431

5 JAN 8 1965 ✓

INT. SEC. 1

Approved: *[Signature]*
65 JAN 7 1965 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 5, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

PRESENCE IN MOSCOW, USSR, DECEMBER,
1964, OF LATIN AMERICAN COMMUNIST
PARTY LEADERS

A source, who has furnished reliable information
in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows:

During the first part of December, 1964, a plane
load of Latin American Communist Party (CP) leaders arrived
in Moscow, USSR, from Havana, Cuba, where most, if not all,
of these individuals had participated in a conference of
Latin American CP leaders. In Moscow these Latin American
CP leaders were housed in the Central Committee hotel which
would indicate they were in the USSR on official business
and as guests of the CP of the Soviet Union. Included
among those who comprised this group of Latin American CP
leaders who arrived in Moscow during early December, 1964,
were:

Russia { Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, a Minister *Cuba*
of the Cuban Government and a member
of the Directorate of the United Party
of the Socialist Revolution

Rodney Arismendi, First Secretary, CP
of Uruguay

Arnoldo Martinez Verdugo, First Secretary,
CP of Mexico

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4431
ENCLOSURE

PRESENCE IN MOSCOW, USSR, DECEMBER,
1964, OF LATIN AMERICAN COMMUNIST
PARTY LEADERS

~~TOP SECRET~~

Russia

Victorio Codovilla, Chairman, CP of
Argentina

Rudolfo Ghioldi, a member of the Central
Committee, CP of Argentina

M. Prado, a member of the Politburo, CP
of Chile

Gilberto Vieira, Political Secretary,
CP of Colombia

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

F B I

EX 109

Date: 1/5/65

Transmit the following in _____

REC-51

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Information Concerning Anibal and Cesar Escalante."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 1/1 and 3/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

The information which is set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed during the course of separate discussions with CARLOS RAFAEL RODRIQUEZ, a Minister of the Cuban Government and a member of the Directorate of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution, and with NIKOLAI V. MOSTOVETS, Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union, carried on during mid-12/64 in Moscow, USSR.

1- PIRB with ariel
3-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)

1-New York (Enc. 1) (Info) (100-134637) (RM)
1-Chicago
RWH:MDW (5)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

11/2/65
HLB:pah

Per _____

5, JAN 8 1965

65 JAN 25 1965

CG 134-46 Sub B

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 5, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

INFORMATION CONCERNING ANIBAL AND
CESAR ESCALANTE

In early January, 1965, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

In mid-December, 1964, it was learned that Cesar Escalante, an old-time Cuban communist who had become active in and a Director of the Integrated Revolutionary Organization (IRO), the predecessor of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution (PURS), is back in Cuba and continues to be very ill and is expected to die soon. He has been ill for an extensive time and has undergone medical treatment in the USSR. At the present time, he has a great amount of pain and agony and very little medically can be done for him.

His brother, Anibal Escalante, was recently granted permission by the PURS to make a return visit to Cuba from the USSR for the sole purpose of seeing Cesar. Anibal Escalante, it will be recalled, was once a member of the Directorate of the IRO and a long-time Cuban Communist Party (CP) member who was expelled in 1962 for sectarianism and went into exile in the USSR.

During this same period, a representative of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union, was heard to remark that "Fidel Castro had played a dirty trick on

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4432
ENCLOSURE

INFORMATION CONCERNING ANIBAL AND
CESAR ESCALANTE

~~TOP SECRET~~

Anibal. He, perhaps, was the man who could have kept Fidel Castro and his gang from being adventurous."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

FBI

REG-51

Date: 1/5/65

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Transmit the following in AIRTEL (Type in plain, text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - CEnclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original
and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead
memorandum entitled, "Robert Williams."The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead
memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/3/65 to SA RICHARD
W. HANSEN.The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified
"~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by
CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information
on the highest level concerning the international communist
movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained
therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as
the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source
and thus adversely affecting the national interest.In order to provide additional security to the
source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown
as having been made at Washington, D. C.

- 1- 813 RB with encl
- 3-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
- 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

ENCLOSURE

del to state

1- CIA
1- AAG

1/12/65

HLB: Pab

JAN 8 1965

IN-100-428091-4433

Approved: [Signature] Special Agent in ChargeSent M Per [Signature]

65 JAN 27 1965



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 5, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~ROBERT WILLIAMS~~

In early January, 1965, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

In mid-December, 1964, Carlos Rafael Rodriquez, a Minister in the Cuban Government and a member of the Directorate of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution (PURS), remarked that to his knowledge Robert Williams had not as yet returned to Cuba and was believed to still be in Peking, China. He further noted that Cuba is not entirely happy with Williams' presence in Cuba but at the present time does not know what can be done about this or what can be done to quiet him down.

Robert Williams, it will be recalled, is a United States citizen who fled the United States several years ago to avoid his arrest on an outstanding United States warrant. Since he fled the United States, he has taken up residence in Cuba.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

100-428091-4433

ENCLOSURE

FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Transmit the following in

REC-38

ST-117

REGISTERED MAIL

(Type in plain text or code)

Via

AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Identities of Individuals in International Department, Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany."

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 12/31/64 & 1/3/65 by CG 5824-S* to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

The information concerning the identities of the individuals set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was secured during the course of CG 5824-S*'s brief trip to Berlin, German Democratic Republic, during the period 12/18-21/64. The above individuals were those with whom CG 5824-S* specifically had contact.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.

- 1- 813 R/S with serial
③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM) 1 cc of AT + 1 incl destroyed 1/14/65
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
RWH:MDW

ENCLOSURE

(5)

Approved: *mg/cy*

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

65 JAN 27 1965

JAN 8 1965



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 5, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

IDENTITIES OF INDIVIDUALS IN
INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT,
CENTRAL COMMITTEE, SOCIALIST
UNITY PARTY OF GERMANY

In early January, 1965, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished the following information concerning the below-noted individuals who were then connected with the International Department, Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany:

(First name unknown) Monkovski

Deputy Head of the International Department; approximately 35 years of age. This individual at one time may have had some connection with the German Democratic Republic Foreign Ministry.

Hans Birch

Germany

B. APPROX: 7930

This individual is in charge of United States affairs and relations with the Communist Party (CP), USA, in the International Department. He is approximately 34-35 years of age and speaks English extremely well. He frequently acts as interpreter at important meetings. His working address is as follows:

In care of Central Committee
102 Berlin 2
Karl. Marx Platz

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

100-428091-4434
ENCLOSURE

IDENTITIES OF INDIVIDUALS IN
INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT,
CENTRAL COMMITTEE, SOCIALIST
UNITY PARTY OF GERMANY

~~TOP SECRET~~

Rolfe Gluekhoff

Germany

A security man in the International Department. He accompanies important visiting Party guests as companion and guide.

Luthah Herte (phonetic)

This individual is an interpreter in the International Department. He speaks English perfectly and learned this during his early youth.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

FBI

Date: 1/5/65
ROUTE IN ENVELOPETransmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "EAST EUROPEAN MILITARY GROUPS IN MOSCOW, USSR, DURING DECEMBER, 1964."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64, to SAS RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum is based upon the personal observation of CG 5824-S* while in Moscow, USSR, during 12/64.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.

- 1 - 813 R/R with encl.
 3 - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1 - Chicago

WAB:sck
 (5)

ENCLOSURE

REC-39

JAN 8 1965

EX-100

let to state
CC CIA
1/12/65

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 JAN 24 1965

2-100-428091-4435



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

January 5, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

EAST EUROPEAN MILITARY
GROUPS IN MOSCOW, USSR;
DURING DECEMBER, 1964

During late December, 1964, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised as follows:

During the month of December, 1964, a number of groups of military officers from several of the East European countries were observed in Moscow, USSR. These groups each numbered about a dozen and were composed of about three or four officers from each of the military services. The officers were mostly young, most being in the age group of 30-35, and none were observed to be above the rank of colonel. One was observed to be a naval captain. Each group was accompanied by a Russian officer. It should be pointed out that it is known that these were not the air crews which fly the aircraft for visiting officials of their countries. The countries represented by such groups, who were there at different times from each other and who remained for about one week each, were Poland, Czechoslovakia, Bulgaria and the German Democratic Republic, in that order.

The significance of these groups is not known, but it is significant that these groups were quartered at the hotel of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU). This hotel is only used for the accommodation of CP people who are present in Moscow on Party business. These groups stayed close together and

~~TOP SECRET~~
Group I
Excluded from
automatic
downgrading and
declassification

100-428091-4435

ENCLOSURE

RE: EAST EUROPEAN MILITARY
GROUPS IN MOSCOW, USSR,
DURING DECEMBER, 1964

~~TOP SECRET~~

did not mix with anyone else at the hotel. The groups slept at the hotel, would take their meals there, but left everyday in a group and later returned for the night. After about a week, they would have a party which was attended by a high ranking Russian officer, usually a general, but in one case a marshal. Following this the groups left.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 02-07-2012FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
Date: 1/5/65

Transmit the following in _____

REC-5444 AD
(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled; "CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, VICE CHAIRMAN, COMMUNIST PARTY, USA."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64 to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "Top Secret" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by CG 5824-S* during 12/64 in conversations with CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT in Moscow, USSR, and with NIKOLAI MOSTOVETS, head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

1-813RB with encl

3 - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM)

1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)

2 - Chicago

(1 - A) 134-46, Sub B-24)

WAB:sck

(6)

ENCLOSURE

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 JAN 15 1965

JAN 8 1965

CG 134-46 Sub B

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

January 5, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT
VICE CHAIRMAN
COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

During late December, 1964, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During December, 1964, Claude Lightfoot, Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), traveled to Bombay, India, as the official representative of the CP, USA to the Seventh Congress of the CP of India. During the course of the Congress, Lightfoot addressed the Congress and a partial text of his address was subsequently printed in the December 20, 1964 issue of "New Age," central organ of the CP of India. After he extended greetings to the Congress, Lightfoot briefly discussed the recent United States Presidential elections and the role played by the CP, USA. He then chided the CP of China for its apparent theory that "the worse things get the better." He warned that the fight against the danger from the "ultra right pro-fascist elements" must continue and finally assured the Congress that the American people joined with the people of India in their desire for peace and justice. During the course of the CP of India Congress, Lightfoot was frequently in the company of, and allied with, the leader of the delegation of the CP of the Soviet Union (CPSU), Boris N. Ponomarev, member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU. Throughout the course of the Congress, Ponomarev and Lightfoot were in the forefront of the fight against influence of the CP of China.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4436
ENCLOSURE

RE: CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT
VICE CHAIRMAN
CP, USA

~~TOP SECRET~~

Following the CP of India Congress, Lightfoot traveled to Moscow, USSR, where he was very warmly received by the leadership of the CPSU in appreciation for his efforts, seemingly successful as of the present time, to counter the influence of the CP of China and to retain the CP of India within the sphere of influence of the CPSU.

U.S.
It was learned that Lightfoot was planning to leave Moscow sometime during the first week of January, 1965, for a tour of some of the countries of Africa where he hoped to be in contact with national leaders as well as leaders of the CPs of those countries. He was to be briefed by the CPSU on Africa and the situation in various African countries before his departure. The CPSU wants him to make this trip because of the success he had at the CP of India Congress. He expects to go first to Ghana, where he hopes to see President Kwame Nkrumah and Shirley Graham Du Bois, former American now residing in Ghana who was considered to be a pro-Chinese Marxist. Lightfoot's next scheduled stop is to be in Guinea and then Kenya to see Jomo Kenyatta, President of Kenya. Reportedly, one reason for Lightfoot's visit to Kenya is that there have been numerous rumors that Kenyatta is spent and is no longer a revolutionary. On his way back to the United States, Lightfoot wants to go to Great Britain if they will allow him to enter that country. Sometime during the course of his trip, Lightfoot will also try to visit Algeria to see President Ahmed Ben Bella whom the CPSU leadership has characterized as cooperative although not communist. Following this, Lightfoot will return to the United States. All in all, Lightfoot expects this tour to take approximately two and one-half weeks.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/5/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Gerhart and Hilda Eisler."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 12/31/64 by CG 5824-S* to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

The information contained in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by CG 5824-S* in discussion with GERHART EISLER in East Berlin, German Democratic Republic, on 12/20/64.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.

1-813 RE [unclear]
3-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (RM)
1-Chicago
WAB:MDW

JAN 8 1965

(5)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 JAN 25 1965



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 5, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

Mr. & Mrs. GERHART AND HILDA EISLER

During late December, 1964, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

Gerhart Eisler, former member of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), who fled from the United States in the late 1940's, continues to be employed as a propaganda expert by the Government of the German Democratic Republic (GDR). He is a leading commentator on radio and television. He, together with his wife Hilda, was residing at the following address as of December, 1964:

Gerhart Eisler
Niederschiebavier
Platamerstr. 39
1200
Berlin, German Democratic Republic

Eisler's home telephone number in East Berlin is: 48-20-15.

According to Eisler, following his return to Germany, he was placed under arrest for two and a half years as a United States spy. Included in the charges placed against him was the charge that he did not really have to flee the United States, but that it had been a conspiracy by the United States Government who had arranged it so that Eisler would get back to Germany. Eisler believed

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4437

GERHART AND HILDA EISLER

~~TOP SECRET~~

that the reason for his imprisonment was because of his disagreements with Stalin on German policy before World War II. Following the death of Stalin and the denunciation of Stalin at the Twentieth Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union in February, 1956, Eisler was restored to his former status and position including even his military rank of General.

Relative to their mental attitudes at present, reportedly Gerhart Eisler and his wife Hilda are very bitter toward the United States.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

EX 100

Date: 1/5/65

REG 512 HRM 71.2
(Type in plain, text or code)

Transmit the following in _____

Via AIRTELREGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Remarks of Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, Member of the Directorate, United Party of the Socialist Revolution (PURS) Regarding Cuba and the PURS."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 1/1 and 3/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.

- 1-813RB with encls.
3-Bureau (Enc. 4)(RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1)(Info)(RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW

REG-39

EX-100

JAN 8 1965

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 JAN 25 1965

2 and destroyed WBS



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 5, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

REMARKS OF CARLOS RAFAEL RODRIGUEZ,
MEMBER OF THE DIRECTORATE, UNITED
PARTY OF THE SOCIALIST REVOLUTION
(PURS) REGARDING CUBA AND THE PURS

In early January, 1965, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

In mid-December, 1964, Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, a Minister in the Government of Cuba and a member of the Directorate of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution (PURS), was in Moscow, USSR. During this period, Rodriguez was heard to make a number of remarks, the essence of which were as follows:

The economic situation in Cuba is rough but gradually improving and the government is slowly getting the economy under control. In addition, the government is now emphasizing and becoming more strict in the teaching of socialist discipline and the workers are learning. In 1965 there is an excellent prospect for a larger and better sugar crop than was the situation in the present year.

Efficiency has been developed in the cutting and the getting of the sugar cane to the mills. The cutting of sugar cane, in particular, will be helped considerably by the introduction into Cuba by the USSR of a new cane cutting machine which is very good and very practical.

In Cuba we have to be alert at all times. Not only must we be alert but we must be able to respond to all situations on a day-to-day basis. Where a big power can negotiate and threaten in order to buy time, we cannot do this because we are small. We cannot accept promises of words. Words are no good from our enemies. For these reasons, we must be alert.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4438

REMARKS OF CARLOS RAFAEL RODRIQUEZ,
MEMBER OF THE DIRECTORATE, UNITED
PARTY OF THE SOCIALIST REVOLUTION
(PURS) REGARDING CUBA AND THE PURS

~~TOP SECRET~~

As far as the test ban treaty is concerned, we could not sign it without a hundred percent guarantee by the big powers. Not only must such guarantees come from our friends, but even our enemies, including the United States.

As to the recent elections in the United States, Cuba cannot and will not depend upon these election results. This is because there are strong reactionary forces still within the Pentagon and CIA which are seeking to destroy Cuba and these forces are not under the control of or responsible to the United States electorate.

Within the PURS, itself, there is an inner-Party crisis arising from the Ordoqui (Joaquin Ordoqui, former Quartermaster General of the Cuban Army and member of the Directorate of PURS) case. He is under arrest. The charges against Ordoqui are that he was a spy and they trace this back to his underground days. The old-time Party people hope against hope that the circumstantial evidence being used against him is untrue. In our hearts we believe that the charges are untrue but the charges will be difficult to overcome. If these charges do hold against Ordoqui, this will reflect upon all the old communists in Cuba. *Cuba*

Rodriguez then alluded that perhaps it was some of the young original people with Fidel Castro in the July 26th Movement who had been responsible for the Ordoqui affair. These young people use their imagination and take satisfaction in such tragedy. Perhaps it was a frame-up by these young people to destroy the old guard Party people who, to some extent, still hold Fidel Castro in check.

When Rodriguez spoke of the Ordoqui affair, he did so in the utmost confidence and in a whispered voice. He gave every impression of being a man worried about his own future and the repercussions of this tragedy which was transpiring within the PURS and the overall effects thereof.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

RD **Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE**

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM : *mg/et* SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub F)
SUBJECT: *SOLO*
IS - C

DATE: 12/30/64 *JS*

ReBulet dated December 14, 1964.

ReBulet noted that in order the Bureau might be fully apprised of all details regarding the transaction involving the purchase of bank stock by CG 5824-S*, that it be advised whether the stock certificate was to be issued in the name of CG 5824-S* or CG 6653-S.

As the Bureau is aware, CG 5824-S* is presently unavailable for contact and the matter could not be discussed with him at this time. The matter, however, was discussed with CG 6653-S and she advised that she was not present at the time the discussions occurred and, therefore, is not cognizant at this time as to whether CG 5824-S*'s name or her own name will appear on the stock certificate. She stated that her brother-in-law apparently is holding the certificate until CG 5824-S* returns.

In view of the foregoing, Chicago, therefore, is not presently able to furnish the Bureau the requested information; however, it is anticipated that CG 5824-S* will be returning to the U.S. very shortly and Chicago will at that time make the appropriate inquiry and advise the Bureau. *L*

② Bureau (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW

(3)

REC-159

100-428091-4439

JAN 8 1965

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan *WCS*

FROM : J. A. Sizoo *JS*

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

DATE: 12/31/64

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. Shaw
1 - Mr. Decker

Tolson ☒
Belmont ☒
Mohr ☒
DeLoach ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
Evans ☒
Gale ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

B. G. Decker
5-5-65

Special Agent Arthur Hodgens of the Boston Office called at 9:05 p.m., 12/31/64, and furnished the following information to Night Supervisor Andrew J. Decker, Jr.:

CG 5824-S* arrived at Logan Airport returning from Solo Mission Number 17 at 1 p.m., 12/31/64. He is totally exhausted and will remain in Boston overnight and will proceed to New York during the early a.m. on 1/1/65. Informant will contact NY 694-S* and Gus Hall, General Secretary, CPUSA, prior to their departure from New York City on either 1/2 or 1/3/65.

Chicago Agents Richard Hansen and Walter Boyles will follow informant to New York and continue debriefing as expeditiously as possible commensurate with informant's physical condition and CP commitments.

Mr. Hodgens stated Chicago and New York Office have been advised and the highlights of this most recent Solo Mission will be furnished to the Bureau as soon as possible.

Mr. Hodgens was instructed to inform Special Agents Hansen and Boyles to expedite this matter if at all possible.

ACTION:

For your information.

AJD:wlg
(6) *WCS*

web

744 5 5 32 64 .02

65 JAN 12 1965

REC-139 100-428091-4440

5 JAN 8 1965

COPY SENT TO MR. TOLSON

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Conrad *JWC*

DATE: January 5, 1965

FROM : C. F. Downing

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 1/5/65, transmissions were intercepted by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at scheduled times and frequencies but no messages were transmitted.

ACTION:

For information.

- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)
- 1 - Mr. Downing
- 1 - Mr. Newpher
- 1 - Mr. Paddock

HS:dry

RP
W

REC-139

100-428091-4441

JAN 2 4 56 PM '65

JAN 8 1965

RECEIVED - CONRAD

65 JAN 12 1965

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : *mgcy* SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub F) (P)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

DATE: 12/31/64

ReBulet dated May 4, 1960, and CGlet dated December 4, 1964.

ReBulet instructed Chicago to set forth a monthly accounting of receipts and disbursements of Solo and CP, USA reserve funds in possession of CG 5824-S*. Set forth below is such an accounting:

Balance of funds in possession
of CG 5824-S* as of November
30, 1964

Solo

Maintained in cash in safe deposit
box, American National Bank, Chicago,
Illinois.....\$32,000.00

Maintained in cash in safe deposit
box, Michigan Avenue National Bank,
Chicago, Illinois..... 22,769.89

CP, USA Reserve Funds

Maintained in cash in safe deposit
box, Michigan Avenue National Bank,
Chicago, Illinois.....\$ 150.00

Total \$54,919.89

In view of the fact that there have been no additions or disbursements from either Solo or CP, USA reserve funds by CG 5824-S* during the month of December, 1964, the total amount of funds in possession of CG 5824-S* as of December 31, 1964, remains as noted above.

②-Bureau (RM)

2-New York (RM)

(1 - 100-134637)(SOLO)

(1 - 100-128861)(CP, USA - Reserve Funds)

5 JAN 8 1965

65 JAN 10 1965
RWH:MDW (5)

REC-139

100-428091-4442

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637A) (41)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

DATE: 1/4/65

ReNYlet 12/2/64.

The records of the NYO reflect the following transactions regarding SOLO funds during the month of November, 1964:

Credits

On Hand 12/1/64 \$616,595.00

Debits

12/10/64	To LENA SCHERER for CPUSA National Office Expenses & Payroll	\$22,000.00	
12/14/64	To GUS HALL for Political and Election Campaign Purposes	10,000.00	
12/30/64	To GUS HALL for Personal Expenses and for Political Contact	10,000.00 8,000.00	
12/31/64	To LENA SCHERER for CPUSA National Office Expenses	<u>8,000.00</u>	<u>58,000.00</u>

Balance \$558,595.00

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - Chicago (134-46-Sub B) (RM)
- 1 - NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
- 1 - NY 100-128861 (CPUSA-FUNDS-RESERVE FUNDS) (42)
- 1 - NY 100-134637A (41)

JDO:msb
(6)

Memo-Bounger for
Sub 1-6-65

REC-134
100-428091-4443
JAN 8 1965

5- Shady

65 JAN 12 1965

F B I

Date: 1/6/65

Transmit the following in _____

REC-217

(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Comments of Leading Communist Party of the Soviet Union Representative Regarding Peoples Republic of Rumania."

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/1/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.

1-cc #13 RB with enclosure
③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

3- ENCLOSURE

cc CIA

EX 110

let to State

JAN 8 1965

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

1/12/65

RCPI:PAW

1965



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 6, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMENTS OF LEADING COMMUNIST PARTY
OF THE SOVIET UNION REPRESENTATIVE
REGARDING PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF RUMANIA

In January, 1965, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

In mid-December, 1964, Mikhail A. Suslov, a member of the Presidium and Secretariat of the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), in essence, commented as follows:

Russia

There is not much which can be said regarding Rumania. They have their own ideas concerning the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance (COMECON), the East European equivalent for the Common Market, and they want their own markets. One might call them neo-Titoists or more correctly nationalists. While the CP of China is exploiting this situation and taking advantage of the Rumanian position in the socialist camp as well as in COMECON, we, in the CPSU, cannot use force or coercion, but, on the contrary, must display tact.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4444

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 02-07-2012

FBI

Date: 1/6/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

EX 109 REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "COMMUNIST PARTY OF ITALY."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/1/65, to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified ~~TOP SECRET~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by CG 5824-S* in discussions in 12/64 in Prague, Czechoslovakia, with A. SOBOLEV, Acting Editor-in-Chief of the "World Marxist Review." CG 5824-S* noted, however, that while these statements attributed to SOBOLEV herein were in fact based upon notes from such discussions with SOBOLEV, these statements and opinions expressed by SOBOLEV were also shared by others among the

cc 815 RB with mail
 3 - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM)

1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)

1 - Chicago

WAB:sck

(5)

EX 110

let to State

cc CIA 1/13/65

RCP: paw

Sent

1 JAN 8 1965

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

M

Per

CG 134-46 Sub B

leadership of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), including MIKHAIL SUSLOV, member of the Presidium and Secretariat of the Central Committee, CPSU; NIKOLAI MOSTOVETS, Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CPSU; and were also shared by VLADIMIR KOUCKY, Secretary, Central Committee, CP of Czechoslovakia.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

January 6, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMUNIST PARTY OF ITALY

During early January, 1965, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised as follows:

Czech

During December, 1964, A. Sobolev, Acting Editor-in-Chief of "Problems of Peace and Socialism" (also known as "World Marxist Review"), official theoretical organ of the world communist movement published in Prague, Czechoslovakia, engaged in a discussion in Prague, Czechoslovakia, concerning the attitude of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) concerning the CP of Italy. Sobolev, a member of the CPSU, is the highest ranking CPSU member on the staff of the "World Marxist Review" since the reassignment in October, 1964, of the former Editor-in-Chief, Alexey Rumyantsev, as Editor of "Pravda," the daily morning newspaper of the Central Committee, CPSU. Sobolev, a man well informed on these matters, with a direct line from his office to the Central Committee, CPSU, made the following comments:

There are a number of trends in the CP of Italy. One of these days there will be a big explosion in the CP of Italy and they will be torn asunder. First of all there is the right wing group led by Giorgio Amendola, a member of the Secretariat of the CP of Italy. This group has a shade of reformism in it. Another step or two in that direction and they will be gone as far as being communists is concerned.

The CP of Italy is being kept together because the factions within it are making compromises. For example, Luigi Longo, General Secretary of the CP of Italy, did not want to publish the "Memorandum" of Palmiro Togliatti (deceased former General Secretary of the CP of Italy) but

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4445

RE: COMMUNIST PARTY OF ITALY

~~TOP SECRET~~

Longo was caught in the middle and had to publish it. It is all right for them to remain united but without Marxist-Leninist principles it is a unity which is impossible to maintain for long.

There is another group led by Pietro Ingrao. He is close to Amendolla but not completely aligned with him.

Then there is the group led by Longo which is in the middle. They follow the Leninist forms of organization such as the principle of democratic centralism, but when it comes to tactical problems they are usually found on the right.

Then there is another person, Riali (phonetic), who follows a dogmatist position. They work within the Party.

The big danger within the CP of Italy is the cry for autonomy. They are demanding autonomy not only from the international currents but they are also asking for regional autonomy. For example, the regional CP organizations in the Red Belt around Milan and the north of Italy are demanding their own autonomy. They are demanding the right to decide and do things for themselves. As you can see you cannot reconcile such positions forever.

Sobolev expects a big factional struggle and a split in the CP of Italy. He indicated great respect for Togliatti and characterized him as having been a foremost leader of the communist movement; however, in his opinion, Togliatti's "Memorandum" will be instrumental in helping to break up the world communist movement.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

FBI

Date: 1/6/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTELREGISTERED MAILROUTE IN ENVELOPE
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Visa Procedures Now in Use in USSR."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64 to SAS WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.

- 1- P13 RB with encl.
- ③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
- 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

3- ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
1 encl destroyed
1/2/65

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 23 1965

1 JAN 8 1965

EX 110
let to State
cc CIA
1/12/65
RCP:rah

[Handwritten initials]



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 6, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

VISA PROCEDURES NOW IN USE IN USSR

In late December, 1964, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

During December, 1964, a representative of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), advised that hereafter any person traveling to the USSR would not receive a visa stamp in his passport. Instead, such traveler would be provided by the Russians with a "loose leaf" visa, a special piece of paper, and that this visa would be picked up at the time of the traveler's departure from the country. As a result, it will no longer be possible in checking an individual's passport to determine whether that individual has been in the USSR, regardless of where he may have been traveling from. It was further noted that this new visa procedure has been placed into effect and has been operating for approximately one month.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4446

FBI

Date: 1/6/65

Transmit the following in _____

Via _____

AIRTEL

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
(Type in plain text or code)
REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "ATTITUDE OF LEADERSHIP OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION REGARDING CHINA-UNITED STATES RELATIONS."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64, to SAS RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during 12/64 in discussions with MIKHAIL SUSLOV, member of the Presidium and Secretariat, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C. 100-428091-4447

- 1 cc 813.003 with incl.
- ③ - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM) EX 110
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM) 8 1965
- 1 - Chicago

3- ENCLOSURE

WAB:scb
(5)

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

JAN 5 1965



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

00 00

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

January 6, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

ATTITUDE OF LEADERSHIP OF
COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET
UNION REGARDING CHINA-UNITED
STATES RELATIONS

During late December, 1964, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised as follows:

During December, 1964, Mikhail Suslov, member of the Presidium and Secretariat, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) commented concerning the attitude of the leadership of the CPSU regarding relations between the Peoples Republic of China (PRC) and the United States as follows:

The Government of the USSR is afraid that the United States is going to doublecross them in regard to relations with the PRC. They believe that certain interests in the United States are trying to go so far as to recognize the PRC de facto if not de jure. Perhaps they will not want to go as far as the Government of France has gone, but they believe these interests will be exerting pressure to carry on some trade with the PRC. They fear that the United States will even try to use the PRC in some manner against the USSR.

Suslov characterized the PRC as "a bride with too many suitors" and stated that the United States is included among the "suitors." Suslov took note of the discussions which have been carried on over a period of years in Warsaw, Poland between representatives of the United States and the PRC, and remarked that the USSR does not know what they are talking about or the results of these meetings. He stated

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4447

ENCLOSURE

RE: ATTITUDE OF LEADERSHIP OF
COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE
SOVIET UNION REGARDING
CHINA-UNITED STATES RELATIONS

~~TOP SECRET~~

that their main concern is that some United States interests are pushing for markets and trade with the PRC which would be merely a prelude to more concrete forms of recognition.

In view of this fear on the part of the USSR, Suslov noted that the USSR must counter Chinese influence wherever they can. As a result the USSR is reluctantly, but nevertheless definitely, committed to support of the Government of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam (North). The USSR believes this is the only way to keep the Chinese out. As a matter of fact, the USSR would like to see the Chinese involved in the Viet Nam war themselves and would not be sorry to see the Chinese seriously hurt by it.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

REC-67
157-103

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/6/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

ReNYairtel dated 11/27/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies each and for the New York Office one copy each of informant's statements captioned as follows:

"Discussion With Arnoldo Martinez Verdugo,
First Secretary, Communist Party of Mexico,
Moscow, USSR, December, 1964"

"Discussions Between Carlos Rafael Rodriguez,
a Member of the Directorate, United Party of
the Socialist Revolution, and a Minister of
the Cuban Government, and a Communist Party,
USA, Representative, Moscow, USSR, December,
1964"

"Letter Prepared by Timur Timofeev, Deputy
Director, Institute for World Economy and
International Affairs, USSR Academy of
Science, Moscow, USSR"

"Letter Prepared by Jim West, Visitor in
Moscow, USSR, to His Wife Mollie in
Chicago"

1 cc 813 RB with Encls
3-Bureau (Enc. 12) (RM)
1-New York (Enc. 4) (100-134637) (Info) (RM)
2-Chicago
(1 - A) 134-46 Sub B 25)
RWH:MDW
(6)

12 ENCLOSURE

REC-9 100-428091-4448

1 JAN 8 1965

65 FEB 2 1965

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

CG 134-46 Sub B

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statements was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/2 and 3/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

Any pertinent information set forth in the enclosed informant's statements of interest to other offices will be disseminated with proper caution by Chicago.

DISCUSSION WITH ARNOLDO MARTINEZ VERDUGO, FIRST
SECRETARY, COMMUNIST PARTY OF MEXICO, MOSCOW,
USSR, DECEMBER, 1954

In the recent past there appeared in "Politica," a Spanish language political journal which is published in Mexico City, an article entitled, "To All the Liberty - Peace Loving People in the World." The article dealt with the "Revolutionary Action Movement" (RAM) which was organized and is being led by Robert Williams, an American Negro in exile in Cuba. The Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) disagrees wholeheartedly with the stated militant, nationalistic policies advocated by RAM and desired, if possible, to consider preparing an article of its own for publication in this same journal in which it could set forth its own position.

In line with the foregoing, a representative of the CP, USA met in Moscow, USSR, during December, 1954, with Arnolde Martinez Verdugo, First Secretary, CP of Mexico. At this time, the article which had appeared in "Politica" was discussed with Verdugo, but Verdugo advised that he knew little about the organization RAM and its activities. He was then informed that the CP, USA did not agree with RAM's policies and that neither the organization nor Robert Williams has the support of the United States Negro. In view of this, the CP, USA would like to possibly answer the article by one of its own in "Politica." In connection with this, Verdugo noted that while they do not control "Politica," they do have some influence within the magazine. Should someone within the CP, USA prepare an article, Verdugo stated that he would, on behalf of his Party, exercise all possible influence and see if such an answer could be published.

- 1 - 100-428091-444

ENCLOSURE

DISCUSSIONS BETWEEN CARLOS RAFAEL RODRIGUEZ, A
MEMBER OF THE DIRECTORATE, UNITED PARTY OF THE
SOCIALIST REVOLUTION, AND A MINISTER OF THE
CUBAN GOVERNMENT, AND A COMMUNIST PARTY, USA,
REPRESENTATIVE, MOSCOW, USSR, DECEMBER, 1964

In mid-December, 1964, a meeting took place in Moscow, USSR, between a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) and Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, a Minister of the Cuban Government and a member of the Directorate of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution (PURS).

At this time, Rodriguez spoke generally but objectively concerning the civil rights movement in the United States and the interest of the Cubans in this movement. In this connection, it was pointed out to Rodriguez by the CP, USA representative that the CP, USA was very unhappy with the "horrible manner" in which Robert Williams had been conducting himself. It was further pointed out that the CP, USA did not like Williams' organization, the Revolutionary Action Movement (RAM), and that this nationalistic, militant organization does not have the support of the Party and is hurting the civil rights movement in general in the United States. Upon hearing these remarks, Rodriguez stated that he did not know specifically what could be done regarding Williams and his activity but that he might attempt when he returned to Cuba to raise this subject with the leadership of the PURS.

Rodriguez then noted that the CP, USA has a standing invitation to send CP members to Cuba to visit. According to him, all that was necessary for such visitors to come to Cuba was to notify the Embassy in Moscow and then send such people.

In regard to Beatrice Sinkind Johnson, Rodriguez remarked that she is doing some good work in Cuba and is now beginning to know some of the people there. In view of this, he felt that it would be good, perhaps, to let her remain in Cuba for awhile longer. In this connection, the CP, USA representative prepared a brief note addressed to Johnson which he turned over to Rodriguez for transmittal to Johnson. In this note it was suggested that Johnson be patient and continue awhile longer at her tasks in Cuba. She was told that contrary to what she had previously been led to believe that the Party did take care of her daughter

Josephine and was still assisting her financially. She was also told that discussions were currently being carried on with the Canadian comrades and there is a possibility that they may arrange to have her brought there to work.

Rodrigues then spoke about a woman named Ada Dritsas who he stated was in Cuba and known to the CP, USA. He remarked that this woman was doing some good work for the Party and, therefore, he felt it would be best for her to remain.

In regard to the foregoing reference to Dritsas, Gus Hall, when told of this, remarked on January 2, 1965, that Bob Thompson recently got a letter postmarked in Paris, France, with greetings to himself and Jim Jackson. While they are not sure, they were all of the general opinion that this letter was from Dritsas. They could not explain how come she was in Paris or why she had traveled there.

**LETTER PREPARED BY TIMUR TIMOFEEV, DEPUTY
DIRECTOR, INSTITUTE FOR WORLD ECONOMY AND
INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, USSR ACADEMY OF SCIENCE,
MOSCOW, USSR**

In December, 1964, Timur Timofeev, Deputy Director, Institute for World Economy and International Affairs, USSR Academy of Science, Moscow, USSR, (the son of Eugene Dennis, former deceased General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA-(CP, USA) prepared a letter directed to his mother:

"Mrs. Peggy Dennis
81, Clementine Street
San Francisco
California 94105
USA"

Timofeev requested that this letter, the content of which is set forth below, be carried back to the United States and transmitted to his mother. This letter, together with certain parenthetical comments added for the purpose of giving additional clarity, is as follows:

"Dear Mom:

"I was very glad to get your last 'big' letter. And I'm really happy to know that you had a chance to meet and talk with our common friends. (Gus Hall)

"Our family here is getting along fine. [redacted] has first successes in the school which he began to visit this autumn. Lena, (Timofeev's wife) after graduating from Moscow University, became student of the State Foreign Languages Courses. She is studying English intensively.

"I have lot of work, as usual. General mood of mine and my closest friends is good. I am trying to combine now my duties in the office with the efforts to finish my D. (Ph.D.) thesis /concerning problems of Am. labor movement in post-war period/, which, I hope, I can accomplish in forthcoming months.

"And now a few words - about the problem you raised in your last letter. Of course, I like very much - especially from personal point of view - the idea of a Big Meeting (in USSR). I'd be glad see you here any time. As far as other aspects of this plan are concerned, I think it would be better to discuss it during our future meetings and conversations. I hope I can see you here rather soon.

"My best wishes to Gene (Dennis) and his wife, and - to all our common good friends.

"With love

"/s/ Tim.

"December 10, 1964."

LETTER PREPARED BY JIM WEST, VISITOR IN MOSCOW,
USSR, TO HIS WIFE LOLLIE IN CHICAGO

On December 27, 1964, Jim West, a leading functionary of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), who was then in Moscow, USSR, for rest, vacation, and medical treatment, prepared a letter for the purpose of having it returned to the United States and then sent on to his wife Lollie in Chicago. The text of this letter was as follows:

"Dec. 27, 1964.

"Dearest Lollie -

"I hope this finds you well & Steve, too. I am at a sanatorium about 25 miles North of Moscow and undergoing a rest & physical-exercise program, including diet - muscle strengthening, injections, plenty of sleep, lots of walking & lots of proteins. Feel much better already. Have quit smoking. This treatment will last through January 6th, when I return to Moscow. After that, the doctors will examine me & determine if there is anything else that can be done for me. - If so, I may be a little longer. - if not, I will leave shortly after the 6th sometime, with 3 to 5 day stopovers in Warsaw, Prague and London (to see John Williamson), - skipping Paris this time.

"I'm going to try to call you on January 2nd - about 9 am-Chicago time. Enclosed is a Copee (India) from Claude for Steve. I can call after the doctors have examined me & decide what next. I'll try to do that, so that you can get a better idea of when to expect me home. In any event, in a few days after January 6th I will know the outlook & let you know one way or another.

"Miss you very much -

Love to Steve -

Love

/s/ Jim."

DISCUSSION WITH ARNOLDO MARTINEZ VERDUGO, FIRST
SECRETARY, COMMUNIST PARTY OF MEXICO, MOSCOW,
USSR, DECEMBER, 1964

In the recent past there appeared in "Politica," a Spanish language political journal which is published in Mexico City, an article entitled, "To All the Liberty - Peace Loving People in the World." The article dealt with the "Revolutionary Action Movement" (RAM) which was organized and is being led by Robert Williams, an American Negro in exile in Cuba. The Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) disagrees wholeheartedly with the stated militant, nationalistic policies advocated by RAM and desired, if possible, to consider preparing an article of its own for publication in this same journal in which it could set forth its own position.

In line with the foregoing, a representative of the CP, USA met in Moscow, USSR, during December, 1964, with Arnolde Martinez Verdugo, First Secretary, CP of Mexico. At this time, the article which had appeared in "Politica" was discussed with Verdugo, but Verdugo advised that he knew little about the organization RAM and its activities. He was then informed that the CP, USA did not agree with RAM's policies and that neither the organization nor Robert Williams has the support of the United States Negro. In view of this, the CP, USA would like to possibly answer the article by one of its own in "Politica." In connection with this, Verdugo noted that while they do not control "Politica," they do have some influence within the magazine. Should someone within the CP, USA prepare an article, Verdugo stated that he would, on behalf of his Party, exercise all possible influence and see if such an answer could be published.

DISCUSSIONS BETWEEN CARLOS RAFAEL RODRIGUEZ, A
MEMBER OF THE DIRECTORATE, UNITED PARTY OF THE
SOCIALIST REVOLUTION, AND A MINISTER OF THE
CUBAN GOVERNMENT, AND A COMMUNIST PARTY, USA,
REPRESENTATIVE, MOSCOW, USSR, DECEMBER, 1964

In mid-December, 1964, a meeting took place in Moscow, USSR, between a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) and Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, a Minister of the Cuban Government and a member of the Directorate of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution (PURS).

At this time, Rodriguez spoke generally but objectively concerning the civil rights movement in the United States and the interest of the Cubans in this movement. In this connection, it was pointed out to Rodriguez by the CP, USA representative that the CP, USA was very unhappy with the "horrible manner" in which Robert Williams had been conducting himself. It was further pointed out that the CP, USA did not like Williams' organization, the Revolutionary Action Movement (RAM), and that this nationalistic, militant organization does not have the support of the Party and is hurting the civil rights movement in general in the United States. Upon hearing these remarks, Rodriguez stated that he did not know specifically what could be done regarding Williams and his activity but that he might attempt when he returned to Cuba to raise this subject with the leadership of the PURS.

Rodriguez then noted that the CP, USA has a standing invitation to send CP members to Cuba to visit. According to him, all that was necessary for such visitors to come to Cuba was to notify the Embassy in Moscow and then send such people.

In regard to Beatrice Siskind Johnson, Rodriguez remarked that she is doing some good work in Cuba and is now beginning to know some of the people there. In view of this, he felt that it would be good, perhaps, to let her remain in Cuba for awhile longer. In this connection, the CP, USA representative prepared a brief note addressed to Johnson which he turned over to Rodriguez for transmittal to Johnson. In this note it was suggested that Johnson be patient and continue awhile longer at her tasks in Cuba. She was told that contrary to what she had previously been led to believe that the Party did take care of her [redacted]

b6
b7c

[redacted] and was still assisting her financially. She was also told that discussions were currently being carried on with the Canadian comrades and there is a possibility that they may arrange to have her brought there to work.

b6
b7C

Rodriguez then spoke about a woman named [redacted] who he stated was in Cuba and known to the CP, USA. He remarked that this woman was doing some good work for the Party and, therefore, he felt it would be best for her to remain.

b6
b7C

In regard to the foregoing reference to [redacted] Gus Hall, when told of this, remarked on January 2, 1966, that Bob Thompson recently got a letter postmarked in Paris, France, with greetings to himself and Jim Jackson. While they are not sure, they were all of the general opinion that this letter was from [redacted]. They could not explain how come she was in Paris or why she had traveled there.

b6
b7C

FBI

Date: 1/6/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTELREGISTERED MAILPriority or Method of Mailing
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Timur Timofeev, Deputy Director, Institute of World Economy and International Affairs, USSR Academy of Science, Moscow, USSR."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed during a meeting at which TIMUR TIMOFEEV came to visit the source at the Central Committee hotel, Moscow, 12/10/64.

- 1- 51366 with encl.
③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

REC-57

JAN 8 1965

card only
ST-101

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 27 1965

CG 134-46 Sub B

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 6, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

TIMUR TIMOFEEV, DEPUTY DIRECTOR,
INSTITUTE OF WORLD ECONOMY AND
INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, USSR.
ACADEMY OF SCIENCE, MOSCOW, USSR

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in late December, 1964, advised as follows:

As of early December, 1964, Timur Timofeev continued to hold the position as Deputy Director, Institute of World Economy and International Affairs, USSR Academy of Science, Moscow, USSR. However, at the present time, Timofeev has a special arrangement with the Institute whereby he is working only a few hours a day at his job. The remainder of Timofeev's time is now being spent doing research and work in preparation for his Ph.D. and in the writing of his thesis dealing with the topic "Problems of the American Labor Movement in the Postwar Period." According to Timofeev, his superior, the Director of the Institute of World Economy and International Affairs, is one of the best friends of Leonid I. Brezhnev, First Secretary, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU). During World War II he was assigned as political officer and attached to a division of troops headed by Brezhnev. In view of this relationship of the Director with Brezhnev, the Institute is, today, working much closer with Brezhnev than it did with Nikita S. Khrushchev. In addition, Timofeev noted that he had good standing also with Boris N. Ponomarev, a member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU. Taking all of this into consideration, Timofeev analyzed his present standing in the Institute and commented, "Why should I be in a bad spot?"

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-428091-4447
~~TOP SECRET~~
Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification
ENCLOSURE

FBI

EX 10
REC-111M

1/6/65

Transmit the following in _____

Via AIRTELROUTE IN ENVELOPE
REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "LUIS CORVALAN, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHILE."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64, to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by CG 5824-S* in discussions in Moscow, USSR, during 12/64, with M. TRADO, a member of the Political Bureau of the Communist Party (CP) of Chile, NIKOLAI MOSTOVETS, Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union, and (FNU) BELIKOV, Deputy to BORIS PONOMAREV, member of the Secretariat and Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union.

- 4- 813 RB with encl
 3- Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM)
 1- New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1- Chicago

WAB:skk

(5)

4- ENCLOSURE

Approved: _____

65 JAN 25 1965

Special Agent in Charge

2 ends Chicago

Sent _____

M

Per _____

JAN 8 1965

REC-9 100-428091-4450

CG 134-46 Sub B

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
January 6, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~LUIS CORVALAN,~~
~~COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHILE.~~

During late December, 1964, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

Following the removal in October, 1964, of Nikita S. Khrushchev from his positions of leadership in the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) and the Government of the USSR, numerous representatives of Communist and Workers Parties from throughout the world traveled to the USSR to receive a first-hand briefing from the CPSU leaders on this development. Among those who went to Moscow at that time was Luis Corvalan, General Secretary of the CP of Chile. Corvalan was received by CPSU leaders who furnished him with the same explanations for Khrushchev's removal as were being furnished to representatives of other Parties. According to a member of the leadership of the CP of Chile, Corvalan, after a very stormy session, refused to accept the explanations offered by the CPSU. The discussion was so sharp that when a delegation of Latin American communist leaders traveled to Moscow, USSR, in early December, 1964, Corvalan did not accompany the delegation because he apparently was afraid to show his face in Moscow. Another member of the leadership of the CP of Chile was instead designated by him to represent the CP of Chile.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4450
ENCLOSURE

FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/6/65

Transmit the following in REC-51 LHM
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL EX 100 REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "LUIS CARLOS PRESTES, COMMUNIST PARTY OF BRAZIL."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64, to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified ~~SECRET~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by CG 5824-S* during 12/64 in discussion in Moscow, USSR, with RODNEY ARISMENDI, First Secretary of the Central Committee, Communist Party of Uruguay.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington.

- 1 - P13 RB with encl
3 - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM) JAN 8 1965
1 - Chicago
WAB:sek

Approved: [Signature]

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per [Signature]

65 JAN 25 1965



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

January 6, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

LUIS CARLOS PRESTES,
COMMUNIST PARTY OF BRAZIL

During late December, 1964, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised as follows:

During December, 1964, Rodney Arismendi, First Secretary of the Central Committee, Communist Party (CP) of Uruguay, stated that contrary to reports in the newspapers, Luis Carlos Prestes has not been removed from his position as General Secretary of the CP of Brazil. He noted that the CP of Brazil is expected to hold a convention shortly at which Prestes may be made Chairman instead of General Secretary, but he will still be head of the CP of Brazil.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-

ENCLOSURE

4451

FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/6/65

Transmit the following in _____

REC-514 HM

EX 166 type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, Member of the Directorate, United Party of the Socialist Revolution and a Minister of the Cuban Government."

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/3/65 to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.

- 1- 813 RO with encl
③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
RWH:MDW
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1 JAN 8 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M. Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

65 JAN 25 1965



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 6, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CARLOS RAFAEL RODRIGUEZ, MEMBER OF THE
DIRECTORATE, UNITED PARTY OF THE
SOCIALIST REVOLUTION, AND A MINISTER
OF THE CUBAN GOVERNMENT~~

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows:

According to Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, member of the Directorate of the United Party of the Socialist Republic (PURS) and a Minister of the Cuban Government, there had been two attempts during the past several years in Cuba to assassinate him. On one occasion, he was wounded in the arm and on another occasion was wounded in the chest. As a result of these assassination attempts, he has spent considerable time recovering from his injuries and still carries metal fragments in his lung and still has difficulty manipulating one of his hands.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

100-428091-4452

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 1/6/65

Transmit the following in _____

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
 REGISTERED MAIL

Via AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Re New York airtel 1/4/65 captioned "SOLO" setting forth the text of three messages received by NY 694-S* through the secondary channel.

It is noted that the second message quoted in referenced New York airtel is concerning the world-wide campaign against the Mc Carran Act being organized by the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) and the CP, USA. This campaign was the subject of a letterhead memorandum captioned "MOBILIZATION OF COMMUNIST PARTIES OF THE WORLD FOR CAMPAIGN AGAINST MC CARRAN ACT" which was an enclosure to Chicago airtel 1/4/65, captioned "SOLO." We wish to point out that the message received by NY 694-S* from the CPSU is not completely accurate wherein it states that CG 5824-S* had meetings with leaders of the CPs of Finland and Italy. As pointed out in the cover airtel of Chicago dated 1/4/65, the contact with the leader of the CP of Finland was not made by CG 5824-S* but was an assignment for a future contact by CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT. Further, CG 5824-S* did not contact a leader of the CP of Italy but rather the CPSU has agreed to handle this matter with the CP of Italy.

The above is submitted merely for the information of the Bureau and New York in view of the apparent contradiction embodied in the message by the CPSU furnished to NY 694-S*.

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 3 - Bureau (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (RM)
 1 - Chicago

WAB:scf
 (5)

Approved: _____
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 10 1965

FIVE

JAN 8 1965

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/6/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "ARTICLE BY GUS HALL CONCERNING THE SINO-SOVIET IDEOLOGICAL CONFLICT."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64, 1/1 and 1/2/65, to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by CG 5824-S* during 12/64 in discussions in Prague, Czechoslovakia, with A. SOBOLEV, Acting Editor-in-Chief of the "World Marxist Review." The letter quoted herein was prepared by SOBOLEV and turned over

- 1-813RB with ⁴encs ²cc's
- ③ - Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 2) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago
- WAB:sck
- (5)

8- ENCLOSURE

REC-9

1 JAN 8 1965

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

65 JAN 29 1965

CG 134-46 Sub B

to CG 5824-S* who subsequently delivered the letter to HALL on 1/2/65, in New York City. The text of this article by HALL was furnished to the Bureau and New York by Chicago airtel dated 10/22/64, entitled "GUS HALL, IS - C, ISA OF 1950. (Bureau file 61-8077; New York file 100-84994)."

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
January 6, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

ARTICLE BY GUS HALL
CONCERNING THE SINO-SOVIET
IDEOLOGICAL CONFLICT

During late December, 1964, and early January, 1965, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised as follows:

During October, 1964, a copy of an article entitled, "The Present Status of the Ideological Conflict," prepared by Gus Hall, General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), was delivered to A. Sobolev, Acting Editor-in-Chief of the magazine "Problems of Peace and Socialism" (also known as "World Marxist Review"), the official theoretical journal of the international communist movement. At that time the article was intended for publication in the November, 1964 issue of the magazine "Political Affairs," theoretical journal of the CP, USA, and was being furnished to Sobolev in advance merely for his information. Subsequently, however, this article was never published in "Political Affairs."

In December, 1964, Sobolev expressed the opinion that this article prepared by Gus Hall was the most basic article ever written on the Chinese situation. Sobolev was most favorably impressed by Hall's article and stated that were it not for the fact that it was to be printed in "Political Affairs," he would certainly publish it in the "World Marxist Review;" but, since the policy of the magazine is not to reprint articles from other magazines, it could not be done. However, in view of the importance of this article, the "World Marxist Review" intended to print it in their "Information Bulletin" and it would be included in "Information Bulletin Number 27" to be issued

Enclosure

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~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4454
ENCLOSURE

RE: ARTICLE BY GUS HALL
CONCERNING THE SINO-SOVIET
IDEOLOGICAL CONFLICT

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soon. In this manner Hall's statement would receive world-wide distribution and attention.

In order to insure that his true feelings on this matter were brought to Hall's attention, Sobolev prepared a personal communication to Hall, the text of which is as follows:

"REDAKCE Praha dne "30" December, 1964
teoretickeho a. informacniho casopisu
komunistickych a delnickych stran
PRAHA 6, THAKUROVA 3
Tel. 325-731

"Gus Hall
23 West 26 Street
C.j.: New York 10, NY

"Dear Comrade,

"I take this opportunity to convey to you my very best wishes of success in your work in the new year and to thank you for sending us a copy of your article "The Present Status of the Ideological Conflict" published in the November issue of 'Political Affairs.'

"As far as I know, the issue at stake has not been posed for quite some time in the way you do in your article. I personally feel that it sets forth the most forward-looking views on the organization of the communist movement.

"You are quite right in saying that it has become fashionable with some communists to talk about the autonomy and independence of the Parties. That is all correct enough, of course. I myself wholeheartedly support the view that the Parties should be independent and hence I categorically reject every kind of interference by one Party in the affairs of another.

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RE: ARTICLE BY GUS HALL
CONCERNING THE SINO-SOVIET
IDEOLOGICAL CONFLICT

~~TOP SECRET~~

"But very often there is another under-current: Speaking of independence, people have in mind isolation, which is fraught with the danger of the development of the world revolutionary process being halted for years. Once again thanks for the article. Frankly speaking, I would have liked to see it printed in 'Problems of Peace and Socialism.'"

"Yours sincerely

"/s/ A. Sobolev
Executive Secretary,
Problems of Peace
and Socialism"

A copy of the article prepared by Hall, referred to herein, is attached hereto. The source has advised that although this statement has been furnished to the Leadership of the CP of the Soviet Union, the "World Marxist Review" and several other CPs throughout the world, to the source's knowledge the existence of this article is not widely known and has never appeared in print as yet.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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ENCLOSURE

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THE PRESENT STATUS OF THE IDEOLOGICAL CONFLICT

By Gus Hall

(Based on a Report Made to a Meeting of Communist Leaders)
in September, 1964

By now it is clear that the splitting line pursued by the Communist Party of China over the past four years has caused considerable damage in the world communist movement and among the anti-imperialist forces generally. In the past we have spoken about the possible negative effects that might result from this line. Now they have become an actuality - a factor in the molding of today's political reality.

We must, of course, avoid any tendency to explain everything on the basis of the split. But to continue talking only about the possible negative effects would be to deceive no one but ourselves. We must soberly assess the damage and place the responsibility where it belongs. To ignore these things in the name of working for unity would be an illusion. It is an obvious fact that the anti-imperialist forces of the world have not been able to develop their full potential because of the split; that it has resulted in confusion and the forces that should be united are instead working in different directions.

It is difficult to conceal the damage which the political line and the splitting actions of the CPC have inflicted, for example, on the progressive forces of India. In large measure, thanks to this, at the most crucial moment in the history of India, a land of 450 million people, the forces of anti-imperialism and socialism are in disarray. This has obviously strengthened and emboldened the forces of reaction in that country. There the negative effects are especially evident. But to one degree or another there have been similar effects elsewhere.

The CPC policies and splitting activities have been a negative factor in the struggles in countries like Venezuela, Brazil and Chile. A month before the Chilean elections, the Chinese distributed a reckless, irresponsible and slanderous document directed against the policies and the leadership of the Communist Party of Chile. It most likely did not change the overall election results, but it did cause considerable confusion.

For us the most disturbing of all the negative consequences of the CPC's line are its negative effect in the struggle against U.S. imperialism. How to use this split for its aggressive purposes has now become the main preoccupation of the CIA. The State Department and the Pentagon, together with the CIA, have set up a number of study centers for this sole purpose. More and more they are coming to the conclusion that it is possible to use the split to the advantage of U.S. imperialism.

The incidents in the Bay of Tonkin and the attack on the installations in North Vietnam are case studies of the increasing dangers resulting from a continuation of this split. I think it can be strongly argued that U.S. imperialism would not have dared to attack the shore installations in North Vietnam if the countries of socialism were united.

That U.S. imperialism thus takes the split into its aggressive calculations is serious enough. But equally, if not more serious, is the danger that imperialism may miscalculate the depth of the split and thereby take the world over the brink to nuclear war.

In this situation, it is incumbent on our Party to call attention to this calculated use of the split by U.S. imperialism, and the dangers of possible miscalculation, and on these grounds to project the urgent need of world unity. This must be our point of departure in pressing for unity in the ranks of the working-class parties of the world.

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The situation now facing the world communist movement is extremely critical. We face this crisis because of the four-year development of an opposing line - of a basic departure from the line of Marxism-Leninism - on the part of the Chinese party leadership. They have diverged from the path of Marxism-Leninism on such questions as the estimate of the present relationship of world forces and the strategic line of march of the Communist movement, and consequently on almost all tactical questions. They have abandoned Marxism even on such elementary basic questions as the role of classes and class antagonisms and they have developed a system of philosophical concepts to support this departure.

What the world Communist movement faces, therefore, is the task of defending and further developing the concepts of Marxism-Leninism and of rejecting the erroneous concepts of the CPC based on narrow nationalism, petty bourgeois radicalism and the use of anti-Sovietism as an instrument of their nationalist policies. The world movement is now face to face with the results of four years of deterioration and frustration, four years of fruitless efforts to halt or limit the public debate and to keep the discussion within the bounds of Marxist standards of conduct. The struggle is to strengthen and sink deeper roots for the working class, communist ideology and to reject petty-bourgeois ideology. The task is to raise to new heights proletarian internationalism and to reject narrow nationalism.

Such is the nature of the problem. The question is: Where do we go from here?

I have emphasized the fact that all this has been going on for four years because we should not approach the problem as if we were starting from scratch.

The 1960 world conference was an attempt to prevent such a development. I believe it did succeed in limiting the split. There have also been numerous regional meetings. There have been many world conferences organized by the World Marxist Review on specific questions, such as the struggle for democracy, the fight against imperialism, the growth of state monopoly capitalism, the building of socialism in new nations, problems of the trade unions, and others. There have been delegations to China from a number of the parties, and meetings, exchanges of letters and delegations between the CPSU and the CPC. In making proposals for the future, therefore, let us keep in mind the experiences of the past four years. Without exception, all overtures to return to the path of unity have thus far been rejected by the CPC.

If we are to make a serious contribution, there are some aspects of these developments that we need to probe into more deeply. In particular, we must try to determine why it has been impossible either to bring this debate to a conclusion or to limit its public expression. The answer to this question will go far in helping us assess the nature of the controversy.

There are some who argue that the divergence of positions is a natural outgrowth of the greatly increased diversity of specific situations in which different parties operate. But this is wrong. Diversity of circumstances does not mean diversity in theory or ideology. It does not eliminate the existence of universal laws applying to all situations.

To attribute the split to diversity of circumstances is to apologize for the Chinese position. Such differences are no excuse for the fragmentation of the world working-class movement. Nor are they an argument against the need for exchanges of experiences and views between parties. The real issue is whether parties should be permitted to use "diversity" as a cloak for concepts that depart from Marxism-Leninism while other parties remain silent. But the roots of the failure to end or limit debate go even beyond this.

There is one fundamental reason--and only one--why the world Communist movement has not been able to return to the path of unity. That reason is that the leadership of the CPC does not look upon this debate as a mere discussion of differences and has not done so for a long time. It now seems clear that their splitting approach can be dated back to the beginning of 1960. Starting with January 1960, the line of the CPC has been one of conducting not a discussion but rather a

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full-scale assault designed to capture or to split the world movement. Its aim is to reverse the course set by the 20th Congress, to destroy the influence of the CPSU, and to destroy the leadership of any party that does not go along with their non-Marxist policies.

Hence, instead of a discussion they have conducted, and are conducting, a political-organizational drive to create a split in the world Communist movement, unprecedented in working-class history. There is no match to its recklessness, to its provocative and irresponsible nature, and their use of slander and falsehoods is without precedent.

While they have formally kept contact with other parties, they have been engaged all along in building a world organizational structure consisting of groups in different countries. They have built, and are building, regional centers with big staffs, located in Switzerland and a number of other countries. They have labored to build in every country a cadre consisting of anti-party groups, irresponsible adventurers, Trotskyites and assorted petty-bourgeois radical sects. They have withdrawn from the World Marxist Review and have set up their own magazines. They speak against a world conference of Communist parties aimed at unity when at the very same time they are organizing their own, using the Tokyo peace meeting as the occasion for calling a conference of their forces in Peking afterward. And they are spending hundreds of millions of dollars to build this world organization.

It seems clear that if both sides viewed the controversy as a discussion of differences, it could follow a logical course even though the differences are very sharp. But if one side uses the discussion only as a cover for other activities and to cloak its real aims, that also has its logic. That is why this debate has taken on the nature of a split. Under these circumstances, for the world Communist movement to continue to act as if this is a mere discussion of differences, is, in my estimate, the road to continued weakness. It is a path to disintegration.

Lenin once said, speaking about a group which indulged in pleasant phrases about internationalism but in fact followed a nationalist line, that they viewed it "as a holiday walk through the gardens of internationalist phraseology." There are, I feel, some tendencies to look upon the present controversy as a "holiday walk through the gardens of unity phraseology" -- to mistake for a flower garden what is in fact an undergrowth of thistle and cactus.

It seems to me that to close one's eyes to the real nature of this split is the most harmful of all mistakes. It is the path to opportunism and capitulation. And to try to pass it off as only a disagreement between the Communist Parties of the Soviet Union and China, or to suggest that somehow it is a personal feud between Khrushchev and Mao Tse Tung, is but a further step along an opportunistic path.

Lenin was entirely right when he said one cannot defend or apologize for opportunism without becoming an opportunist oneself. Compromise with opportunism is not a road to unity. The only real road to unity is an unyielding struggle against it.

There has never been a struggle against departures from the path of Marxism, where other opportunistic weaknesses did not come to the surface. In this sense the present struggle is no exception.

Neutrality to any degree in the struggle against a departure from Marxism-Leninism is itself a reflection of opportunism. "Autonomy," "national peculiarities," "diversity" are all very important concepts that need to be developed. But if these concepts are all that motivates or guides a working-class party, then they can very well become the vehicles for opportunistic and petty bourgeois concepts. In the field of ideology there is the need for a constant struggle against the penetration of non-working-class ideas.

While there is general agreement that the tactical positions of the Chinese leaders are wrong, there seems to be a continuing reluctance to face up to what underlies these wrong positions. For example, the question is not only one of differences concerning relations between socialist states. There is also the

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question of the different ideological influences which mold people's attitudes toward the resolution of such differences. There are working-class concepts and there are petty-bourgeois concepts. There is a Marxist-Leninist approach and there is a departure from that approach.

What does it mean to speak, as some do, of the relation between working-class ideology and peasant or petty-bourgeois ideology in terms of adopting a position "big enough to embrace both ideologies"? An ideology is based on the relations of a given class in a society. We must distinguish between different ideologies and understand them in these terms. But we must try not to equate them or to fuse them with the idea that "each contributes to a synthesis of Marxist concepts." To do so would be only to obscure the affinity of Marxism-Leninism and working-class ideology. The alliance of the working class and the peasantry is based not on a fusion of ideologies but on the joint struggle for mutual interests. It is an alliance based on mutual self-interests. A victory for socialism is a victory of working-class ideology. Working-class ideology does not become fused with other class ideologies. The working class wins the other class groups to its ideology.

What is the nature of the unity of the world Communist movement that we are striving to establish? First, however, perhaps we should ask whether there is a need for a new look at the question of establishing better coordination--of setting up some system of relations and exchanges within the world movement.

I am convinced this is a crucial question, that it is a key historic task now facing the working-class parties. I believe it is as crucial for us as it was for Marx and Engels when they fought for the First International, and as it was for Lenin and his co-workers before the Communist International came into existence.

Of course, the nature, the methods employed and the organizational structures established reflected the problems and conditions of those periods. Certainly they are not applicable now; our solutions must be a reflection of present-day developments.

Some warn that we must not try to build a system of relations based on the concept of the monolithic-organizational unity of the Communist International. But this is arguing about a non-existent problem. Not only are such concepts completely outdated, but also, as far as I know, no party has made any such proposals. We should not allow ourselves to be diverted by such phantoms. What can be wrong with a fresh look at this problem? Maybe we will conclude that it is not possible to establish a new system of ties, but let us do so on the basis of a new study.

I consider it also an illusion to think, as some of the parties apparently do, that they can continue their present course of immersing themselves in their own affairs and confining themselves to occasional general comments about the world problems, while the Chinese proceed to set up regional centers in different parts of the world, establish magazines and newspapers, conduct schools, creating confusion and disruption, and spreading nationalist and racist ideas.

The larger, older parties may go on in this way, at least for a time. But what about the smaller, newer parties - parties with less experience and a smaller weaker working-class base? Is it a responsible attitude, is it proletarian internationalism, to ignore these problems? Does this not reflect an over-emphasis on autonomy? Rather, we should boldly and creatively tackle the question of coordination without being gun-shy because of past mistakes, and without getting bogged down with past concepts.

Is there a contradiction between upholding the autonomy of each party and maintaining a system of relations and exchanges among the various working-class parties? I do not think so. The fact that such conflicts have arisen (or may arise again) only argues that we must learn from our mistakes and set up safeguards.

Is the safeguarding of autonomy a real question? Undoubtedly, in the past it was a problem. However, I cannot in all-honesty see it from here as being such a problem today. I mention this because I feel that the question of autonomy is

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sometimes raised only as a smokescreen for concepts of narrow nationalism. To this, there is only one exception, one real threat, namely, the attempts of the CPC to invade our autonomy as a party. When they set up and support anti-party cliques, this is an invasion of our autonomy.

What are some of the political questions on which exchanges and discussions are necessary? One area is the nature and role of U.S. imperialism, and methods of struggle against it.

We can agree that U.S. imperialism is the center of world imperialism and that it is as aggressive as it dares to be. But we cannot agree that it is the only imperialism worth mentioning or that the bourgeoisie is one monolithic, aggressive mass. We cannot successfully combat U.S. imperialism on the basis of such mistaken ideas. Such concepts have a built-in apology for other imperialist powers, and a cover for the most aggressive and reactionary sections of U.S. imperialism. Nor can we agree that fighting for peaceful policies of co-existence is incompatible with fighting against U.S. imperialism. On the contrary, the record shows that it is the only basis on which such a struggle can be successfully conducted in today's world.

And we must reject two closely-related questions regarding U.S. imperialism which have appeared in a number of places lately. American finance capital, to be sure, faces a growing crisis. The United States has been forced to retreat somewhat as a world power, thanks both to the growing strength of the socialist world and the continued success of the colonial liberation movements, and the increasing economic weight of its imperialist rivals. In addition, American ruling circles face a constitutional crisis provoked by the tremendous upsurge of the civil rights struggle. It is these developments that have given rise to two misconceptions.

One is that because of the nomination of Goldwater and the bid of the ultra-Right for the presidency, it is a foregone conclusion that the whole political front will necessarily -- or already has -- swung to the right. Such a conclusion betrays a lack of faith in the American people. It embodies a wrong estimate of the character and history of our people. True, such an outcome is possible. But it is not inevitable, or even probable. On the contrary, the present situation contains the ingredients for giving our country a push to the left. To make policy on the basis of an inevitable or already existing shift to the right is wrong and uncalled for.

Related to this erroneous conception is the idea that the crisis of U.S. imperialism can lead American ruling circles in only one direction -- reaction and war. If this is so, then war is inevitable. This raises again an old question: Because of the relationship of forces, among the American people as well as on a world scale, can U.S. imperialism be made to retreat without a major world or nuclear war? To this question our reply has been, "Yes - it is possible!"

To reject this possibility is to reject one of the fundamental concepts of the policy of peaceful co-existence. We cannot base our policy on any concept of an inevitable path to reaction and war. What has happened to the positive estimates of the balance of world forces in the minds of people who now make these negative estimates of world developments? Are they only operative as phrases in public resolutions, or are they factual estimates of present reality? I am convinced that our estimates are correct and that is why I cannot go along with such sweeping negative assessments that everything has swung to the right. One must see the danger of reaction. But not to see the growth of the people's democratic movement is to be one-sided. One must see the danger of war -- but one must also have the confidence to win peace.

A second area in which we can contribute is the role of state monopoly capitalism. Its development has taken a different course here than in Western Europe, and has posed certain questions in a different light.

The European experience has given rise to questions of whether or to what extent the working class can use these state monopoly capitalist developments for purposes of transition to socialism. The question has arisen in this way because in the postwar reconstruction in Western Europe three elements were involved: domestic capital, the state, and U.S. capital. The struggle among these three

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sectors has provided room to maneuver and has opened up certain new possibilities.

But state monopoly capitalism here is quite different, particularly with regard to the way in which the state is involved. For us to project ideas similar to those emerging in some European parties would, therefore, be illusory, although it is impossible for us to foresee what might happen to the state-monopoly setup under an anti-monopoly government. At the same time, I feel that some opportunistic concepts have developed on such matters as state monopoly capitalism and the Common Market.

A third area to be examined is the spread of narrow nationalism. This is a new and special problem in the world Communist movement. There are many reasons for its development which I can only touch on here. One is the emergence of new relationships of the working classes to their nations. A second is the fact that in the struggle for national liberation, nationalism has played an important and a positive role. Third, the growth of Communist parties in newly-liberated countries and those still seeking their freedom has produced a changed class composition among the parties making up the world movement. Fourth, and most important, there has been no serious struggle against it. Weeds that are not fought against, grow. The positive role of nationalism in struggles has become transformed into an acceptance of nationalism in ideology.

Nationalism can be utilized as a progressive force only conditionally and temporarily, and then only when it operates in alliance with the ideology of the working class. Unless this is freely recognized, and unless there is a constant fight for the dominance of the ideology of working-class internationalism, it can all too easily get out of hand. When it does, then narrow nationalism replaces the working-class ideology of internationalism.

It is one thing to understand the role of national pride, or the role of nationalism in the struggle for independence and freedom. It is quite another matter when we are discussing the need for a struggle for working-class ideology.

Lenin stated it very well. He said, "Marxism cannot be reconciled with nationalism, be it even of the 'most just,' 'purest,' 'most refined and civilized brand. In place of all forms of nationalism Marxism advances internationalism, the amalgamation of all nations in the higher unity, a unity that is growing before our eyes ... The principle of nationality is historically inevitable in bourgeois society, and taking this society into due account, the Marxist recognized the historical legitimacy of national movements. But to prevent this recognition from becoming an apologia of nationalism, it must be strictly limited to what is progressive in such movements in order that this recognition may not lead to bourgeois ideology obscuring proletarian consciousness." (Lenin, Collected Works, Vol. 20, p. 34.)

In the present situation, an overdose of emphasis on "independence of parties" can lead to nationalism. A cadre spoon-fed only on ideas of autonomy and independence will be a cadre that succumbs to policies of narrow nationalism.

Every party must struggle consciously for an internationalist ideology. Every party must have its own key issue in that struggle - its own grindstone on which it molds a cadre shaped by internationalism. In our country that key issue is the struggle against great-power chauvinism and its internal counterpart, white chauvinism.

I believe that a fully successful struggle against all non-working-class ideological influences, whether it is great power chauvinism or nationalism, requires a system of exchanges and international relations. Without this, one-sidedness inevitably develops on most questions. To some, for example, the events in Brazil were proof of too much reliance on peaceful methods, but to these same people the developments in Venezuela prove nothing. Without a system of exchange there can be no collective sharing of theoretical conclusions. No one party can draw theoretical conclusions from events in this most active and explosive epoch of the history of mankind.

There has been a four-year process of schooling of Communist parties of the world in the course of this controversy. All have moved in the same direction, but some have been slower than others. The reason for this slowness is that some

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have retained illusions about the nature of the split. Thus, the Chinese at one point put out feelers about their own world conference, which they later dropped when they found that they could not get the support of enough parties. But it shows that as long as they had hopes of winning support, they kept pushing. And it shows that a firmer stand by all parties would have halted the aggressive drive for a split more effectively and sooner.

In our own party cadre, we have encountered instances in which each new wrong tactical position of the CPC has been met with exclamations of "unbelievable," "a surprise," "unfortunate," "harmful." Each new act of the Chinese leaders has forced these comrades reluctantly a little further along the road toward grasping the full nature of the split and the depth of the departure from the path of Marxism-Leninism.

But doesn't this indicate a weakness? To hesitate for a time is understandable, but to be pushed, step by step, by tactical developments for four years without drawing conclusions is another matter. Again, I think this reflects a reluctance to come to grips with the fundamental reasons for the wrong tactical positions. If we examine it, I think we will find that there is no clear understanding of the questions involved.

Disagreeing with the Chinese tactically is no real measure of understanding. Few, even of the anti-Party groups, dare openly to support them on many of their tactical stands. However, we hear all-too often the remark: "I don't agree with the Chinese on this -- but." The discussion then centers about the but -- which proves to be either an apology for the Chinese position, or it very often turns out to be an attack on the Soviet Union. Or it is said, "We all know full well how wrong the CPC is but we must not answer them in kind."

There are a number of questions which it would be well-worth posing to ourselves. How have we explained the Chinese position on the test ban? Do we say, yes they are wrong, BUT "they operate under different relationships?" Or, how do we explain the charge that the "CPSU is in collusion with U.S. imperialism?" Do we remain publicly silent in the name of "autonomy", while we privately tell the Soviet Communists in one breath that these Chinese attacks have no effect but that even Communists are wondering how there can be such a sharp dispute between two countries of socialism.

It should not surprise us that it is not difficult to get our members to reject these tactical positions. But if we stop there, we leave them "wondering" about basic questions. If they are wondering, it is only because they are given no explanation of the fundamental cause of the erroneous tactical positions. Again, the question is not whether we reject the tactical positions, but how we explain what leads the CPC to them. These questions cannot be left on the level of "good guys and bad guys." We must get at the class roots of this basic departure from Marxism-Leninism.

We need to explain that this is a basic departure from Marxism-Leninism on such questions as the class struggle and the role of classes, the main contradiction of capitalism, the nature and role of nationalism, the estimate of the relationship of world forces, the new quality of the struggle for peace. We need to explain the Chinese advocacy of ideas like "the worse, the better" (which all-too many of our friends mistakenly believe to be our policy). We must explain the historic role of anti-Sovietism as a key ingredient of bourgeois ideology.

There are apparently some who think that we should be silent, or at least muffle our criticism, so that the Chinese leaders will keep focusing their attacks on the Soviet Union. Then there are some who lean toward the opportunist use of anti-Sovietism to prove their independence and autonomy or as a payment for a trade treaty with the imperialist powers. We cannot argue too strongly against any such ideas. Anti-Sovietism remains the key weapon in the capitalists' ideological arsenal. The imperialist forces are ready to pay a high price for any expression of anti-Sovietism. This remains the key to their attempts to split and demobilize the progressive forces of the world.

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Why is this so important? Because we cannot defend Marxism-Leninism without this approach. We can only reject tactical positions one by one. And if that is all we do, we will encounter situations in which comrades who go along for a time on tactical questions seemingly swing overnight to the opposite position. For example, comrades may "suddenly" become confused on our electoral policy. We are now winning people over to that policy, but mainly because it is almost impossible, without appearing insane, to follow such policies as that of the Monthly Review which apes much of the CPC position. If we are satisfied, we should not be. Rather, we should seize this favorable tactical situation to explain more fundamentally the basis of our electoral policy; to explain the deeper meaning of our policy and tactics.

Or to take another example. In the thirties the main obstacles to Left unity were: a) anti-Communism, b) the sectarian policies of our Party, and c) the role of Trotskyism. But this has changed. We must still contend with anti-Communism, but a new obstacle is now created by the coming together of Trotskyism and the new brand of petty-bourgeois radicalism that strives to isolate the Left to a narrow sectarian corner. They say they now see the danger of fascism and Goldwaterism, but they refuse to do anything about building a people's democratic front against it. All this in the name of "purity of conscience" and radical phrases. The Goldwater candidacy has forced some tactical retreats, but the basic obstacle remains.

We need to deal with such questions as the relation between the struggle for reforms and the struggle for socialism. We must convincingly show how the latter is a continuation of the former. If we do not, the petty-bourgeois radical line of the Chinese Party takes over: "the worse, the better." Our followers become infected with the erroneous idea that reforms are not only futile, but are obstacles to the fight for socialism. And if reforms are frauds, why worry about winning the American masses to struggle for them? Why worry about what differences exist in the ranks of the bourgeoisie? And so on. Is it not a fact that some Left forces have accepted the position of the CPC that the Civil Rights Bill is a fraud, etc.?

What are the prospects for the ultimate re-establishment of ideological unity? Some say there are no such prospects, that the achievement of such unity is a hopeless task. I cannot accept so negative an estimate of the Chinese Communist Party or its leadership.

For some this negative estimate becomes an excuse for not conducting an ideological struggle. Because if this is so, why fight on ideological questions? Why not confine ourselves to appeals for unity on tactics in specific cases?

We fight for ideological unity because we believe we can succeed - because we do not believe the Chinese Party is so hopelessly in the camp of petty-bourgeois radicalism and nationalism that there is no hope. Such negative contentions become an excuse for not fighting on the ideological front. It is one thing to argue against a monolithic world organizational structure. But this cannot be interpreted as an argument against the struggle for monolithic concepts in ideology or theory. This must always remain a goal toward which the world movement strives.

Nor can I accept the argument that the world movement is not ready for an international conference as the next step. I have a higher estimate of the world Communist movement than this, and I cannot see the logic of a position which says, "We have problems and differences; therefore we dare not get together and discuss them, for such a discussion may lead to a split."

The real danger is a continued process of drifting, of being driven apart by the centrifugal force of nationalism, each party in its own direction, while the leaders of the CPC go ahead full blast with the establishment of their regional centers and a world organization of their own.

Because we are for every possible step towards unity, we support the CPSU's proposal to call together an editorial commission to prepare materials for a world conference. We are for world conferences on the problems of today,

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for better facilities for the collective drawing of theoretical conclusions, for the establishment of a better system of relations between Communist parties. And we are for discussions with the fraternal parties of the Americas about some regional system of ties.

We feel the editorial commission should prepare documents on recent world development, on how to achieve peace, defeat world imperialism, and how the newly independent countries can move toward socialism. The commissions should also deal with the struggle against international monopoly capitalism, and should go further into the question of roads to socialism.

It should give particular attention to the problem of containing the influence of narrow nationalism, and of strengthening that of proletarian internationalism -- of making proletarian internationalism a badge of honor and a mass political weapon. And it should go further into the central question of peaceful coexistence and its relationship to the struggles for peace, democracy and socialism.

Whether there are differences or not, there is always the need within the fraternity of autonomous world Communist parties to meet, to exchange experiences.

What is this fear in some quarters about a world conference?

In the capitalist press there has been much talk about the fear of such a world conference "expelling," "condemning" or "excommunicating" some parties. This is utter nonsense. Only those who view a world conference through the eyes of the long past can conjure up such fantasies, for the simple reason that there is no such world body with such powers. There are no thoughts -- nor is it possible to set up such a body within today's realities. When all of those participating in such a conference have one aim -- that of starting the process that will lead to the reestablishment of unity in the world Communist movement, how can anyone draw the conclusion that it can only result in a split? It is impossible for me to understand any concept that admits that there are disagreements and differences, states they are for unity, yet refuses to take part in discussions that surely must lead to unity. The healing of the split in the world community of Communist-Marxist parties is a challenge without precedent in working-class history.

Let the editorial commission, if nothing else, explore what the areas are on which an international conference can be called. Certainly no party can object to taking part in such a meeting!

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~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

F B I

Date: 1/4/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

On 1/4/65, NY 694-S* advised that he received through the secondary channel--ISIDORE GIBBY NEEDLEMAN--three partially-coded messages on microfilm, the plain texts of which are as follows:

"To GUS HALL

December 31, 1964

"Dear GUS HALL,

"First of all accept heartfelt gratitude for your warm and friendly message on the occasion of a New Year.

"Presidium of Central Committee, CPSU warmly wish you, your brothers-in-arms - members of National Committee, and also your families a happy New Year. USSR Communist Party members always had a profound respect for a selfless work of fraternal CPUSA.

"We know very well that your Communist Party is fighting under difficult conditions. Therefore with such a satisfaction we see that despite of the difficulties the fighting spirit of glorious US Communist Party is growing. US Communist Party carries high the banner of Marxism-Leninism, disseminating ideas of Marxism-Leninism among U.S. people, expanding links with working people and working class, taking an active part in movement for friendship between the people of US and USSR.

"For the US people the year of 1964 was a year of peculiar political significance. The overwhelming defeat of ultra-right reaction headed by Goldwater was an unambiguous response of US voters on questions which life put before them.

- 3 - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - Chicago-(134-46-Sub B) (AM RM)
- 1 - NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
- 1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

ACB:msb

(9)

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

5 JAN 11 1965

65 JAN 11 1965

REC-5

EX-114

100-428091-4455

Dissemination handled through SA [illegible]

5- [illegible signature]

[illegible signature]

1

NY 100-134637

"CPUSA made its contribution to this victory over ultra-right and this creates favorable conditions to conduct extensive activities of CPUSA.

"For CP members all over the world there is no more noble task than strengthening of proletarian international and fraternal solidarity in struggle against opportunists and splitters of every stripe.

"We are confident that close fraternal relations successfully developing between our Communist Parties in the course of many decades would be strengthened in the future on the bases of our common cause in the struggle for peace, for new victories of socialism and communism, for new defeat of imperialism. Allow me, dear GUS HALL, to wish to you and all CPUSA new big success in just noble and heroic work for peace, democracy and socialism.

"With warm friendly regards,"

The above message was in reply to a message sent by GUS HALL to the Soviets, reported in NY airtel 12/24/64, wherein was reported the text of the message sent by HALL to the Soviets extending New Years greetings.

"To GUS HALL

"From CCCPSU

"CCCPSU gave much attention to your request regarding moral support of your Party in view of new trial under infamous Mc Carran Act. We pay high tribute to your courageous fight, which has international significance, your struggle against reactionaries in the citadel of world imperialism.

"CCCPSU informed other fraternal parties about your request to support the CPUSA and to begin intensive campaign of

NY 100-134637

"protest against new attack of USA reaction. In Moscow MORRIS CHILDS had meetings with many leaders of Latin-American parties, and with leaders of parties of Cyprus, Finland, Italy, and some others.

"For our part we suggest to undertake some measures in the defense of CPUSA. With that end in view editorials and articles would be published in our press unmasking anti-constitutional nature of Mc Carran Act, democracy in USA and false declarations about 'the great Society.' Rallies of working people will be held at some plants and factories.

"It is supposed that letters would be sent to the residences of President JOHNSON, to the Department of Justice, to the U. S. Congress, protesting against new attack on the legal rights of USA people. Dear US friends, at this difficult for your Party moment, we are with you.

"We wish you success in a new fight of USA people against the offense of black forces of reaction.

"CCCPSU"

The above message was a reply to a message sent by GUS HALL to the Soviets, reported in NY airtel to Bureau, 12/16/64, wherein HALL asked for the assistance of the CPSU and other CP's in a fight against the Mc Carran Act.

"To JACK BROOKS

"Thank you very much for your good wishes. I am sending to you sincerest personal wishes for a happy New Year.

"Uncle ARMSTRONG next."

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

(IS) 100-423091

(Solo)

BY LIAISON

Date: January 6, 1965
To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

1 - Mr. Mullins
1 - Mr. Ruehl
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. R. C. Putnam

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: MEETING OF LEADERS OF LATIN-AMERICAN
COMMUNIST PARTIES WITH REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHINA,
PEKING, CHINA, DECEMBER, 1964

1-7-64
Delivered
SMB

The following information was supplied by a source which has furnished reliable information in the past.

In December, 1964, a delegation representing Latin-American Communist Parties went to Peking, China, at the insistence of Fidel Castro, Premier of Cuba. Castro hoped that these representatives would be well received by the Communist Party of China and that through discussions they could possibly open up some avenues which would lead to greater unity within the international communist movement.

Reportedly the results achieved by this delegation to China were negative and their meetings with the leadership of the Communist Party of China were cursory and short. The delegation was informed that the price for unity within the international communist movement was acceptance of the Communist Party of China line.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source, we have classified this communication "TOP SECRET".

1 - Director BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency
Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

RCP:pah
(8)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

GROUP 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

55 JAN 11 1965

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source, who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*, who obtained this data while on Solo Mission 17. See NYairtel 1/3/65 captioned "Solo, IS-C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/8/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "DISCUSSIONS WITH OFFICIALS OF MEZHDUNARODNAJA KNIGA (MK) (INTERNATIONAL BOOK), MOSCOW, USSR, CONCERNING OUTLETS IN THE UNITED STATES FOR SOVIET PUBLICATIONS."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/3/65, to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The information in the enclosed informant's statement was obtained by CG 5824-S* during discussions in Moscow, USSR, on 12/14/64, with the MK officials named herein and in discussion with GUS HALL in New York City on 1/2 and 1/3/65.

Pertinent information contained herein will be disseminated to appropriate offices separately under appropriate caption, suitably paraphrased and accompanied by the necessary caution statements.

- 1 - 813 RB Smith and
 3 - Bureau (Encls. 3) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 2 - Chicago
 (1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-32)

WAB:sck
 (6)

Approved: [Signature]
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 13 1965

F46

**DISCUSSIONS WITH OFFICIALS OF
MEZHODUNARODNAYA KNIGA (MK)
(INTERNATIONAL BOOK), MOSCOW, USSR,
CONCERNING OUTLETS IN THE
UNITED STATES FOR SOVIET PUBLICATIONS**

As previously reported, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) was instructed by Gus Hall, General Secretary, CP, USA, to take up with Mezhdunarodnaya Kniga (MK) (International Book), the Soviet Government agency responsible for the import and export of printed material, two matters concerning outlets in the United States for Soviet publications. One of these matters concerned a letter transmitted through this CP, USA representative to MK from Philip Frankfeld in which Frankfeld advised MK that ~~New Era Books, New York City~~, would be dissolved in view of its unsatisfactory relations with MK. The second matter concerned the fact that ~~Myron Sharpe, owner of Crosscurrents Press, Incorporated, New York City~~, was willing to sell out but had informed Hall that he desired \$42,000 for his interest in the business and had presented Hall with a rough draft of the contract for sale under which he would sell. Hall wished approval of the CP of the Soviet Union (CPSU) for the contract conditions and other problems.

During December, 1964, a representative of the CP, USA met in Moscow, USSR, with two representatives of MK: (First Name Unknown) Zeitsov (phonetic), who handles all transactions on literature sold in the United States from MK; and (First Name Unknown) Stolgov (phonetic), Vice President of MK. Later in January, 1965, the content of this discussion was discussed with Gus Hall. Following is the essence of these discussions:

First of all the letter from Frankfeld was presented to MK by the CP, USA representative. The MK officials immediately stated that it is their belief that Frankfeld is not the man to be running that business and that he had no business moving the business out of a streetfront store to an upper story.

- 1 -
100-428091-4457
ENCLOSURE

Kamin?
The MK representatives then went back into the history of New Era Books (formerly known as World Books). Initially, the business started off on a good relationship and MK was giving Frankfeld good terms, up to 70% discounts. Subsequently Frankfeld asked for Russian language books but this would have been in conflict with their agreement with Komkin Books (Washington, D.C.) and Four Continents Book Corporation (New York City), who are old customers. They noted that New Era Books was only getting translations of Russian books. They said they realized that it is difficult to make any money just selling Soviet books printed only in English. So, when Frankfeld requested books in other languages, they sent him some. The representatives from MK stated that they believe that they have fulfilled their obligations by sending New Era whatever they themselves published. They cannot sell him what they do not publish.

The MK representatives then gave the following statistics. During 1932, New Era sold 27,000 books and pamphlets; in 1933, they sold 19,500 copies; it is expected they will sell 19,500 copies in 1934 based upon the sale of 14,000 copies during the first ten months of 1934. They noted that in some cases they sold to New Era some books in the Russian language in spite of the fact that such books were covered by the franchise held by Four Continents Book Corporation.

At this point the CP, USA representative asked why it is that MK has dealt directly with the Progressive Book Shop in Los Angeles and others who have previously been customers of New Era; however, he received no response to this question.

Continuing, the MK representatives stated that in 1934 MK had given New Era \$4,000 in cash for use on advertising; however, in going over the financial accounts of New Era, they have discovered that New Era only spent \$800 for that purpose. They also stated that MK gave New Era \$1,500 during 1934 in the form of credit. During 1934 New Era paid MK \$3,252.00. New Era still owes \$729.20 in payments on literature. They then admitted that this is not a large debt.

It was noted that in his letter Frankfeld complained about being over-supplied with some items. They stated that they realized that this had happened and when it was called to their attention, they had straightened it out by discounting the over-supply and gave New Era credit for it.

The MK representatives stated that initially Frankfeld wanted \$1,000 per month which was to be used in this manner: \$500 for advertising and \$500 for wages. The CP, USA representative at this point told them to take another look at New Era's figures which showed that Frankfeld was only getting about \$3,000 a year in salary. Furthermore their breakdown of the money did not take into account that there were items of overhead that had to be paid out of the money that Frankfeld was asking, such as rent and that therefore they should have no complaint about that request by Frankfeld.

Next they remarked that at one time Frankfeld raised with MK his desire to come to Moscow to talk over some of these problems with them. Instead, MK suggested to Frankfeld that he go to see their trade attache in Washington or their trade attache would come to see him in New York. They said they do not do business that way, by people traveling to Moscow to talk to them. They consider New Era just as a store doing business with them with contracts, but they do not subsidize such stores except perhaps occasionally in an indirect manner. Sometimes they give aid in the form of advertising or they may even give some discounts, but they do not give aid directly.

The MK representatives then stated that Frankfeld had charged that Four Continents Book Corporation in New York City and Gregory Lotman and Alexander Dvorchansky of Cross World Books and Periodicals in Chicago had received \$25,000 in aid from MK. They stated that this just was not so.

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They stated that the USSR trade attaché had gone to see Frankfeld in New York and they had a long discussion concerning the business. Following that discussion and on his own initiative, Frankfeld had closed the store and moved the business to an upstairs location. In their opinion, Frankfeld just is not the man to run the business when he does things like that.

When this was discussed with Gus Hall, he agreed with MK and stated that although the officials of MK may be very arrogant and hard to deal with, Frankfeld is obviously not the man for this operation. In Hall's opinion, Frankfeld should never have closed the streetfront store and moved upstairs.

During the discussion with the MK representatives, the representative of the CP, USA asked why the CP, USA could not buy the ~~Four Continents Book Corporation~~. The MK representatives stated that ~~Four Continents Book Corporation~~ is privately owned by (First Name Unknown) Lushakov (phonetic). He has sold some of his stock to a Mrs. (First Name Unknown) Glazer (phonetic). At one time Lushakov, who is of Russian descent, said that he was retiring to the USSR but he never followed through on it. Since then Lushakov has sold some more of his stock to another woman whose name was not mentioned. The MK officials had figured that if Lushakov retired and if someone put in a bid, they could buy his stock and take over Four Continents; however, it appears that Lushakov is going to stay on.

They noted that generally Four Continents does pay for the literature it purchased from MK. When in arrears, if Four Continents is pushed too hard by MK for payment, they usually reply to the effect, "Go run the store yourself--we will turn it over to you."

Last year Four Continents sold \$65,000 worth of MK's literature; however, even Four Continents does not always pay their debts. They sell through book stores and by way of mail order. Sometimes MK does subsidize some advertising for Four Continents. When Four Continents has an uncollectable item, MK does cancel out some debts in the form of credit.

Returning to the subject of New Era, MK stated that their opinion is that Frankfeld is not the man to run that operation. They give him more money than he takes in. They believe that a real businesslike person is needed to run the business. Frankfeld's letter was a real shock to them but there is nothing they can do about it. They insisted that they do not want to force him out of business. They believe that they can come to terms on the exclusive franchise that he wants if they can get someone in there who can really run the business.

The MK officials stated that they don't know much about the actual operation of Four Continents and Cross World because their business with them is handled by their trade attaches in Washington, ~~Sergei Shovchenko~~ and (First Name Unknown) Leonev (phonetic). *D.C. R. 10/1/41*

They stated that they are very anxious to open a good book store in Chicago, Illinois. In great confidence they stated that they would not mind getting rid of Lotsman because they feel he owes them too much money. They asked the representative of the CP, USA to see whether anything can be done to get them a store in Chicago. They promised that they could supply such a store with gift articles and wares plus technical books also. They inquired whether the Modern Book Store in Chicago could handle this operation for MK. The CP, USA representative replied that the Modern Book Store, which is the CP book store, would certainly not want to register as a foreign agent as would be required to do this for MK.

When this inquiry was subsequently communicated to Gus Hall, he completely agreed with this refusal to involve the Modern Book Store in this matter; however, Hall made several suggestions of people who might possibly be used for such a store for MK. In spite of the fact that Fred Blair is unable to really make a living in Milwaukee, he might be a possibility. The CP, USA representative remarked, however, that there would be no one left in Milwaukee to run the CP there. Gus Hall next suggested Ellon Davis of Chicago as a possibility and also Paul Romaine who presently runs a book store in Chicago. Hall was then told that the main thing is to get someone who is willing to register as a foreign agent. After those suggestions by Hall, the discussion of this subject was dropped.

Relative to the second matter which Hall wished discussed with MK, that is the matter of the purchase of Crosscurrents Press, Incorporated, Hall was told that MK stated that they are not going to interfere in any way in this transaction. If the CP, USA can do something about taking over Crosscurrents, this is all right with MK, but they will not do anything to help or hinder the transaction.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/7/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTELREGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies
 and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's
 statement entitled, "MILTON A. GALAMISON."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's
 statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64 to
 SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE. +1/3/65

The information in the enclosed informant's statement
 was obtained by CG 5824-S* during discussions in 12/64 in
 Moscow, USSR, with an unrecalled person connected with the
 North and South American Section of the International
 Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet
 Union.

1 - 813 RB with encl
 (3) - Bureau (Encls. 3) ENCLOSURE (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 2 - Chicago
 (1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-28) REC-18
 WAB:sck
 (6)

1 cc / encl. 808 RB

100-428091-4458

5 JAN 11 1965

Approved: *[Signature]*
 65 JAN 1 1965 Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

MILTON A. GALANISON

Beginning in early 1963, negotiations have been going on between the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) and the CP of the Soviet Union (CPSU) for an invitation to visit the USSR to be extended to Reverend Milton A. Galamison, 1494 President Street, Brooklyn, New York, one of the leading figures working for racial integration of schools in New York City. It was learned during December, 1964, that a representative of the North and South American Section of the CPSU had stated that Galamison had been visited four or five months ago and there had been extended to him an invitation to visit the USSR. This visit and invitation had been made by one of the leaders of the Union of Societies for Friendship and Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, headquartered in Moscow, USSR. A tentative understanding was reached that Galamison will accept the invitation and travel to the USSR sometime during the spring or early summer of 1965.

When this information was communicated to Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CP, USA, in early 1965, he commented that this contact with Galamison had not taken place four or five months ago, but was made quite recently and that it is presently expected that Galamison will make this trip in May, 1965.

100-428011-4458

ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/7/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "GUY OWENS."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64, to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The information in the enclosed informant's statement was obtained by CG 5824-S* during 12/64 in Moscow, USSR, from NIKOLAI MOSTOVETS, Head of the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

- 1 - 813 RB Smith and
3 - Bureau (Encls. 3) (RM) **ENCLOSURE**
1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
2 - Chicago
(1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-29

WAB:sck
(6)

REC-18 100-428091-4459

5 JAN 11 1965 ✓

Approved: *m8/rp*

65 JAN 18 1965 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

GUY OWENS

Guy Owens, the son of Henry Winston, who is Vice Chairman of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), is currently in Moscow, USSR, where he has been attending school. It was previously reported that Owens was subject to epileptic seizures and was quite ill in the USSR, disrupting his schooling. It was learned during December, 1964, that Owens had been confined to a sanitarium in the USSR for two weeks because of his illness and had been given extensive medical care. The Soviet doctors have now concluded that Owens is not subject to epilepsy and that his seizures are in reality psychosomatic. According to the doctors there is no reason for him to miss school. As a result of his absences from school, Owens now cannot pass his examinations and is failing his courses in school. His problem is not believed to be physical but rather a result of his mental attitude and it was observed that he finds every excuse that he can why he should not go to school.

100-437211-4457

ENCLOSURE

FBI

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Discussions with Representatives of the Publication 'Problems of Peace and Socialism,' Also Known As 'World Marxist Review,' Official Theoretical Organ of the International Communist Movement Published in Prague, Czechoslovakia, Concerning Matters Relating to the Communist Party, USA."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64 and 1/1 & 3/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

Chicago will disseminate, with proper cautionary statements, any pertinent data appearing in the enclosed informant's statement.

- 1 - 813RB with enc
3 - Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
3 - Chicago
(1 - A) 134-46 Sub B 26)
(1 - 134-46 Sub F)

RWH:MDW
(7)

lead destroyed

JAN 11 1965

Approved _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 18 1965

DISCUSSIONS WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PUBLICATION
"PROBLEMS OF PEACE AND SOCIALISM," ALSO KNOWN AS
"WORLD MARXIST REVIEW," OFFICIAL THEORETICAL ORGAN
OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNIST MOVEMENT PUBLISHED IN
PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, CONCERNING MATTERS RELATING
TO THE COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

In discussions held during December, 1964, with representatives of "Problems of Peace and Socialism," also known as the "World Marxist Review," the official theoretical organ of the international communist movement, Prague, Czechoslovakia, which included A. Sobolev; (first name unknown) Charif (phonetic) or Usharif (phonetic), assistant to Sobolev; Andre Pospelov, the person in charge of transportation and other arrangements at "Problems of Peace and Socialism"; and others, the following was learned:

As of December, 1964, the only money then due for royalties to any one in the United States for articles published in "Problems of Peace and Socialism" was \$163.00 for Daniel Rubin for an article which had been published in the last issue of the magazine. It was noted that while future articles by the following individuals are scheduled for publication in the magazine, "Problems of Peace and Socialism" does not pay royalties for such articles in advance. The individuals in the United States who will be having articles published are as follows:

Joseph Forer, a Washington, D. C., attorney, who will have an article in the January, 1965 issue;

Harry Kohlman Wells, a writer on psychiatry and psychology, who will have an article in the February, 1965 issue.

In view of the fact there was an amount of \$163.00 due in royalties from the publication to Daniel Rubin, this sum was therefore turned over to a representative of the Communist Party, USA.

Set forth below is a listing of the pertinent identifying data which appeared on the money provided at this time:

100428071-4460

- 1 -

ENCLOSURE

Denomination	Type of Bill	Issuing Federal Reserve Bank, If Any	Serial #	Series #
\$100	Federal Reserve Note	Chicago	G 06344327 A	1950 B
\$50	Federal Reserve Note	New York	B 23132034 A	1950 C
\$10	Federal Reserve Note	Kansas City	J 04707536 *	1950 B
\$5	Silver Certificate		F 60516391 A	1953 A
\$1	Silver Certificate		R 61622785 D	1935 C
\$1	Silver Certificate		L 97179779 D	1935 C
\$1	Silver Certificate		V 35230004 A	1957 B

In connection with the foregoing \$163.00 in royalties, this money was turned over to Gus Hall, General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA, on January 3, 1935. Upon receiving this money, Hall noted that he would see to it that it got to Rubin.

It was further learned through discussions with representatives of "Problems of Peace and Socialism" that they still desire the selection and sending of a correspondent to Prague from the United States to work with the magazine. They feel that such an individual could be paid \$200 per month for coordinating and editing material received from the United States and could even earn additional money as royalties for his own material which appears in the publication. They felt that the \$200 plus possible royalties that such a correspondent would receive would more than enable that person to live quite well in Prague.

When the foregoing matter of a correspondent being sent to "Problems of Peace and Socialism" from the United States was discussed with Hall on January 3, 1935, Hall noted that he might recommend that the job be taken on by Will Weinstone. He noted that Weinstone, with the \$200 monthly salary plus his own Social Security and possible royalties, could live quite well and have his needs taken care of.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/7/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "VICTOR PERLO."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64 to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE. + 1/3/65

The information in the enclosed informant's statement was obtained by CG 5824-S* during 12/64, during the course of discussions in Moscow, USSR, with an unrecalled person connected with the North and South American Section of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

- 1 - 813 RBirth *ENCLOSURE*
 3 - Bureau (Encls. 3) (RM) *1cc of AT + 1cc of info destroyed 1/4/65*
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 2 - Chicago
 (1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-27)

WAB:sck
 (6)

REC-18

100-428091-4461

JAN 11 1965 ✓

Approved: *[Signature]*
 63 JAN 16 1965
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

VICTOR PERLO

✓ It was learned during December, 1934, that Victor Perlo, a member of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) and a well known Marxist economist, has been invited to come to Moscow, USSR, to address a section of the USSR Academy of Sciences dealing with economics. In response to an inquiry on the matter in early January, 1935, Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CP, USA, stated that he had no objections but instructed that the CP of the Soviet Union be advised that Perlo would not be speaking for the CP, USA.

100-423271-4461

ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/7/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via **AIRTEL****REGISTERED MAIL**

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "HARRY EISMAN."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64 to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified ~~Top Secret~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained herein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national security.

This information was obtained by the source in Moscow, USSR, during 12/64, in a discussion with EISMAN.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (In REG 18RM)
 1 - Chicago
 WAB:sck
 (5)

5 JAN 11 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

65 JAN 19 1965



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
January 7, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

HARRY EISMAN

Harry Eisman, a former American who was deported from the United States when he was about 12 years old, is now living in the USSR where he was married to a Russian woman and has a Russian daughter. According to Eisman, during the regime of Stalin he was arrested as an imperialist agent and had been imprisoned in a Soviet labor camp for a period of five years. At the time he was arrested, he had in his home approximately 400 pictures which were confiscated by the Soviet police.

After the death of Stalin, Eisman was released from the labor camp and some of his possessions were returned to him. However, Eisman stated, the pictures were not returned to him and he was told by the Soviet authorities that the pictures had been burned. Only one picture from the collection of approximately 400 was returned to him. This picture shows Eisman with some Soviet Army men and some American communists in Moscow. Eisman stated that he never has shown this picture around because he is afraid the Soviet authorities would disapprove of this since they burned all the other photos.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4462

ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/7/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "(First Name Unknown) [redacted] (Phonetic), a Former American Now Residing in the USSR."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was gathered through discussions with those Americans who represented the CP, USA who were then in the Soviet Union and had actually visited with (FNU) [redacted] and from discussions carried on with representatives of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union, during the middle portion of 12/64.

- 1-813 RB with enclosure
3-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
2-Chicago
(1 - A) 134-46 Sub B 31)

RWH:MDW
(6)Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

65 JAN 18 1965

100-428091-4463
5 JAN 11 1965b6
b7c

CG 134-46 Sub B

CG 5824-S* has further advised that the individuals who actually contacted [] were WILLIAM L. PATTERSON, BILL and SHIRLEY TAYLOR, and CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 7, 1965

~~SECRET~~

(FIRST NAME UNKNOWN) [REDACTED] (PHONETIC),
A FORMER AMERICAN NOW RESIDING IN THE
USSR

b6
b7C

In late December, 1964, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

At the present time, there is residing just outside of Moscow, USSR, an American Negro named (first name unknown) [REDACTED] (phonetic) who has been in the Soviet Union for a number of years. He is presently working on a duck farm and is a specialist in [REDACTED] would like to be able to leave the Soviet Union in order to visit his family in the United States which is supposed to include a brother who is a Minister in Chicago, Illinois.

b6
b7C

During December, 1964, a number of Americans, who were part of a Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) delegation to the USSR and guests of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), were in contact with [REDACTED] and visited his home. [REDACTED] at that time indicated to these Americans that he would like them to intervene on his behalf in order that the desired trip might be arranged. Several members of this CP, USA delegation who visited with [REDACTED] were of the opinion that something should be done on his behalf with the CP of the Soviet Union.

b6
b7C

In discussing the foregoing during late December, 1964, representatives of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, expressed some displeasure over the intervention of the American Party members in this matter regarding [REDACTED] which they felt was strictly an internal affair of the CPSU.

b6
b7C

~~SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4463

b6
b7C

(FIRST NAME UNKNOWN) [REDACTED] (PHONETIC),
A FORMER AMERICAN NOW RESIDING IN THE
USSR

~~SECRET~~

A review of the current Illinois Bell Telephone
Company Directory for the City of Chicago reflects a listing
for one [REDACTED]
Chicago, Illinois, who may be identical with the [REDACTED]
(first name unknown) [REDACTED] noted above.

b6
b7C

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your
agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency.

~~SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/7/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 3 copies and for New York 1 copy of an informant's statement entitled, "Request for Information Concerning a Former American Named Leonard Goldstein Now Residing in the German Democratic Republic by the International Department, Socialist Unity Party of Germany."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/3/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1-813RB Birth and 1 copy of statement
③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM) **ENCLOSURE** REC-18
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM) 100-428091-4466
1-Chicago 1/15/65

RWH:MDW
(5)

5 JAN 11 1965

Approved: *mj/rp*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 10 1965

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING A FORMER
AMERICAN NAMED LEONARD GOLDSTEIN NOW RESIDING
IN THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC BY THE INTER-
NATIONAL DEPARTMENT, SOCIALIST UNITY PARTY OF
GERMANY

During conversations held in the latter part of December, 1964, with Hans Birch, the individual in charge of American affairs and relations with the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) in the International Department, Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG), the following was learned:

There currently resides in the German Democratic Republic (GDR) one Leonard Goldstein and his wife who are from Somerset, Massachusetts. They came to the GDR in 1962 and Leonard Goldstein now teaches literature in a German school and his wife is an architect. He is about 42 years of age. They claim they had to leave the United States and that they had informed Herbert Aptheker of this and that he was the only person who knew that they left the country. Goldstein also claims that he belonged to the Paylov Branch of the Party at the University of Wisconsin. He states he worked at the University of Wisconsin in 1940, had worked at the University of Washington in 1947, and in 1955 worked at Brown University. He supposedly is well off with an estimated \$30,000 in United States bank accounts.

According to Birch, the Goldsteins and other people similar to them come to the GDR and ask to stay for a few months. Experience has shown that these people later settle down and some even get married and then refuse to leave the country.

Birch requested that the CP, USA check into the Goldsteins and provide the SUPG with whatever information can be found out concerning them.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/7/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "General Remarks of Vladimir Koucky, Member of Secretariat, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, December, 1964."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 12/31/64 and 1/1/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.

1-813 RB with encl. **CLOSURE**
③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM) REC-18
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDV
(5)

5 JAN 11 1965

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JAN 10 1965



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 7, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

GENERAL REMARKS OF VLADIMIR KOUCKY, MEMBER
OF SECRETARIAT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST
PARTY OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA, DECEMBER, 1964

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows:

In late December, 1964, Vladimir Koucky, a leading member of the Secretariat, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CPCZ), in speaking of the removal of Nikita S. Khrushchev from the leadership of the CP of the Soviet Union in October, 1964, remarked that they in the Czech CP were very surprised and had no advance warning. He noted that "Maybe the time has come when the Soviet comrades will give some thought to the fact that their decisions always have international implications and they cannot make such decisions based solely on domestic needs and leave other countries in the lurch."

When asked if the CPCZ was perhaps not following a more independent line, since it did not follow the precedent of the CP of the Soviet Union by separating and placing in different individuals the leadership of high offices in the Party and the Government, Koucky remarked, "Yes, we did that."

Koucky next went on and indicated that when they, a delegation of the leadership of the CPCZ, visited with the leadership of the CP of the Soviet Union in Moscow, USSR, after Khrushchev's removal, they got most of what they went after, but not all. They, the leadership of the CPCZ, did, however, retain the right to disagree and do things in their own way, particularly as it regarded any reorganization in industry. In this reorganization of industry, the CPCZ

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4465
ENCLOSURE

GENERAL REMARKS OF VLADIMIR KOUCKY, MEMBER
OF SECRETARIAT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST
PARTY OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA, DECEMBER, 1964

~~TOP SECRET~~

will not go into it like the Russians but will investigate this matter thoroughly and weigh each move carefully.

As to the future, in connection with the United States, Koucky noted as follows:

In regard to negotiations between the United States and Czechoslovakia on the matter of debts and desire for trade, they do not expect miracles. Particularly in connection with trade, they do not expect any favored nation clause and realize there are forces in the United States who will oppose such trade.

On the question of China, Koucky noted that it is apparent that the United States is also wooing her. He then interjected the question, "Don't you think that the Pacific Coast people favor trade with China?"

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date:

[1/7/65] X

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

~~SECRET~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) X
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) X
 SUBJECT: SOLO X
 IS - C X

BY 8160 DD/10/65
 DATE OF REVIEW 12-1-84

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "WILLIAM ALBERTSON." X

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 12/31/64, 1/1 and 1/3/65, to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE. X

The information in the enclosed informant's statement was obtained by CG 5824-S* in Moscow, USSR, during 12/64, in discussions with VLADIMIR (LNU), a member of the Security Branch of the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union. X

Pertinent information in the enclosed informant's statement will be disseminated separately to the interested office with appropriate paraphrasing and cautionary statements. X

- 1 - 113 RB with encl
 3 - Bureau (Encls. 3) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 2 - Chicago
 (1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-30)

WAB:sck
 (6)

REC-18

100-428091-4466 X

5 JAN 11 1965 X

Approved: _____

65 FEB 9 1965

Special Agent in Charge

Classified by 6520
 Exempt from GDS, Category 2-5
 Sent of Declassification Indefinite
 8-16-97

Memo Baumgardner to Sullivan
 CPUSA Counterintelligence Program
 DR/epj 1/19/65

~~SECRET~~

WILLIAM ALBERTSON

William Albertson, a former member of the National Executive Committee, Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), was expelled from the CP, USA during the summer of 1964. This action was initiated as a result of the discovery of a "report" which appeared to have been prepared by Albertson in his own handwriting for the Federal Bureau of Investigation. After a thorough investigation, including the utilization of a number of handwriting experts, it was concluded by the CP, USA leadership that Albertson was a spy and he was expelled. However, in order to verify the conclusions reached by handwriting experts in the United States, by instruction of Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CP, USA, the original document in this matter together with some known samples of Albertson's handwriting obtained from one of his notebooks which was in the Headquarters of the CP, USA, plus a letter which Albertson had prepared for the investigating committee during the course of his investigation, were forwarded to the CP of the Soviet Union (CPSU) in order that the full facilities of the USSR might be concentrated on a study of the original document to determine beyond a shadow of a doubt whether the document was genuine or a forgery.

During October, 1964, a preliminary report was furnished to a representative of the CP, USA, then in Moscow, to the effect that the document was a forgery. Subsequently a written report was forwarded to the CP, USA contradicting the preliminary report and stating that it was the conclusion of the Soviet experts that the document had in fact been prepared by Albertson.

During December, 1964, a representative of the CP, USA was in Moscow, USSR, and asked for an explanation of these contradictory reports. A member of the Security Branch of the Central Committee, CPSU, Vladimir (Last Name Unknown), came to the Central Committee hotel to see the CP, USA representative and to furnish a complete report on this matter. He stated that the reason the preliminary report had been in error was that this report had been

CLASSIFIED BY 8162 NAF/CL
EXEMPTED FROM GDS 2.2
DATE OF REVIEW 2-15-84
CAV-84

~~SECRET~~

(100-427011-4466)

~~SECRET~~

furnished before the examination was completed. Two experts had examined the document and had noted several discrepancies but did not consult with one another on these differences. When the first report was furnished neither had a third expert yet been called in to resolve the differences between the other two experts. As a result, after the consultation among the three experts, the differences had been resolved and they had arrived at the conclusion later furnished to the CP, USA that the document had in fact been written by Albertson.

Vladimir then gave the following explanation of the results of the Soviet examination of the Albertson documents. The original document was written easily and naturally. The second original (i.e. the letter prepared by Albertson for the investigating committee) looks as if it was forced but the original document and the notes from Albertson's notebook compare as one. If the second original was written by Albertson under the strain of trying to prove his innocence, psychologically the handwriting could not be written in the same manner as his normal natural handwriting.

Vladimir explained that according to the Soviet experts some people can at one sitting write two different ways, but at some time or another during the preparation of different samples, the handwriting will correspond. Some of the handwriting characteristics may be due to early training in handwriting. At some time during the preparation of a handwritten document, the writer may revert to characteristics from his early training or may deviate from his normal handwriting characteristics which are fashioned by his early training.

Continuing, Vladimir stated that the Soviet experts concluded that there is no difference between the handwriting in the original and in the known samples of Albertson's handwriting. The spacing between letters and words is the same. The paragraphs are the same and are habitually short. In both cases, he never finishes a line to the edge of the page. On each line, the handwriting begins with an upward curve and ends on a downward curve. The handwriting goes up and down in nearly all lines. The periods at the ends of sentences are uniformly a certain distance from the last words.

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Graphically, the letters and connections are the same. The "S" is open and large. The "C's" are all large and identical in their stroke. The "B's" are all large and similar. The "R" always has a characteristic twist. The "I" is dotted at the same distance from the letter itself. In the letter combination "TH", the "H" is either connected or not in the same manner. The "I" is written two ways by the author in both cases. The "E" and "H" are always written with large strokes. The "A" is also characteristic and the following letter is smaller. The "F" is also similar. The "Y" is also similar with the upward stroke missing. The "P" is characteristically larger than the other letters. The "K" has a similar loop and connection. The way and habit of connecting letters is similar.

The experts concluded that they cannot prove that the original document was prepared by another person; therefore, it was written by the same person. There were too many common elements and shapes contained in the handwriting for it to have been prepared by anyone but the same person.

Vladimir indicated that the Soviet experts had explained that they never say it is "proved" 100% to be genuine. They never use the word "proof"; however, with that understanding the word may be used with certain qualifications. They will say that they cannot prove it is a forgery and will say that they are 80 to 90% sure that it is not a forgery. One might say that they have proved that it is not a forgery but they will never say so 100%. The conclusion would have to be that the handwriting is the same and that there are no signs of forgery. But keep in mind that they never say 100%. Lastly, they stated that if this is not genuine then it is a "damn good job."

Following the above explanation, Vladimir returned all the documents to the CP, USA representative to be returned to Gus Hall.

During January, 1965, the above was furnished to Gus Hall in detail. Hall stated that he is now going to put an end to the entire affair and will give a complete

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

report on this information to the CP, USA Secretariat. Hall noted that Bob Thompson, a member of the CP, USA Secretariat, has suggested that the Albertson documents be turned over to some handwriting experts in England; however, Hall noted that in addition to the examination performed by the Soviet experts, this document has already been examined by experts in New York City, Chicago, Philadelphia and Los Angeles. The opinions of all the experts have been the same and Hall sees little point in any further examination. So far as Hall is concerned, the matter is finished.

~~(S)~~
~~(S)~~

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 8, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows:

Commencing on January 15, 1965, the Communist Party (CP) of Canada will hold a Plenum at which time they will select their new leadership, particularly a replacement for Leslie Morris who recently died. Norman Freed, CP of Canada representative at the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the international communist movement, Prague, Czechoslovakia, has returned to Canada for the purpose of attending this meeting.

In connection with the above meeting, the CP, USA has been invited to send a fraternal delegation; however, at this time it is unknown whether the CP, USA will be able to participate.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4467
ENCLOSURE

4

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

 DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
 FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
 DATE 02-08-2012

Date: 1/8/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

 SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies each and for the New York Office one copy each of letterhead memoranda entitled as follows:

"Communist Party of Chile"

"Communist Party of Uruguay"

"Mailing Address for Material to
Communist Party of Costa Rica"

"Communist Party of Canada"

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memoranda was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 1/1 and 3/65 to SAS WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memoranda are classified either "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" "~~SECRET~~" or "~~TOP SECRET~~" since they contain information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

1-81388 with encls (4)
 ③-Bureau (Enc. 16) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 4) (Info) (RM)
 1-Chicago

REC-18

100-428091-4467

5 JAN 11 1965 ✓

RWH:MDW

(5) Approved: _____

 Special Agent in Charge
 65 JAN 10 1965
 FHV

Sent _____ M

Per _____

 196
 SEC 1
 100-428091-4467

CG 134-46 Sub B

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memoranda have been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 8, 1965

~~SECRET~~

COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHILE

In early January, 1965, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

In December, 1964, M. X. Trado, a member of the Politburo, Communist Party (CP) of Chile, stated that his Party planned to hold a Congress in either March or April, 1965. Initially, this Congress was scheduled for March, 1965, but because of the March 1, 1965, Preparatory or Editorial Commission meeting scheduled in Moscow, USSR, to arrange for a later meeting of world Communist and Workers Parties, it is more than likely that their meeting will be held in April, 1965. The CP, USA has been invited to send a fraternal delegate or delegation to this Congress.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~

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100-423091-48

ENCLOSURE



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 8, 1965

~~SECRET~~

COMMUNIST PARTY OF URUGUAY

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows:

According to Rodney Arismendi, First Secretary of the Communist Party (CP) of Uruguay, his Party will celebrate its 45th Anniversary in 1965. On the occasion of this anniversary, the CP of Uruguay plans to hold a celebration and has invited the CP, USA to send a fraternal delegation.

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~~SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4477

ENCLOSURE



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

January 8, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

MAILING ADDRESS FOR MATERIAL TO
COMMUNIST PARTY OF COSTA RICA.

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows:

In December, 1964, a representative of the Communist Party (CP) of Costa Rica remarked that they have reached a tacit understanding with the Costa Rican Government that certain mail, letters or printed matter, may be sent into the country if not sent officially to their Party from another CP. Therefore, for the purpose of directing letters and other pertinent material to the CP of Costa Rica, the following name and address should be used and the mail will be received:

Zayra Agüero
Apt. Post No. 143
Alajuela, Costa Rica

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

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100-428091-4467
ENCLOSURE

3

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 1/8/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for the New York Office one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Present Positions of Current or Former Members of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 12/31/64 and 1/1/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed through conversations with (FNU) CHERNIK and MIROSLAV JIRASKA, both currently in the International Department, Central Committee, CP of CZ, which took place in late 12/64.

1-813 RB with enclosure
3-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
RW:MDW
(5)

Approved: _____

65 JAN 25 1965

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M - Per _____

JAN 11 1965

CG 134-46 Sub B

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

January 8, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

PRESENT POSITIONS OF CURRENT OR FORMER
MEMBERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT,
CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF
CZECHOSLOVAKIA

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early January, 1965, advised as follows concerning the current assignments of individuals who are either present or former officials affiliated with the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CPCZ):.

(First Name Unknown) Chernik

Chernik is currently a Deputy to the Acting Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CPCZ.

Miloslav Jandik

Czech

Jandik as of late 1963 was in that section of the International Department, Central Committee, CPCZ, which had the responsibility of relations with CPs in capitalist countries. He is now assigned to the Czechoslovakian Legation, Brussels, Belgium.

Miroslav Jiraska

Czech

Jiraska currently is in charge of that section of the International Department, Central Committee, CPCZ, which handles relations with CPs in Western countries and, as such, specifically deals with the CP, USA and United States problems.

~~TOP SECRET~~

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100-428091-4968

ENCLOSURE

PRESENT POSITIONS OF CURRENT OR FORMER
MEMBERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT,
CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF
CZECHOSLOVAKIA

~~TOP SECRET~~

Aldrich Kaderka

Czech

Kaderka, a member of the Central Committee of the CPCZ, is presently Acting Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CPCZ. He replaced Bohuslav Lastovicka in 1964.

Ladislav Kotzman

Czech

Kotzman in 1962 handled problems in the International Department in connection with relations with Western CPs, including the CP, USA. He now holds the assignment of Ambassador to Brazil.

Bohuslav Lastovicka

Czech

Lastovicka formerly headed the International Department, Central Committee, CPCZ. In June, 1964, he was elected President of the Presidium of the Czech National Assembly and vacated his position with the International Department.

(First Name Unknown) Sabotaka (phonetic)

Sabotaka in 1961 and for a period thereafter handled relations of the International Department, Central Committee, CPCZ, with CPs in capitalist countries. He is now attached to the Czechoslovakian Embassy in Ghana.

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~~TOP SECRET~~